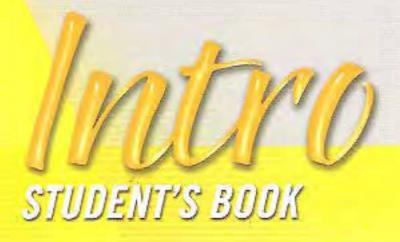
CAMBRIDGE

THIRD EDITION



Jack C. Richards



# Plan of Intro Book

itles/Topics	Speaking	Grammar		
UNIT 1 PAGES Z-7				
It's nice to meet you. Alphabet; greetings and leave- takings; names and titles of address; numbers 0–10 and phone numbers	Introducing yourself and friends; saying hello and good-bye; asking for names and phone numbers	Possessive adjectives my, your, his, her; the verb be; affirmative statements and contractions		
UNIT 2 PAGES 8-13				
What's this? Possessions, classroom objects, personal items, and locations in a room	Naming objects; asking for and giving the locations of objects	Articles a, an, and the; this/these, it/they; plurals; yes/no and where questions with be; prepositions of place: in, in front of, behind, on, next to, and under		
PAGES CHECK PAGES 14-15				
UNIT 3 PAGES 16-21				
Where are you from? Cities and countries; adjectives of personality and appearance; numbers 11–103 and ages	Talking about cities and countries; asking for and giving information about place of origin, nationality, first language, and age; describing people	The verb be: affirmative and negative statements, yes/no questions, short answers, and Wh-questions		
	Asking about and describing	Possessives: adjectives our and		
I'm not wearing boots! Clothing; colors; weather and seasons	clothing and colors; talking about the weather and seasons; finding the owners of objects	their, pronouns, names, and whose; present continuous statements and yes/no questions; conjunctions and and but; placement of adjectives before nouns		
PHOGHESS CHECK PAGES 28-29		before nouns		
OMT 5 PAGES 30-35				
What are you doing? Clock time; times of the day; everyday activities  PAGES 36 41	Asking for and telling time; asking about and describing current activities	Time expressions: o'clock, A.M., P.M., noon, midnight, in the morning/afternoon/evening, at 7:00/night/midnight; present continuous Wh-questions; conjunction so		
My sister works downtown. Transportation; family relationships; daily routines; days of the week	Asking for and giving information about how people go to work or school; talking about family members; describing daily	Simple present statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple present yes/no and Wh-questions; time expressions:		
PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 47 43	and weekly routines	early, late, every day, on Sundays/weekends/weekdays		
UNIT 7 PAGES 44-49				
Does it have a view? Houses and apartments; rooms; furniture	Asking about and describing houses and apartments; talking about the furniture in a room	Simple present short answers; there is, there are; there's no, there isn't a, there are no, there aren't any		
UNIT 8 PAGES 50-55				
	Asleing for and giving information	Simple present Wh-questions		
What do you do? Jobs and workplaces	Asking for and giving information about work; giving opinions about jobs; describing workday routines	with do and does; placement of adjectives after be and before nouns		
PAGES 58-57				

Pronunciation/Listening	Writing/Reading	Interchange Activity		
Linked sounds Listening for the spelling of names and phone numbers Self-study: Listening for personal information	Writing a list of names and phone numbers	"Famous classmates": Introducing yourself to new people		
Plural -s endings Listening for the locations of objects Self-study: Listening to a conversation about lost things	Writing the locations of objects	"Find the differences": Comparing two pictures of a room		
Syllable stress Listening for countries, cities, and languages; listening to descriptions of people Self-study: Listening to descriptions of four people	Writing questions requesting personal information	"Board game": Finding out more about your classmates		
The letters s and sh Listening for descriptions of clothing and colors Self-study: Listening to a fashion show	Writing questions about what people are wearing	"Celebrity fashions": Describing celebrities' clothing		
Rising and falling intonation Listening for times of the day; listening to identify people's actions Self-study: Listening to a television show	Writing times of the day "Friends Across a Continent": Reading an online chat between two friends	"What's wrong with this picture?": Describing what's wrong with a picture		
Third-person singular -s endings Listening for activities and days of the week Self-study: Listening to questions about your weekly routine	Writing about you and your family  "What's Your Schedule Like?":  Reading about three people's daily schedules	"Class survey": Finding out more about classmates' habits and routines		
Words with th  Listening to descriptions of homes; listening to people shop for furniture  Self-study: Listening to a conversation about a new apartment	Writing about your dream home "Two Special Houses in the Southwest": Reading about unusual homes	"Find the differences": Comparing two apartments		
Reduction of do and does  Listening to people describe their jobs  Self-study: Listening to a conversation about a new job	Writing about jobs "Job Profiles": Reading about four unusual jobs	"The perfect job": Figuring out what job is right for you		

itles/Topics	Speaking	Grammar
UNIT 9 PAGES 50-63		
Broccoli is good for you. Food pyramid; basic foods; desserts; meals	Talking about food likes and dislikes; giving opinions about healthy and unhealthy foods; talking about foods you have and need; describing eating habits	Some and any; count and noncount nouns; specific and general nouns; adverbs of frequency: always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never
- Marian Company	Talking about sports you watch	Simple present Wh-questions;
I can't ice-skate very well. Sports; abilities and talents	and play; asking for and giving information about abilities and talents	can for ability; yes/no and Wh-questions with can
PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 70-71	- tolling	
UNIT 11 PAGES 72-77		
What are you going to do?  Months and dates; birthdays, holidays, festivals, and special occasions	Asking about birthdays; talking about plans for the evening, weekend, and other occasions	The future with be going to; yes/no and Wh-questions with be going to future time expressions
UNIT 12 PAGES 78-83	Describing health problems;	Have + noun; feel + adjective;
What's the matter? Parts of the body; health problems and advice; medications PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 84-85	talking about common medications; giving advice for health problems	negative and positive adjectives; imperatives
JNIT 13 PAGES 86-91		
You can't miss it. Stores and things you can buy there; tourist attractions	Talking about stores and other places; asking for and giving directions	Prepositions of place: on, on the corner of, across from, next to, between; giving directions with imperatives
JNIT 14 PAGES 92-97		
Did you have fun? Weekends; chores and fun activities; vacations; summer activities	Asking for and giving information about weekend and vacation activities	Simple past statements with regular and irregular verbs; simple past yes/no questions and short answers
PROGRESS CHECK PAGES 99-99		
UNIT 15 PAGES 100-105		0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Where were you born? Biographical information; years; school days	Asking for and giving information about date and place of birth; describing school experiences and memories	Statements and questions with the past of be; Wh-questions with did, was, and were
UNIT 18 PAGES 186-111		
Can she call you later? Locations; telephone calls; invitations; going out with friends	Describing people's locations; making phone calls; leaving phone messages; making, accepting, and declining	Prepositional phrases; subject and object pronouns; invitations with Do you want to ? and Would you like to ?; verb + to

PROGRESS CHECK

PAGES 112-113

Pronunciation/Listening	Writing/Reading	Interchange Activity
Sentence stress Listening for people's food preferences Self-study: Listening to people discuss foods for a party	Writing questions about mealtime habits "Eating for Good Luck": Reading about foods people eat for good luck in the new year	"Food survey": Taking a survey about foods you eat and comparing answers
Pronunciation of can and can't Listening for people's favorite sports to watch or play; listening to people talk about their abilities Self-study: Listening to people discuss sports and activities	Writing questions about sports "Race the U.S.!": Reading about four unusual races in the U.S.	"Hidden talents": Finding out more about your classmates' hidden talents
Reduction of going to Listening to people talk about their evening plans Self-study: Listening to a conversation about summer events	Writing about weekend plans "What are you going to do on your birthday?": Reading about birthday customs in different places	"Guessing game": Making guesses about a classmate's plans
Sentence intonation Listening to people talk about health problems; listening for medications Self-study: Listening to sentences and questions about health	Writing advice for health problems "10 Simple Ways to Improve Your Health": Reading about ways to improve your health	"Helpful advice": Giving advice for some common problems
Compound nouns Listening to people talk about shopping; listening to directions Self-study: Listening to people ask for directions	Writing directions "A Walk Up Fifth Avenue": Reading about popular tourist attractions in New York City	"Giving directions": Asking for directions in a neighborhood
Simple past -ed endings Listening to people talk about their past summer activities Self-study: Listening to conversations about last weekend	Writing about last weekend "Weekend Stories": Reading about three people's weekend experiences	"Past and present": Comparing your classmates' present lives with their childhoods
Negative contractions Listening for places and dates of birth Self-study: Listening to an interview with an actress	Writing questions about a famous person's life "Ricky Martin": Reading about a famous singer's life	"Life events": Making a time line of important events in your life
Reduction of want to and have to Listening to phone conversations; listening to answering machine messages Self-study: Listening for mistakes in answering machine messages	Writing messages "Miami, Florida: What's on This Saturday?": Reading about shows and events on a Web page	"Let's make a date!": Making plans with your classmates

# It's nice to meet you.

# CONVERSATION I'm Jennifer Miller.

A D Listen and practice.

Michael: Hi. My name is Michael Ota.

Jennifer: I'm Jennifer Miller.

Michael: It's nice to meet you, Jennifer.

Jennifer: Nice to meet you, too. Michael: I'm sorry. What's your last

name again?

Jennifer: It's Miller.

first names ↓	last names
Jennifer	Miller
Michael	Ota

B Pair work Introduce yourself to your partner.



Listen and practice.

#### Popular Names and Nicknames in the U.S. For males For females Nicknames **Nicknames** Names Names Anthony Tony Elizabeth Beth lennifer Christopher Chris len Kathy loshua losh Katherine Nicole Nicki Michael Mike Matthew Susan Sue Matt

Sources: The Professor's Book of First Names; The Parent Soup Baby Name Finder

Circle the names you know.

Who are some famous people with these names?

What names are popular in your country?

# **GRAMMAR FOCUS**



Group work Play "The Name Game." Make a circle. Learn the names of your classmates.

- A: My name is Maria.
- B: Her name is Maria. I'm Victor.
- C: Her name is Maria. His name is Victor. And I'm Kumiko.

# THE ALPHABET

A D Listen and practice.

# A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

- A: What's your name?
- B: I'm Sarah Conner.
- A: Is that S-A-R-A-H?
- B: Yes, that's right.
- A: How do you spell your last name? C-O-N-N-O-R?
- B: No, it's C-O-N-N-E-R.

#### <u>My Classmates</u> Sarah Conner Jennifer Miller

# LISTENING Spelling names

- We have the bound of the bound of the correct answers.
   How do you spell the names? Listen and check (✓) the correct answers.
- 1. ✓ Jon 2. Sara
  - Sarah
- 3. Steven
- Stephen
- 4. Katherine
- Kathryn
- 5. Kris
- Chris

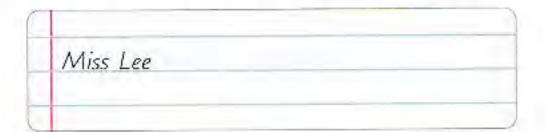
John

# WORD POWER Titles

#### A Disten and practice.

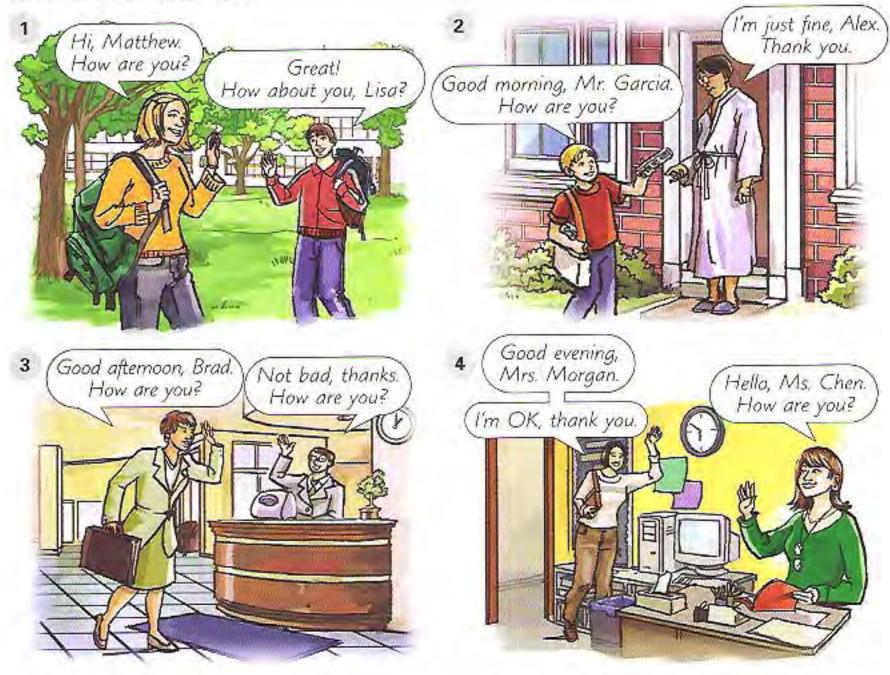
Miss Ito (single females) Ms. Chen (single or married females)
Mrs. Morgan (married females) Mr. Garcia (single or married males)

B Think of three people. Write their titles and last names.



# SAYING HELLO

A D Listen and practice.



B Class activity Go around the class. Greet your classmates formally (with titles) and informally (without titles).

# (3)

### CONVERSATION He's over there.

#### A D Listen and practice.

Jennifer: Excuse me. Are you

Steven Carson?

David: No, I'm not. He's over there.

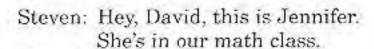
Jennifer; Oh, I'm sorry.

Jennifer: Steven? This is your book. Steven: Oh, it's my math book! Thanks.

You're in my class, right?

Jennifer: Yes, I am. I'm Jennifer Miller.

Steven: It's nice to meet you.



David: Hi, Jennifer.

Jennifer: Hi, David. Nice to meet you.







B Group work Greet a classmate. Then introduce him or her to another classmate.



## **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

### The early be (\*)

I'm Jennifer Miller.

You're in my class.

She's in our class. (Jennifer is in our class.)

He's over there. (Steven is over there.)

It's my math book.

It's Miller. (My last name is Miller.)

Are you Steven Carson?

Yes, I am.

No, I'm not.

How are you?

I'm fine.

Contractions

l'm = lam

You're = You are

He's = He is

She's = She is

It's = It is

A Complete the conversation with the correct words in parentheses.

Then practice with a partner.

David: Hello, Jennifer. How \_\_\_ are\_\_ (is / are) you?

Jennifer: (She's / I'm) fine, thanks.

...... (I'm / It's) sorry - what's your name again?

David: (He's / It's) David - David Medina.

Jennifer: That's right! David, this ...... (is/am) Sarah Conner.

........... (She's / He's) in our math class.

David: Hi, Sarah. ..... (I'm / It's) nice to meet you.

Sarah: Hi, David. I think (you're / I'm) in my English class, too.

David: Oh, right! Yes, I ..... (are / am).

B Complete the conversations. Then practice in groups.

Nicole: Excuse me. Are. you Steven Carson?

David: No, not. My name

David Medina, Steven ..... over there.

Nicole: Oh, sorry.

Nicole: you Steven Carson?

Steven: Yes, I ......

Nicole: Hi. ........ Nicole Johnson.

Steven: Oh, ..... in my math class, right?

Nicole: Yes, I

Steven: ..... nice to meet you.

C Class activity Write your name on a piece of paper. Put the papers in a bag. Then take a different paper. Find the other student.

A: Excuse me. Are you Jin Sook Cho?

B: No, I'm not. He's over there.

A: Hi. Are you Jin Sook Cho?

C: Yes, I am.



# PRONUNCIATION Linked sounds

Disten and practice. Notice the linked sounds.

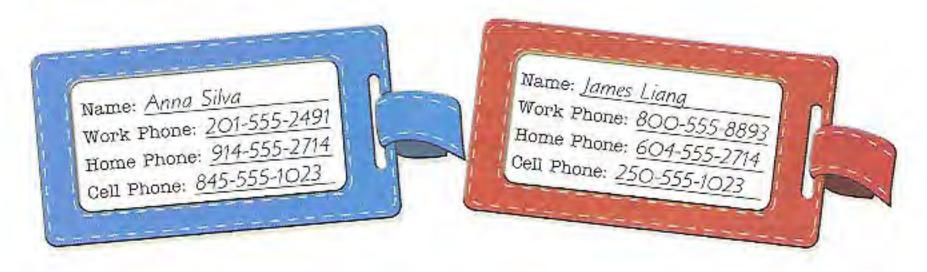
I'm Alan. You're in our class. She's over there.

# **NUMBERS**

A D Listen and practice.

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 zero one two three four five six seven eight nine ten (oh)

B Pair work Practice these numbers.



#### LISTENING Phone numbers

A Dennifer and Michael are making a list of classmates' phone numbers. Listen and complete the list.

B Class activity Make a list of your classmates' names and phone numbers.

A: What's your name?

B: I'm Anna Silva.

A: And what's your phone number?

B: It's (201) 555-2491.

Vaine	Phone number
David Medina	(212) 555-1937
Sarah Gonner	
Steven Carson	
Nicole Johnson	
Jennifer Miller	
Michael Ota	

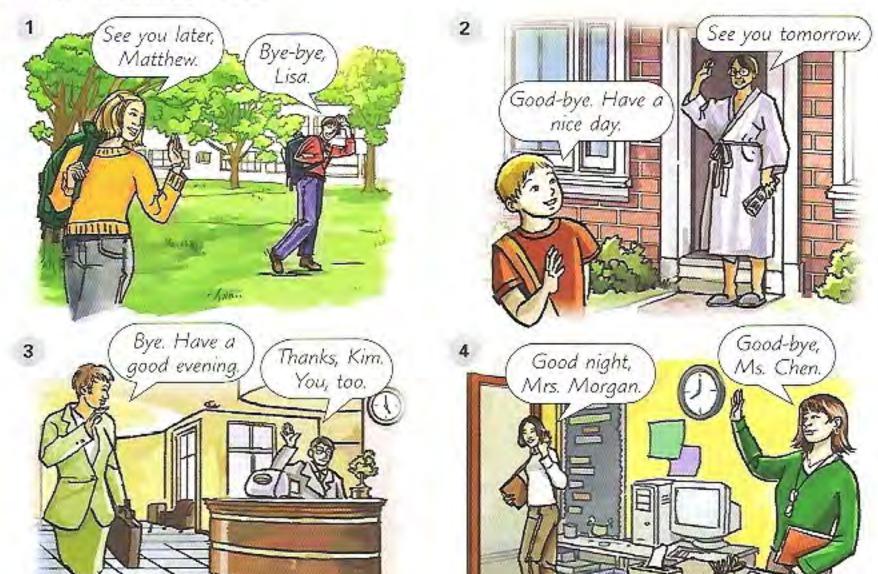
# **B**

#### INTERCHANGE 1 Famous classmates

Meet some "famous classmates." Go to Interchange 1 at the back of the book.

### SAYING GOOD-BYE

A 🕑 Listen and practice.

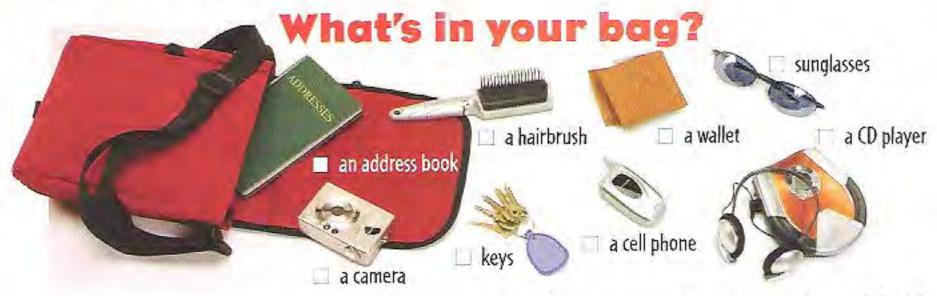


B Class activity Go around the room. Say good-bye to your classmates and teacher.

# What's this?

# **SNAPSHOT**

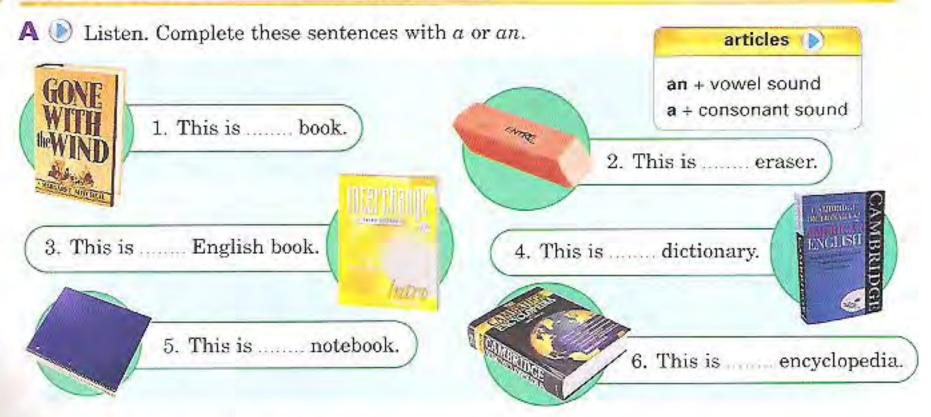
Disten and practice.



Source: Based on interviews with people between the ages of 16 and 30

Check (✓) the things in your bag. What other things are in your bag?

# ARTICLES Classroom objects



#### B Pair work Find and spell these things in your classroom.

board	chair	dictionary	pen	wall
book bag	clock	door	pencil	wastebasket
cassette player	desk	map	table	window

A: This is a board.

B: How do you spell board?

A: B-O-A-R-D.

# (3)

## CONVERSATION They're . . . interesting.

#### Listen and practice.

Wendy: Wow! What's this? Helen: It's a camera.

Wendy: Oh, cool! Thank you, Helen.

It's great!

Helen: You're welcome.
Rex: Now open this box!

Wendy: OK. Uh, what are these?

Rex: They're earrings.

Wendy: Oh, They're . . . interesting.

Thank you, Rex. They're

very nice.





## PRONUNCIATION Plural -s endings

A D Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the plural -s endings.

s = /s/ s = /s/ (e)s = /1z/

telephones telephone desks sentence desk sentences camera exercise exercises cameras maps map book bag wastebasket wastebaskets watch watches book bags

**B** Say the plural forms of these nouns. Then complete the chart.



/ž/	[8]	/\\Z/
	120120130) 0 10110100110000000000000000000000	addresses
	**************************	
PS-10-17-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	101400111111111111111111111111111111111	3144141444444441411444444444444444

C Disten and check your answers.

#### This/these, it/they, plurals 🔘



This is a camera.



These are cameras.



What's this? It's an earring.





What are these? They're earrings.

#### Contractions

It's = It is

They're = They are

What's = What is

Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.



B: They're keys



1. A: What are these ? 2. A: What 's this ? B: It's a CD player .



3. A: What .....?



5. A: What B: \_\_\_\_\_



6. A: What ..... B: ..... .

## WHAT'S THIS CALLED?

A Disten and practice.

4. A: What \_\_\_\_ ?



- A: What's this called in English?
- B: I don't know.
- C: It's an umbrella.
- A: How do you spell that?
- C: U-M-B-R-E-L-L-A.

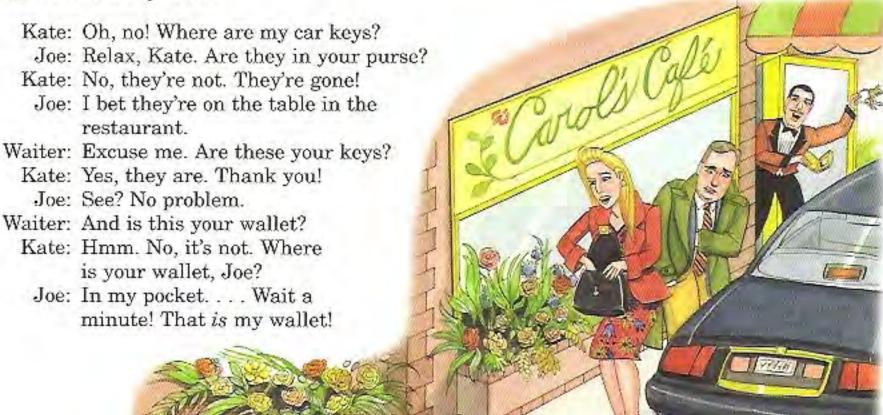


- A: What are these called in English?
- B: Hmm. I think they're called chopsticks.
- A: How do you spell that?
- B: C-H-O-P-S-T-I-C-K-S.

B Group work Choose four things. Put them on a desk. Then ask about the name and spelling of each thing.

# CONVERSATION Oh, no!

#### Listen and practice.





#### Vas / No and where guestions with be

Is this your wallet? Yes, it is. / No, it's not.

Are these your keys? Yes, they are. / No, they're not. Where is your wallet? It's in my pocket.

Where are my keys? They're on the table.

#### A Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: ..... 5.... this your umbrella? 3. A: Where ..... your sunglasses? B: No, ..... not. B: ..... on the table. A: ..... these your keys? A: No, ..... not. They're my sunglasses! B: Yes, ..... are. Thanks! B: You're right. My sunglasses ..... in my purse. 2. A: Where ..... my glasses? 4. A: ..... this my pen? B: Are ..... your glasses? B: No, ..... not. It's my pen. A: Sorry, ..... is my pen? A: No, they're ..... B: ..... on your desk. B: Wait! ..... they in your pocket? A: Yes, ..... are. Thanks! A: Oh, you're right! ..... on my desk.
- **B** Group work Put three of your things in a bag. Then choose three different things. Find the owner of each thing.

A: Is this your pen, Yuko?

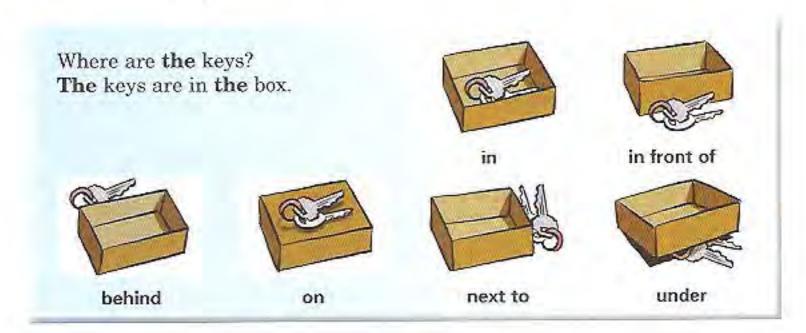
A: Is this your pen, Sergio?

B: No, it's not.

C: Let me see. Yes, it is.

# WORD POWER Prepositions; article the

#### A D Listen and practice.



B (P) Complete these sentences. Then listen and check your answers.



1. The books are in the book bag



2. The DVD player is .....



3. The map is .....



4. The chair is .....



5. The wallet is



6. The cell phone is

- C Pair work Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part B.
- A: Where are the books?
- B: They're in the book bag.

# 1

# LISTENING Kate's things

- Disten. Where are Kate's things? Match the things with their locations.
- 1. earrings d...
- a. under the table
- 2. watch ......
- b. on the chair
- 3. sunglasses ......
- c, in front of the television
- 4. address book ......
- d. in her purse

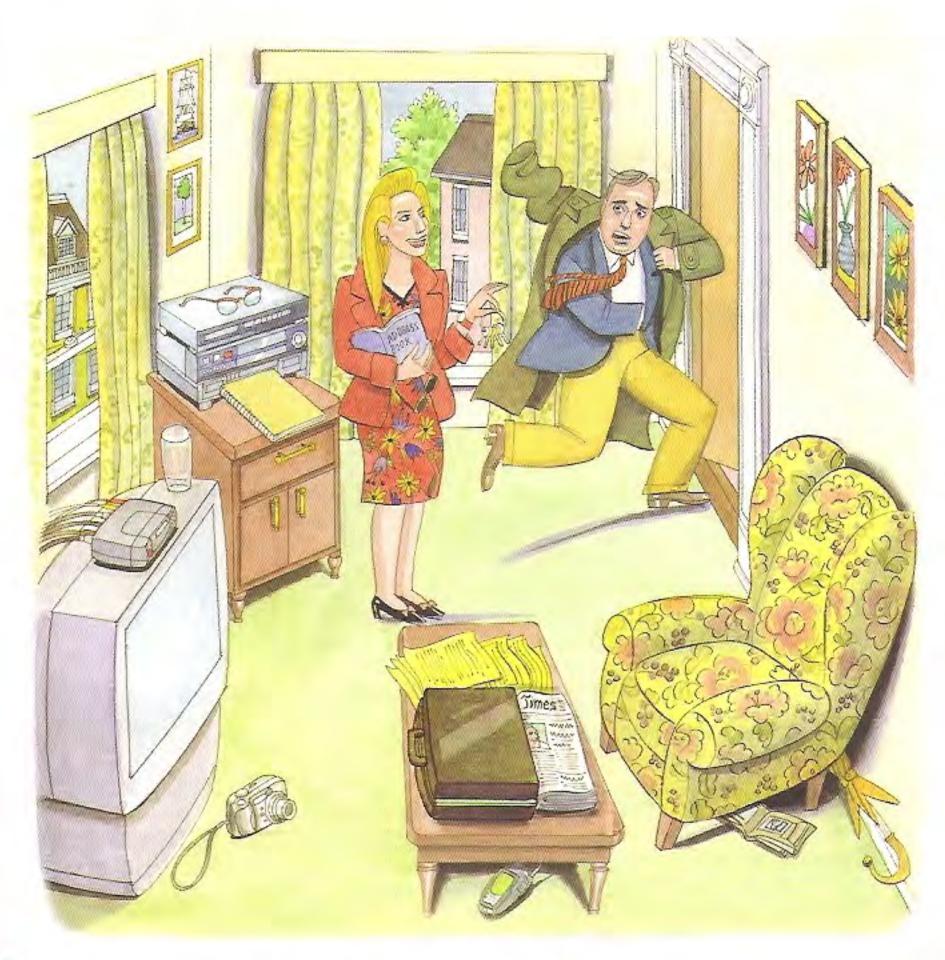


Pair work Now help Joe find his things. Ask and answer questions.

briefcase cell phone newspaper umbrella camera glasses notebook wallet

A: Where is his briefcase?

B: It's on the table.





Compare two pictures of a room. Go to Interchange 2 at the back of the book.

# Units 1-2 Progress check

# SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Introduce myself and another person using statements with be (Ex. 1)	. 11	TT	LT
	11	111	
Say hello and good-bye (Ex. 1)	171	1111	9.1
Use my, your, his, and her (Ex. 1, 2)	Fl	П	10
Use the alphabet and numbers 0-10 (Ex. 2)	3)	T.I.	1.1
Listen to and understand this, these, it, they; articles; and plural -s (Ex. : Ask and answer questions about locations using be (Ex. 4, 5)		n	10

# 1 HOW ARE YOU?

A Complete the conversation. Use the sentences and questions in the box.

a compared to the compared to
Matt: Hi. How are you?
Nicki: I'm fine, thanks.
Matt: Not bad, thanks.
Nicki: And I'm Nicki White.
Matt: ,
Nicki: Nice to meet you, too.
Matt: Yes, I am.
Nicki:
Matt: See you in class.

My name is Matt Carlson.
Oh, are you in my English class?
How about you?
✓ Hi. How are you?
It's nice to meet you, Nicki.
Well, have a good day.

B Pair work Practice the conversation from part A. Use your own information. Then introduce your partner to a classmate.

"Malena, this is my friend. His name is Tetsu. . . ."

# (2) IS YOUR PHONE NUMBER . . . ?

Class activity Write your phone number on a piece of paper. Then put the papers in a bag. Take a different paper and find the owner. Write his or her name on the paper.

A: Ali, is your phone number (781) 555-1532?

B: No, it's not. Sorry!

A: Mila, is your . . .?





### LISTENING What's this? What are these?

Disten to the conversations. Number the pictures from 1 to 6.





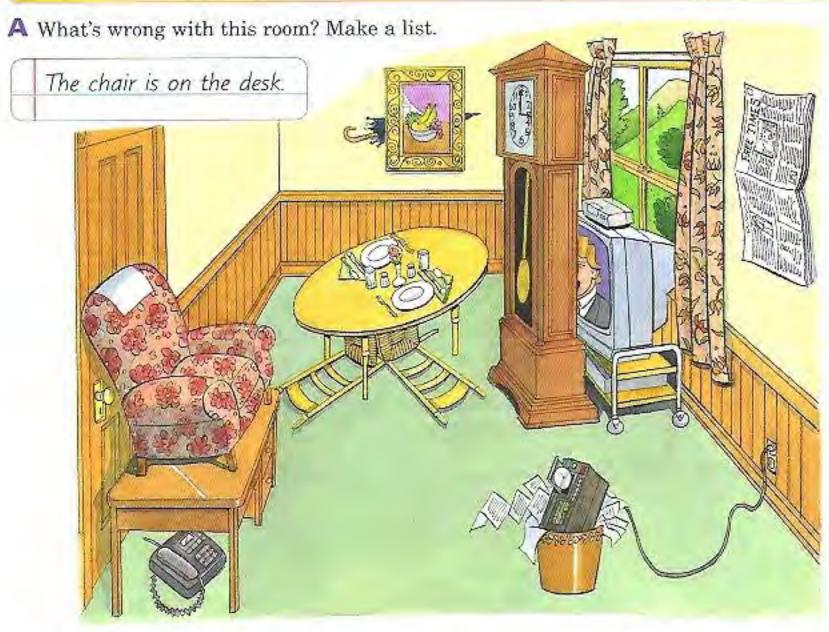








## WHAT'S WRONG WITH THIS ROOM?



- B Pair work Ask and answer Where questions about the picture.
- A: Where's the chair?
- B: It's on the desk.



# YES OR NO GAME

Write five yes/no questions about the picture in Exercise 4. Three have "yes" answers and two have "no" answers. Then ask a partner the questions.

Is the chair behind the clock?

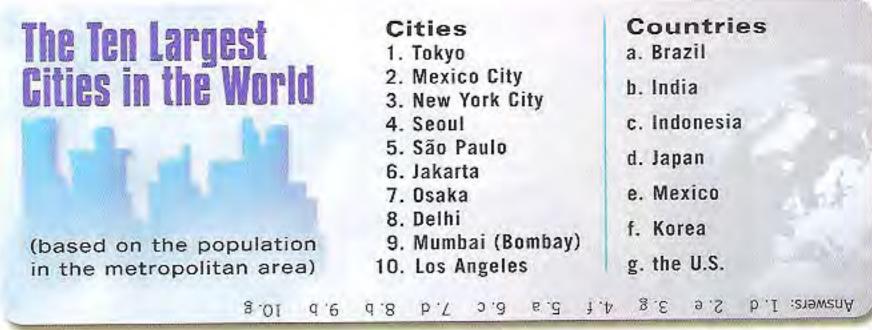
#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# Where are you from?

# **SNAPSHOT**

Disten and practice.



Source: www.infoplease.com

Match the cities with the countries. Then check your answers at the bottom of the Snapshot. What other large cities are in each country? What large cities are in your country?

# CONVERSATION Are you from Seoul?

A D Listen and practice.

Tim: Are you from California, Jessica?

Jessica: Well, my family is in California now,

but we're from Korea originally.

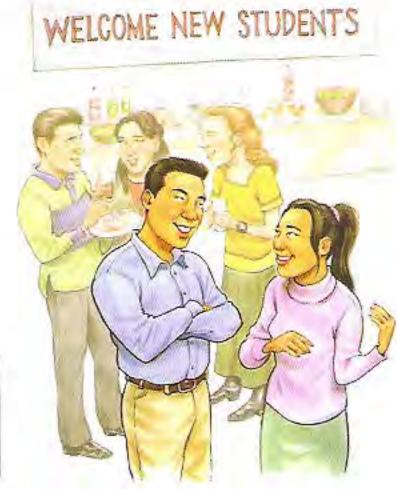
Tim: Oh, my mother is Korean - from Seoul! Are you from Seoul?

Jessica: No, we're not from Seoul. We're from Daejeon.

Tim: So is your first language Korean?

Jessica: Yes, it is.

	True	False
1. Tony is from Italy.	1.5	П
2. Natasha is from New York.	13	11
3. Monique's first language is English.	11	1.4



#### Negative statements and yes/no questions with be

I'm not from New York.
You're not late.
She's not from Russia.
He's not from Italy.
It's not English.
We're not from Japan.
You're not early.
They're not in Mexico.

Are you from California?

Am I early?
Is she from Brazil?
Is he from Chile?
Is it Korean?
Are you from China?
Are we late?
Are they in Canada?

l'm not. I am. you're not. you are. she's not. she is. not. No, he's Yes, he is. it is. it's not. we're not. we are. you're not. you are. they're not. they are.

We're = We are

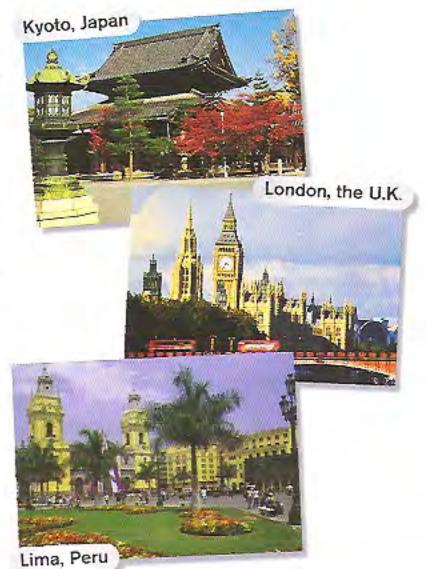
For a list of countries, nationalities, and languages, see the appendix at the back of the book.

A Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Hiroshi, ... are... you and Maiko from Japan?
  - B: Yes, we ............
  - A: Oh? ..... you from Tokyo?
  - B: No, ..... not. .... from Kyoto.
- 2. A: Laura from the U.S.?
  - B: No, ..... not. She's from the U.K.
  - A: ..... she from London?

  - A: Laura's first language Italian?
  - B: No, ..... not. English.
- 3. A: Selina and Carlos from Mexico?
  - B: No, not. from Brazil.
  - A: ..... you from Brazil, too?
  - B: No, ..... not. I'm from Peru.
  - A: So, ..... your first language Spanish?
  - B: Yes, it ......
- **B** Match the questions with the answers. Then practice with a partner.
- 1. Are you and your family from Canada? .. d.
- 2. Is your first language English? .....
- 3. Are you Japanese? .....
- 4. Is Mr. Ho from Hong Kong? .....
- 5. Is your mother from the U.S.? .....
- a. No, he's not. He's from Singapore.b. Yes, she is. She's from California.
- c. No, it's not. It's Japanese.
- d. No, we're not. We're from Australia.
- e. Yes, we are. We're from Kyoto.

C Write five questions like the ones in part B. Then ask and answer your questions with a partner.



# PRONUNCIATION Syllable stress

A D Listen and practice. Notice the syllable stress.

W 0 0 4 46 China Japan Canada Morocco Turkey Brazil Mexico Malaysia

B (b) What is the syllable stress in these words? Add the words to the chart in part A. Then listen and check.

English Spanish Arabic Korean Mexican Honduras Chinese Peru

C Group work Are the words in part A countries, nationalities, or languages? Make a chart and add more words. Then check your answers in the appendix at the back of the book.

Countries Nationalities Languages China Chinese Chinese Mexican Mexico Spanish

## WHERE ARE THEY FROM?

A Where are these people from? Check (✓) your guesses.



Brazil Colombia Mexico

South Africa

Charlize Theron Hideo Nomo Sweden Ireland



Korea

Japan

China



Celine Dion France



Tiger Woods the U.S.

Canada Australia

England New Zealand

B Group work Compare your guesses. Then check your answers at the bottom of the page.

A: Is Thalia from Brazil?

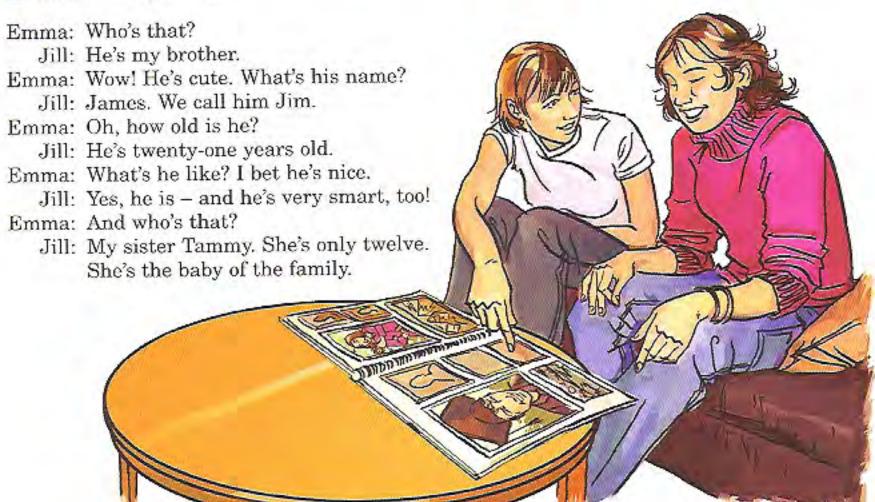
B: No, she's not.

C: Is she from Colombia?

Answers: I. Mexico Z. South Africa 3. Japan 4. Canada 5. the U.S.

# **CONVERSATION** He's cute.

Listen and practice.



# NUMBERS AND AGES

#### A D Listen and practice.

11	eleven	21 twenty-one	40 forty
12	twelve	22 twenty-two	50 fifty
	thirteen	23 twenty-three	60 sixty
	fourteen	24 twenty-four	70 seventy
	fifteen	25 twenty-five	80 eighty
1.71	sixteen	26 twenty-six	90 ninety
150	seventeen	27 twenty-seven	100 one hundred
	eighteen	28 twenty-eight	101 one hundred (and) one
	nineteen	29 twenty-nine	102 one hundred (and) two
1000	twenty	30 thirty	103 one hundred (and) three

B (b) Listen and practice. Notice the word stress.

thirteen - thirty fourteen - forty fifteen - fifty sixteen - sixty

C Group work How old are the people in Exercise 5? Write down your guesses. Then compare.

A: How old is Thalia?

B: I think she's twenty (years old).

C: Really? I think she's twenty-five.

#### Wh-questions with be

What's your name?
My name is Jill.
Where are you from?
I'm from Canada.
How are you today?
I'm just fine.

Who's that?

He's my brother.

How old is he?

He's twenty-one.

What's he like?

He's very nice.

Who's = Who is

Who are they?
They're my classmates.
Where are they from?
They're from Rio.
What's Rio like?
It's very beautiful.

A Complete the conversations with Wh-questions. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: Look! Who's that ?
  B: Oh he's a new student.
  A: .......?
  B: I think his name is Chien Kuo.
  A: Chien Kuo? .....?
  B: He's from China.

  2. A: Serhat, .....?
  B: I'm from Turkey from Istanbul.
  A: .....?
  B: Istanbul is very old and beautiful.
  A: .....?
- B: My last name is Erdogan.

  3. A: Hi, John. .....?

  B: I'm just fine. My friend Carolina is here this week from Argentina.

  A: Carolina? I don't know her.
  - B: She's really pretty and very smart.
    A: .....?
  - B: She's eighteen years old.







B Pair work Write five Wh-questions about your partner and five Wh-questions about your partner's best friend. Then ask and answer the questions.

<u>Partner</u>	Partner's best friend
Where are you from?	Who's your best friend?

# (i) INTERCHANGE 3 Board game

Play a board game with your classmates. Go to Interchange 3.

# WORD POWER Descriptions

A 🕑 Listen and practice.



**B** Complete the chart with words from part A. Add one more word to each list. Then describe your personality and appearance to a partner.

Personality			Appearance			
funny	and are the second seco	mobile good door 11000.	handsome	*******	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
+	., 1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	market market (1)			нитиническог	

"I'm funny, smart, and very handsome."

# 1 LISTENING Is she very tall?

▲ Disten to four descriptions. Check ( ) the correct words.

1. Karen	✓ short	□ tall	3. Elena	shy	friendly
2. Marco	heavy	thin	4. Andrew	serious	I funny

B Group work Make a list of three people. Then ask and answer questions about the people in your classmates' lists.

A: Who is Eva?

B: She's my friend.

C: How old is she?



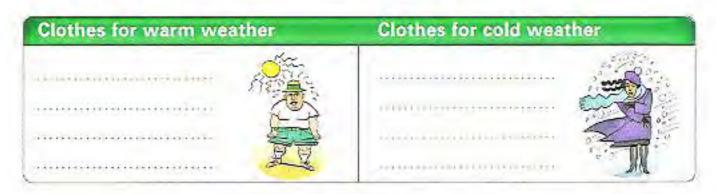
# I'm not wearing boots!

# WORD POWER Clothes

A D Listen and practice.



B Complete the chart with words from part A.



C Circle the clothes in part A you like. Then tell a partner.

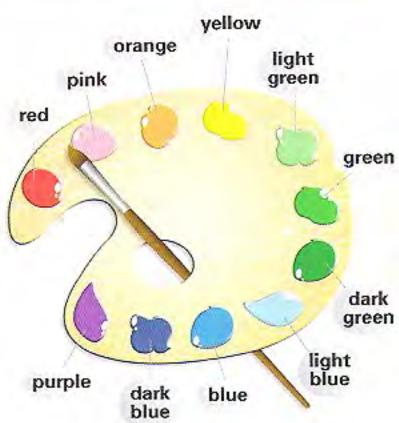
"I like the sweater, the gloves, and the boots."

# **COLORS**

#### A D Listen and practice.



- B Group work Ask about favorite colors.
- A: What are your favorite colors?
- B: My favorite colors are red and purple.
- C Group work Describe the clothes in Exercise 1.
- A: The suit is blue.
- B: The pajamas are red and white.



# 3

# CONVERSATION It's a disaster!

- Listen and practice.
  - Pat: Great! Our clothes are dry. Where is my new blouse?
- Julie: What color is it?
  - Pat: It's white.
- Julie: Here's a light blue blouse. Is it yours?
  - Pat: No, it's not mine. . . . Wait. It is mine. It's a disaster!
- Julie: Oh, no! All our clothes are light blue.
  - Pat: Here's the problem. It's these new blue jeans. Whose jeans
    - are they?
- Julie: Uh, they're mine. Sorry.





### PRONUNCIATION The letters s and sh

- A D Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of s and sh.
- 1. suit socks scarf
  2. shirt shorts shoes
- B Read the sentences. Pay attention to the pronunciation of s and sh.
- 1. This is Sandra's new shirt.
- 3. Where are my shoes and socks?
- 2. These are Sam's purple shoes!
- My shorts and T-shirts are blue!

#### Possessives 🕑

Adjectives	Pronouns	Names	
my	mine	Pat's blouse	/s/
your	yours	Julie's jeans	/z/
These are his socks.	his	Rex's T-shirt	/12/
her	These socks are hers.	Whose blouse	e is this? It's Pat's.
our	ours	Whose jeans are these? They're	
their	theirs	Triidad jouris	ord tribust triby to daile be

A Complete the conversations with the correct words in parentheses. Then practice with a partner.

- A: Is this Jennifer's hat?
   B: No, it's not hers (her / hers). It's (my / mine).
   A: Are these (your / yours) gloves?
   B: No, they're not (my / mine) gloves. Let's ask Sally. Maybe they're (her / hers) gloves.
   A: (Whose / Yours) T-shirts are these? Are they Julie's and Pat's?
  - B: No, they're not (their / theirs) T-shirts. But these socks are (their / theirs). And these shorts are (your / yours).
- 4. A: Hey! These are not \_\_\_\_\_ (our / ours) clothes!

  B: You're right. (Our / Ours) are over there.
- B Class activity Put one of your things in a box. Then choose a different thing from the box. Go around the class and find the owner.
- A: Young Min, is this watch yours?
- A: Rex, is this watch yours?
- B: No, it's not mine. Maybe it's Rex's. C: No, it's not mine. I think it's Marta's.

# LISTENING My T-shirt is yellow.

A Delisten to these people describe their clothes. Number the pictures from 1 to 4.

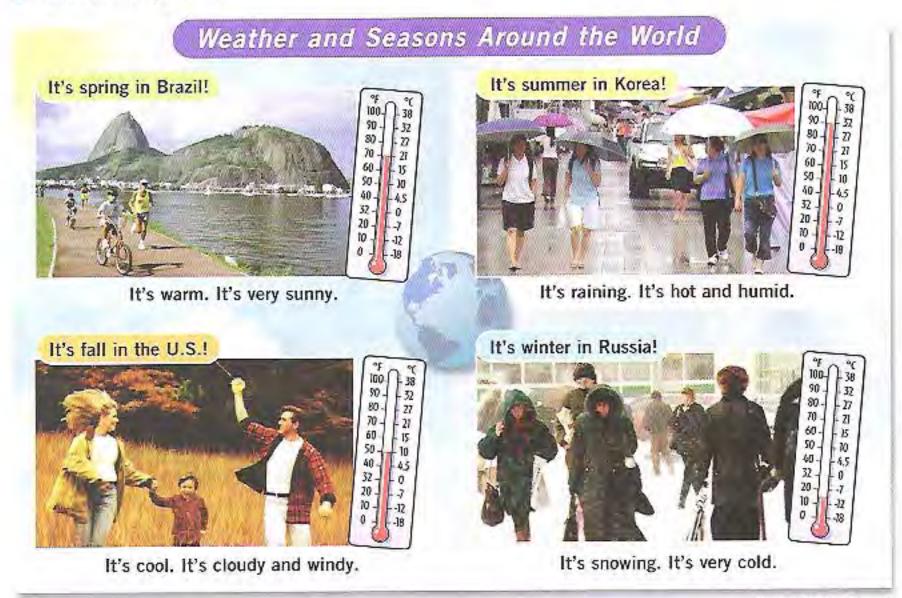
B Pair work Now talk about these people. What colors are their clothes?

- A: What color is Peter's T-shirt?
- B: His T-shirt is yellow.





Listen and practice.

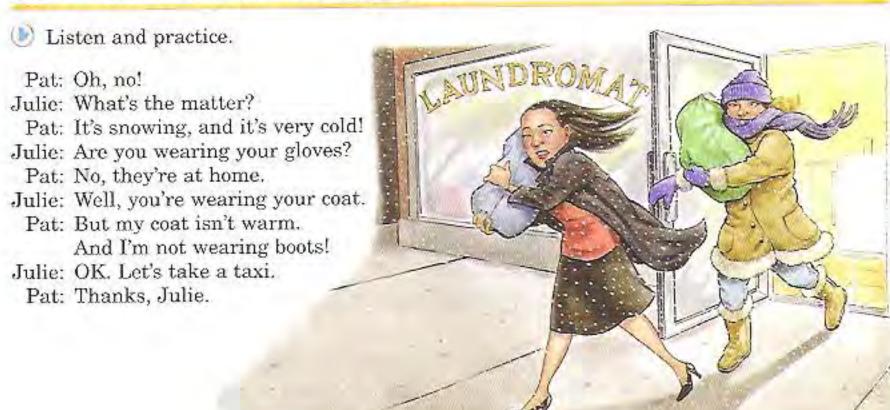


Source: Yahaa! Travel

What are the seasons in your country? Are they like these?
What is your favorite season?
What's the weather like today?

# **(B)**

## CONVERSATION It's very cold!



#### Present continuous statements: conjunctions ()

I'm I'm not OR:
You're not You aren't

She's wearing shoes. She's not She isn't wearing boots.

We're not We aren't They're not They aren't

It's snowing. It's not It isn't raining.

Conjunctions

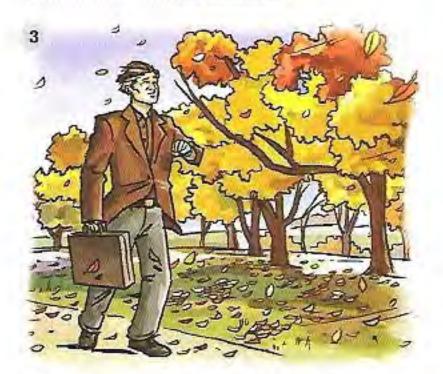
It's snowing, and it's very cold.

I'm wearing a coat, but I'm not wearing boots:

#### A Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.



My name's Claire. I 'm wearing a green suit today. I high heels, too. It's raining, but I a raincoat.



Phil a suit today –
he pants and a jacket.
He a brown shirt, but
he a tie.



It's hot today. Toshi and Noriko
shorts and T-shirts.
It's very sunny, but they
sunglasses.



It's cold today, but Kathy
a coat. She a sweatshirt,
gloves, and a hat. She
boots. She sneakers.

#### Present continuous yes/no questions ()

Are you wearing a suit? Yes, I am. No, I'm not.

Is she wearing boots? Yes, she is. No, she's not / No, she isn't.

Are they wearing glasses? Yes, they are. No, they're not / No, they aren't.

#### B Pair work Ask and answer these questions about the pictures in part A.

- 1. Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- 2. Is she wearing a raincoat?
- 3. Is she wearing high heels?
- 4. Are Toshi and Noriko wearing swimsuits?
- 5. Are they wearing shorts?
- 6. Are they wearing sunglasses?
- A: Is Claire wearing a green suit?
- B: Yes, she is. Is she wearing a raincoat?
- A: No, she's not. or No, she isn't.
- C Write four more questions about the pictures in part A. Then ask a partner the questions.

- 7. Is Phil wearing gray pants?
- 8. Is he wearing a brown shirt?
- 9. Is he wearing a tie?
- 10. Is Kathy wearing boots?
- 11. Is she wearing a coat?
- 12. Is she wearing a hat and gloves?

#### sdjective + noun 🔘

My suit is black. I'm wearing a black suit.

# LISTENING He's wearing a T-shirt!

A Disten. Write the names Bruce, Beth, Jon, Anita, and Nick in the correct boxes.

**B** Group work Ask questions about the people in the picture.

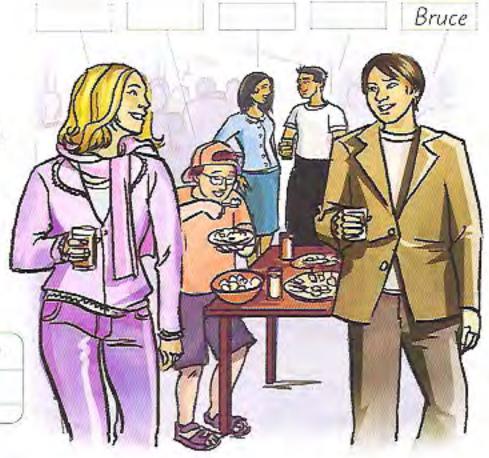
A: Is Bruce wearing a light brown jacket?

B: Yes, he is.

C: Is he wearing a tie? . . .

C Group work Write five questions about your classmates. Then ask and answer the questions.

Are Sonia and Paulo wearing jeans?
Is Paulo wearing a red shirt?



# 1NTERCHANGE 4 Celebrity fashions

What are your favorite celebrities wearing? Go to Interchange 4.

# Units 3-4 Progress check

### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	OK	A little
Ask and answer Wh- and yes/no questions with be (Ex. 1)	n)	17	cop
Talk about countries of origin, nationalities, and languages (Ex.	1)	HOLE	
Listen to, understand, and give descriptions of people (Ex. 2)	87		8.4
Talk about clothes using possessives (Ex. 3)	TI	11.1	100
Compare favorite things using the conjunctions and and but (Ex.	4)	9.1	5/1
Talk about clothes using the present continuous (Ex. 5)	PI	UT	67

# **INTERVIEW**

Match the questions with the answers. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner. Answer with your own information.

- 1. Are you from Malaysia? ... h...
- 2. Where are you and your family from? .....
- 3. What is your hometown like? ......
- 4. Is English your first language?
- 5. Who is your best friend? .....
- 6. Are your classmates Brazilian? .....
- 7. How old is your best friend? ......
- 8. Is our teacher from the U.S.?

- a. It's very beautiful.
- b. Yes, she is.
- c. We're from Mexico.
- d. My best friend is Kevin.
- e. Yes, they are.
- f. No, it's not. It's Spanish.
- g. He's nineteen.
- h. No, I'm not. I'm from Thailand.

# LISTENING Who's that?

A ▶ Listen to four conversations. Check (✓) the correct description for each person.

1.	Min Ho	tall	short	11 funny	friendly	1 talkative	/   quiet
2.	Ryan	tall	[] short	[ ] funny	serious	nice	11 shy
3.	Angela	thin	heavy	pretty	□ shy	nice	11 friendly
4.	Helen	thin	11 heavy	17 quiet	□ shy	serious	funny

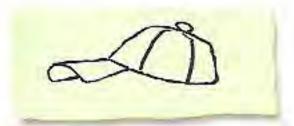
B Write five yes/no questions about the people in part A.
Then ask a partner the questions.

	Is Min Ho friendly?
4	Is Ryan tall?



### WHOSE CLOTHES ARE THESE?

Class activity Draw three pictures of clothes on different pieces of paper. Then put the papers in a bag. Take three different papers, go around the class, and find the owners.







A: Gina, is this your cap?

B: No, it's not mine. Maybe it's Emi's.

A: Young Woo, are these your pants?

B: Yes, they're mine. Thanks!



### MY FAVORITE THINGS

A Write your favorite things in the chart. Then ask a partner about his or her favorite things. Write them in the chart.

Favorite	Me	My partner
1. season	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	THE DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON
2. color	CARACTELATERATE AND ADDRESS OF	
3. clothes		

B Compare answers. What's the same? What's different? Write sentences.

Summer is my favorite season, and it's Juan's favorite season, too. My favorite color is blue, but Juan's favorite color is brown.



### **GUESS THE CLASSMATE**

Group work Think of a student in the class. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the student.

- A: I'm thinking of a student in this class.
- B: Is it a man?
- A: Yes, it is.
- C: Is he short?
- A: No, he isn't.
- D: Is he wearing blue jeans? . . .



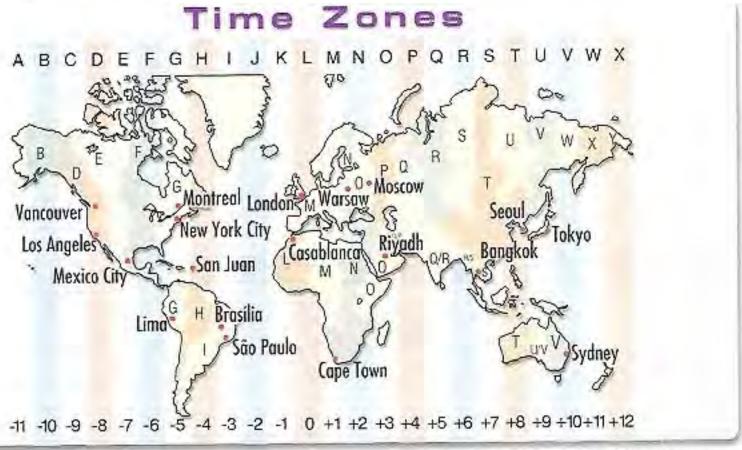
#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# 5 What are you doing?

# **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: Time Service Department, U.S. Naval Observatory

Which cities are in the same time zones? Which cities are in your time zone?

# CONVERSATION What time is it there?

Listen and practice.

Debbie: Hello?

John: Hi, Debbie. This is John. I'm calling from Australia.

Debbie: Australia?

John: I'm at a conference in Sydney.

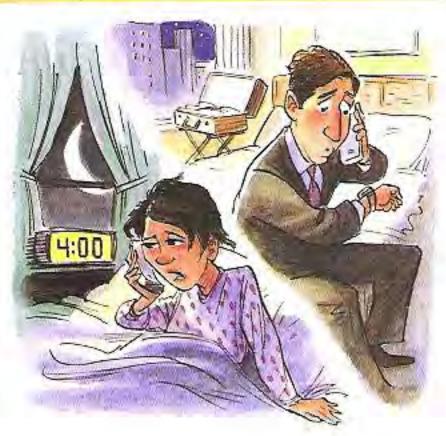
Remember?

Debbie: Oh, right. What time is it there?

John: It's 10:00 P.M. And it's four o'clock there in Los Angeles, Right?

Debbie: Yes - four o'clock in the morning!

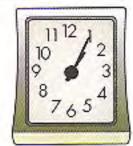
John: 4:00 A.M.? Oh, I'm really sorry. Debbie: That's OK. I'm awake . . . now.



#### What time is it? 🔘



It's one o'clock.



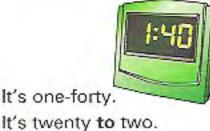
It's one-oh-five. It's five after one.

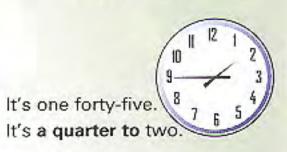


It's one-fifteen. It's a quarter after one.



It's one-thirty.



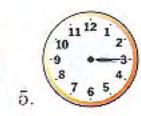


A Pair work Look at these clocks. What time is it?











A: What time is it?

B: It's twenty after two. OR It's two-twenty.

#### Is it A.M. or P.M.?



It's seven (o'clock) in the morning. It's 7:00 A.M.



It's seven (o'clock) in the evening. It's 7:00 P.M.



It's twelve (o'clock). It's 12:00 P.M. It's noon.



It's ten (o'clock) at night. It's 10:00 P.M.



It's four (o'clock) in the afternoon. It's 4:00 P.M.



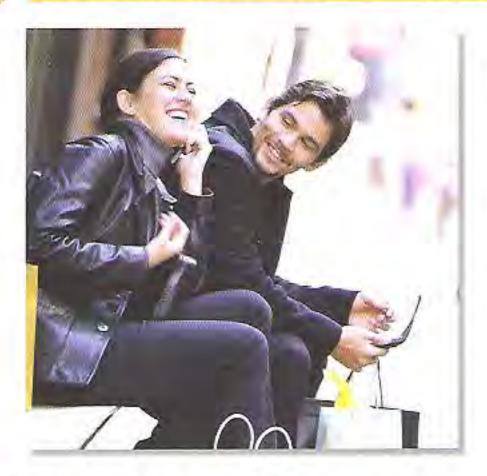
It's twelve (o'clock) at night. It's 12:00 A.M. It's midnight.

#### B Pair work Say each time a different way.

- 1. It's nine o'clock in the evening. "It's 9:00 P.M."
- 2. It's eight o'clock in the morning.
- 3. It's twelve o'clock at night.
- 4. It's three in the afternoon.

- It's 3:00 A.M.
- 6. It's 6:00 P.M.
- 7. It's 4:00 P.M.
- 8. It's 12:00 P.M.

### LISTENING It's 4:00 P.M. in Vancouver.



Tracy and Eric are calling friends in different parts of the world. Listen. What time is it in these cities?

City	Time
Vancouver	4:00 P.M.
Bangkok	TOUTTOO CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
Tokyo	
São Paulo	manani ma

# CONVERSATION I'm really hungry!

Listen and practice.

Steve: Hi, Mom.

Mom: What are you doing, Steve?

Steve: I'm cooking.

Mom: Why are you cooking now?

It's two o'clock in the morning!

Steve: Well, I'm really hungry! Mom: What are you making?

Steve: Pizza.

Mom: Mmm, pizza. Now I'm getting

hungry. Let's eat!





# PRONUNCIATION Rising and falling intonation

A D Listen and practice. Notice the intonation of the yes/no and Wh-questions.

Is she getting up? What's she doing?
Are they sleeping? What are they doing?

### GRAMMAR FOCUS Present continuous Wh-questions





What's Victoria doing? She's sleeping right now.



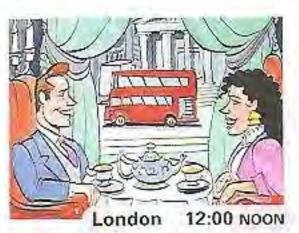
What's Marcos doing? It's 6:00 A.M., so he's getting up.



What are Sue and Tom doing? They're having breakfast.



What's Célia doing? She's going to work.

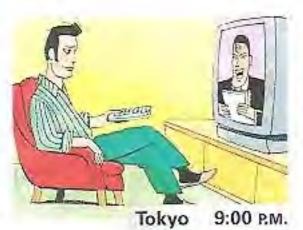


What are James and Anne doing? What's Andrei doing? It's noon, so they're having lunch. He's working.





What's Permsak doing? He's eating dinner right now.



What's Hiroshi doing? He's watching television.



What are you doing? It's . . . , so I'm . . . .

#### A sk and answer the questions about the pictures.

- 1. Who's sleeping now?
- 2. Who's having breakfast?
- Where's Andrei working?
- 4. Where's Hiroshi watching television?
- 5. What's Célia wearing?
- 6. What's Marcos wearing?
- 7. Why is Marcos getting up?
- 8. Why are James and Anne having lunch?

B Group WWW Write five more questions about the pictures. Then ask and answer your questions in groups.

#### spelling (h) sleep → sleeping get $\rightarrow$ getting (+ t) have $\rightarrow$ having (-e)

### (1)

### **WORD POWER Activities**

#### A D Listen and practice. "He's playing tennis."



- B Group work Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part A.
- A: Is he playing soccer?
- B: No, he's not.
- C: What's he doing?
- A: He's playing tennis.
- C Group work Act out the verbs and guess the actions.
- A: (acting out dancing)
- C: Are you dancing?
- B: Are you swimming?
- A: Yes, I am.
- A: No, I'm not.

### (1)

### LISTENING Mary's activities

A D What's Mary doing? Listen to the sounds and number the actions from 1 to 8.

dancing	eating dinner	riding a bike	swimming
1 driving	playing tennis	shopping	watching television

- B Pair work Listen again. Ask and answer questions about each sound.
- A: What's Mary doing right now?
- B: She's driving.

### 1

### INTERCHANGE 5 What's wrong with this picture?

What's wrong with this picture? Go to Interchange 5.



### Friends Across a Continent

Skim the conversation. Write the name of the correct person under each picture.

Meg Martin and Kathy O'Brien chat online almost every day. Meg is an exchange student from the U.S. She is studying in Mexico. Kathy is in the U.S.

megm: Hi, there! kathyo: Hi, Meg!

megm: What are you doing?

kathyo: I'm sitting on my bed with my laptop

computer. I'm doing my homework.

megm: What are you working on?

kathyo: I'm writing an essay for

Spanish class. : ^ )

megm: Can you chat?

kathyo: For a minute. Where are you?

megm: I'm in an Internet café with my

friend Carmen. I'm having coffee and she's reading a magazine.

How is your family?

kathyo: They're all fine! My father's working

outside. He's mowing the lawn. My

mother is out shopping.

megm: Where's your brother?

kathyo: John's not home. He's playing soccer

in the park. Oh, wait. My mother is home. She's calling me. I have to

go!

megm: OK! Bye! kathyo: Bye!:)



A Read the conversation. Then answer these questions.

### Who is ....?

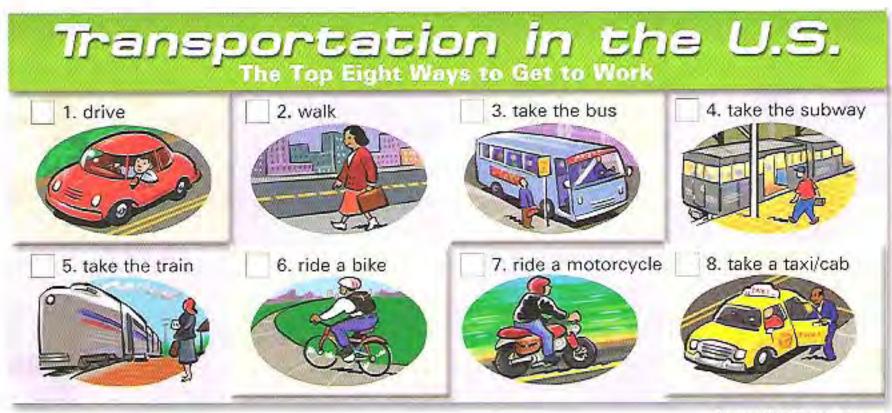
- writing an essay
- 2. having coffee
- reading a magazine
- 4. working outside
- 5. shopping
- 6. playing soccer

**B** Pair work Imagine you are having an online chat. Where are you? Who are you chatting with? Write a short conversation.

# My sister works downtown.

### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Check (

) the kinds of transportation you use.

What are some other kinds of transportation?

### ONVERSATION Nice car!

Listen and practice.

Ashley: Nice car, Jason! Is it yours?

Jason: No, it's my sister's. She has a new job, and she drives to work.

Ashley: Is her job here in the suburbs?

Jason: No. it's downtown.

Ashley: My parents work downtown, but they don't drive to work. They use

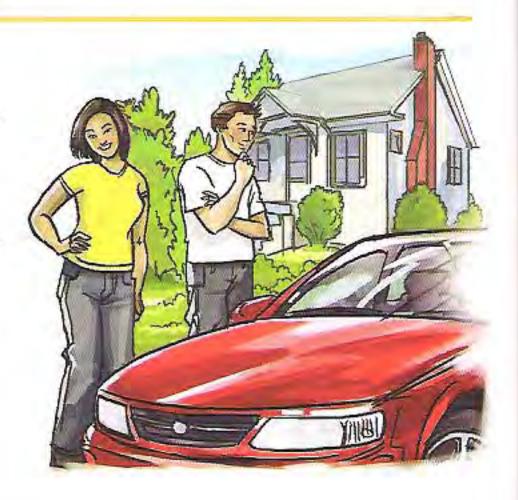
public transportation. Jason: The bus or the train?

Ashley: The train doesn't stop near our

house, so they take the bus. It's

really slow.

Jason: That's too bad.



### WORD POWER Family

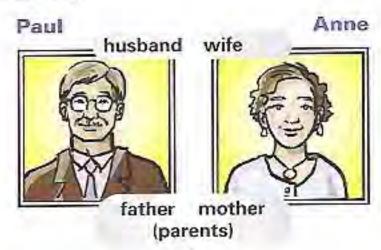
A ( ) Parr work Complete the sentences about the Carter family. Then listen and check your answers.

1. Anne is Paul's wife ... Jason and Emily are their 3. Paul is Anne's ..... 4. Jason is Anne's ...... 5. Emily is Paul's ........... 6. Jason is Emily's ...... 7. Emily is Jason's ..... 8. Paul and Anne are Jason's

kids = children mom = mother dad = father

B Pair work Tell your partner about your family.

"My mother's name is Angela. David and Daniel are my brothers."







Emily



### GRAMMAR FOCUS

I walk to school. You ride your bike to school. He works near here. She takes the bus to work. with our parents. We live They use public transportation.

Sample cassent statements 🚺

I don't live far from here. near here. You don't live He doesn't work downtown. She doesn't drive to work. We don't live alone. They don't need a car.

Contractions don't = do not doesn't = does not

A Paul Carter is talking about his family. Complete the sentences with the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. My family and I live (live/lives) in the suburbs. My wife and I (work/works) near here, so we (walk/walks) to work. Our daughter Emily ...... (work/works) downtown, so she (drive / drives) to work. Our son (don't / doesn't) drive. He ..... (ride/rides) his bike to school.
- 2. My parents ...... (live/lives) in the city. My mother (take/takes) a train to work. My father is retired, so he (don't/doesn't) work now. He also (use/uses) public transportation, so they ...... (don't/doesn't) need a car.

### Simple present statements with Irregular verbs 🕒

I/you/we/they I have a bike.

We do our homework every day.

My parents go to work by bus.

he/she/it

My father has a car.

My mother does a lot of work at home.

The bus goes downtown.

B Ashley is talking about her family and her friend Jason. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. My parents have (have/has) a house in the suburbs. My mom and dad ...... (go/goes) downtown to work. My parents are very busy, so I .... (do/does) a lot of work at home.
- 2. My brother doesn't live with us. He \_\_\_\_\_ (have/has) an apartment in the city. He ...... (go/goes) to school all day, and he ..... (do/does) office work at night.
- 3. I ...... (have/has) a new friend. His name is Jason. We ..... (go/goes) to the same school, and sometimes we ..... (do/does) our homework together.

C Pair work Tell your partner about your family.

"I have one brother and two sisters. They . . . "

### PRONUNCIATION Third-person singular -s endings

Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of the -s endings.

s = /z/s = /s/take takes go walk walks

goes study studies

(e)s = /12/dance dances watch watches

irregular does have has

### WHO IS IT?

A Write five sentences about you and your family. Write "Male" or "Female" on your paper, but not your name.

(Female) I live with my parents. I have two sisters. My father works downtown.

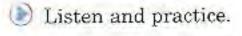
B Class activity Put all the papers in a bag. Choose a paper and describe the writer. Your classmates guess the writer.

- A: She lives with her parents. She has two sisters. Her father works downtown. . . . Who is it?
- B: Michelle, is it you?
- C: No, it's not me. . . .





### CONVERSATION I get up at noon.



Jack: Let's go to the park on Sunday. Amy: OK, but let's go in the afternoon.

I sleep late on weekends.

Jack: What time do you get up on Sundays?

Amy: At ten o'clock.

Jack: Oh, that's early. On Sundays I get up

at noon.

Amy: Do you eat breakfast then?

Jack: Sure. I have breakfast every day.

Amy: Then let's meet at this restaurant at one o'clock. They serve breakfast

all day!





### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Simple present questions 19

Do you get up early? No, I get up late.

Does he have lunch at noon? No, he eats lunch at one o'clock.

Do they drive to work?

Yes, they drive to work every day.

What time do you get up?
At ten o'clock.

What time does he have lunch?

At one o'clock.

When do they drive to work?

Every day.

#### A Complete the questions with do or does. Then write four more questions.

1.	Do you get up early on weekdays?
2.	What time you go home?
3.	your mother work?
4.	How your father get to work?
5.	your parents read in the evening?
6.	When your parents shop?
7.	Does?
8.	What time ?
9,	Do?
10.	When?

**B** Pair work Ask and answer the questions from part A. Use time expressions from the box.

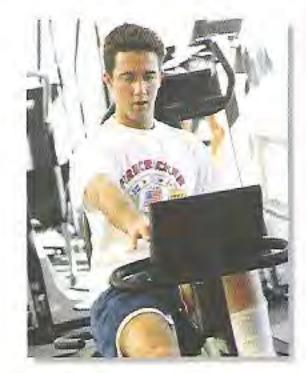
A: Do you get up early on weekdays?

B: Yes, I do. I get up at seven o'clock.

time expressions				
early	in the morning			
late	in the afternoon			
every day	in the evening			
at 9:00	on Sundays			
at noon/midnight	on weekends			
at night	on weekdays			

C Unscramble the questions to complete the conversations. Then ask a partner the questions. Answer with your own information.

1.	A:	(you every day exercise do)	?
	B:	Yes, I exercise every day.	
2.	A:	And the transfer of the set	?
	B:	(you what time lunch do eat) At 1:00 P.M.	
3.	A:	**************************************	?
	B:	(at start does eight o'clock this class) No, this class starts at nine o'clock.	
4.	A:	(1800) - 1800 -	?
	B:	(study you English do when) I study English in the evening.	



### (9)

### LISTENING Marsha's weekly routine

A ▶ Listen to Marsha talk about her weekly routine. Check (✓) the days she does each thing.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
get up early	17	11	17	DT	CI	H	11
go to work	711	1.1	(1)	1.7	H	T. 1	1.1
exercise	77	1.1	1-1	17	(")"	171	1.1
see friends	17	1-1	1.1		11	7 00	7.1
see family	1.1	[7]		LI	(1)	П	† 1

B Group work Tell your classmates about your weekly routine.

A: I get up early on weekdays and Saturdays. But I sleep late on Sundays. . . .

B: I get up early on weekdays, too. I get up at 6:00.

C: Really? I get up late every day. . . .





### INTERCHANGE 6 Class survey

Find out more about your classmates. Go to Interchange 6.

### What's your schedule like?

Look at the pictures and the labels. Who gets up early? Who gets up late?

Student reporter Mike Starr talks to people on the street about their schedules.



Brittany Davis College Student

Mike: What's your schedule like?

Brittany: My classes start at 8:00 A.M., so I get up at 7:00 and take the bus to school.

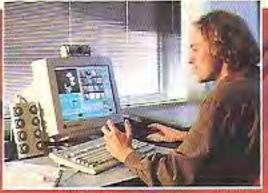
MS: When do your classes end?

BD: They end at noon. Then I have a job at the library.

MS: So when do you study?

BD: My only time to study is in the evening, from eight

until midnight.



Joshua Burns Web-site Designer

Mike: What's your schedule like?

Joshua: Well, I get up at 6:30 A.M. and go for a run before breakfast.

MS: How do you go to work?

JB: I work at home. I start work at 8:00. Around 1:00, I take a lunch break.

MS: How late do you work?

JB: Sometimes I work all night

to finish a project!



Maya Black Rock Musician

Mike: What's your schedule like?

Maya: I work at night. I go to work at 10:00 P.M., and I play until 3:00 A.M.

MS: What do you do after work?

MB: I have dinner. Then I take a taxi home.

MS: What time do you go

to bed?

MB: I go to bed at 5:00 in

the morning.

A Read the article. Then number the activities in each person's schedule from 1 to 5.

#### **Brittany Davis** Joshua Burns Maya Black a. She has dinner. ...... a. She goes to class. a. He has breakfast. b. She finishes work. b. He starts work. b. She takes the bus. c. She works. ..... c. She goes to bed. c. He eats lunch. ...... d. She goes to work. d. She studies. ..... d. He gets up. e. He goes for a run. ..... e. She goes home.

B Write five sentences about your schedule. Are you an "early bird" or a "night owl"? Compare with a partner.



early bird



night owl

# Units 5-6 Progress check

### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Listen to and understand cities, times, and activities (Ex. 1)	TT	71	11
Ask and answer questions using the present continuous (Ex. 2)		П	11
Talk about weekly routines using simple present statements (Ex. 3)	17	TI	1
Ask and answer questions using the simple present (Ex. 4, 5)	11	11	11
Talk about lifestyles and famous people (Ex. 4, 5)			FI

### LISTENING Around the world

Dit's 9 A.M. in Los Angeles. Victoria is calling friends around the world. Listen to the conversations and complete the chart.

	City	Time	Activity
1. Sue	New York	192120-1021221212122	
2. Marcos	4 **********************		
3. Jim			



### ON VACATION

Student A: Imagine your classmates are on vacation. Student B calls you, Ask questions about your classmates.

Student B: Imagine you are on vacation with your classmates. Call Student A. Answer Student A's questions about your classmates.

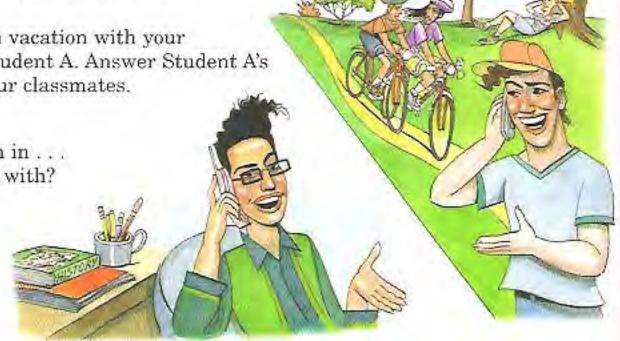
A: Hello?

B: Hi, it's . . . . I'm on vacation in . . .

A: In . . . ? Wow! Who are you with? What are you doing?

B: ...

A: Well, have fun. Bye!



A What do you do on these days? Complete the chart.

On weekdays		
On weekends		
Every day		

- B Pair Work Compare routines. How are they the same? different?
- A: I watch television on weekdays.
- B: I do, too. I also cook on weekdays.
- A: Oh, I don't cook on weekdays. But I cook on weekends!
- C Class activity Tell the class about your partner's weekly routine.
- "Celia doesn't cook on weekdays, but she cooks on weekends. . . ."



A Answer the questions in the chart. Check (✓) Yes or No.

		Yes	No	Name
1.	Do you live with your parents?	13	17	
2.	Do both your parents work?	0.0	17	
3.	Do you watch television at night?	133	- (-1	TENERAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF
4.	Do you eat dinner with your family?	113	17	
5.	Do you stay home on weekends?	114	1.1	
6.	Do you work on Saturdays?	1.1	111	

B Class activity Go around the class and find classmates with the same answers. Write their names in the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.



### WHO IS IT?

Group work Think of a famous person. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Is it a man? a woman?

Does he/she live in . . . ?

Is he/she a singer? an actor?

Is he/she tall? short? Does he/she wear glasses?



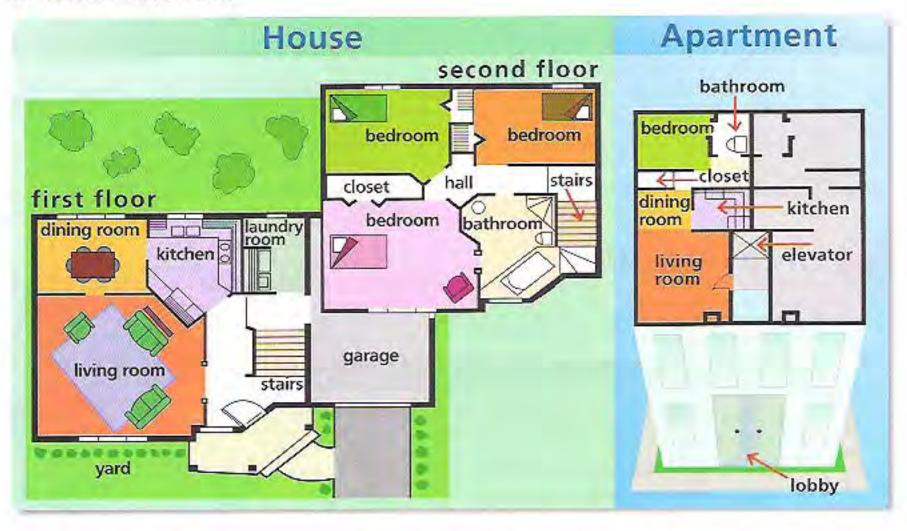
### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# Does it have a view?

### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



What rooms are in houses in your country? What rooms are in apartments? What rooms are in your house or apartment?

### 2 CONVERSATION My new apartment

Disten and practice.

Linda: Guess what! I have a new apartment.

Chris: That's great! What's it like?

Linda: It's really beautiful.

Chris: Is it very big?

Linda: Well, it has a big living room, a small

bedroom, a bathroom, and a kitchen.

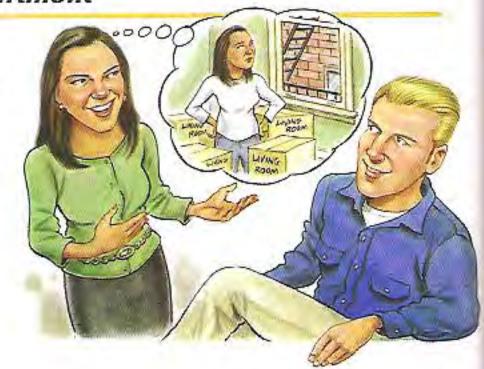
Chris: Where is it?

Linda: On Lakeview Drive.

Chris; Oh, nice! Does it have a view?

Linda: Yes, it does. It has a great view of

another apartment building!



### Simple present short answers 🔘

Do you live in an apartment?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do the bedrooms have windows?

Yes, they do.

No, they don't.

Does Chris live in a house?

Yes, he does.

No, he doesn't.

Does the house have a yard?

Yes, it does.

No, it doesn't.

A Complete the conversation. Then practice with a partner.

Linda: Do you live in an apartment?

Chris: No, I ..... in a house.

Linda: ..... it ..... a yard?

Chris: Yes, it

Linda: That sounds nice. ..... you ...... alone?

Chris: No, I ..... with my family.

Linda: ..... you any brothers or sisters?

Chris: Yes, I ...... four sisters.

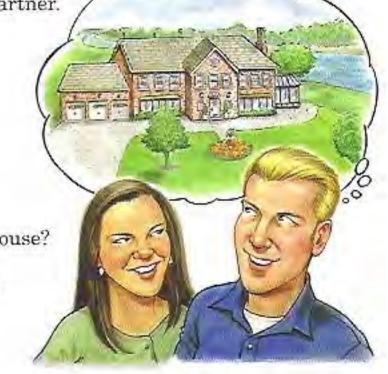
Linda: That's a big family...... you ....... a big house?

Chris: Yes, we ..... It ..... ten rooms.

Linda: Ten rooms! it ..... many bedrooms?

Linda: ..... you ..... your own bedroom?

Chris: Yes, I ...... I'm really lucky.



B Pair work Read the conversation in part A again. Ask and answer these questions. For "no" answers, give the correct information.

- Does Chris live in an apartment? "No, he doesn't. He lives in a house."
- 2. Does Chris's house have a yard?
- 3. Does Chris live alone?
- 4. Does he have four brothers?
  - 5. Does he have his own room?

C Pair work Write five questions to ask your partner about his or her home. Then ask and answer the questions.

### LISTENING It has just one room.

Listen to four people describe their homes. Number the pictures from 1 to 4.









### WORD POWER Furniture

A D Listen and practice.



B Which rooms have the things in part A? Complete the chart.

Kitchen	table	stove
Dining room	table	
Living room		
Bedroom		

C Group work What furniture do you have? Tell your classmates.

"My living room has a sofa, a rug, and a television. . . ."

### CONVERSATION There aren't any chairs.

#### Listen and practice.

Chris: This apartment is great.

Linda: Thanks. I love it, but I really need

some furniture.

Chris: What do you need?

Linda: Oh, I need lots of things.

There are some chairs in the kitchen, but there isn't a table.

Chris: And there's no sofa here in the living room.

Linda: And there aren't any chairs.

There's only this lamp.

Chris: So let's go shopping next weekend!



#### There is, there are D

There's a bed in the bedroom.

There's no sofa in the bedroom.

There isn't a table in the kitchen.

There are some chairs in the kitchen.

There are no chairs in the living room.

There aren't any chairs in the living room.

There's = There is

A Write each sentence a different way. Then practice with a partner.

1. I don't have a table in the bedroom.	There's no	table in the bedroom.
2. I have some chairs in the kitchen.		chairs in the kitchen.
3. I have a stove in the kitchen.	-17747-117747-11774	stove in the kitchen.
4. I don't have a refrigerator.	****************	refrigerator.
5. I don't have curtains on the windows.	liminalizatifization (g) (G)	curtains on the windows.
6. I don't have any rugs on the floor.	**************************************	rugs on the floor.

B Pair work Look at the picture of Linda's apartment. Say what she has and doesn't have.

A: There's a mirror in the bedroom.

B: But there aren't any pictures in the bedroom.

C Write five sentences about things you have or don't have in your classroom. Then compare with a partner.

There are twenty desks in the classroom. There aren't any computers.



### INTERCHANGE 7 Find the differences

Compare two apartments. Go to Interchange 7.

### (3)

### PRONUNCIATION Words with th

- A D Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of /θ/ and /δ/.
- /ð/ / $\theta$ / There are thirteen rooms in this house. The house has three bathrooms.
- Pair work List other words with /0/ and /ŏ/. Then use them to write four funny sentences. Read them aloud.

On Thursdays, their mother and father think for thirteen minutes.

### LISTENING Furniture is expensive!

▶ Listen to Chris and Linda talk in a furniture store.
What does Linda like? Check (✓) the things.

✓ chairs	□ a sofa	□ a rug	a table
a refrigerator	a dresser	a coffee table	curtains

### MY DREAM HOME

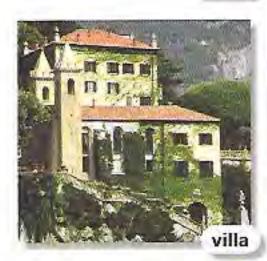
A Write a description of your dream home.

What is your dream home like? Where is it? What rooms does it have? What things are in the rooms? Does it have a view?

My dream home is a cabin in the forest. There is one large room. . . .

- B Pair work Ask your partner about his or her dream home.
- A: Does it have a view?
- B: Yes, it has a very nice view of the forest. . . .











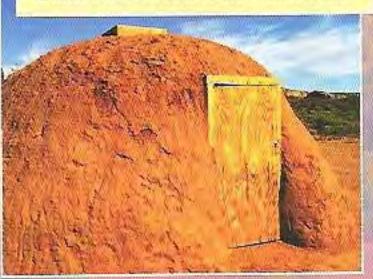
## Two Special Houses in the American Southwest

Scan the article. Where is Ms. Cisneros's house? Where is Ms. Nelson's house?



In San Antonio, Texas, there is a purple house. This house is the home of Sandra Cisneros. Ms. Cisneros is a Mexican-American writer. She is famous for her interesting stories. The house has a porch with a pink floor. The rooms are green, pink, and purple. There are many books and colorful paintings. Many other houses near Ms. Cisneros's house are white or beige, so her house is very different. Some of her neighbors think her house is too colorful, but Ms. Cisneros loves it.

Every year, many people visit
Arizona to learn about Native
American tribes. Most people stay
in hotels, but some people stay in
traditional Native American homes,
called hogans. Lorraine Nelson,
a teacher from Arizona, invites
visitors to stay in her hogan. It
has three chairs, two beds on the
floor, and a wood-burning stove.
Ms. Nelson teaches her guests
about Native American traditions.



A Read the article. What's in each house? Complete the chart.

three chairs many books colorful paintings

✓ porch with a pink floor

two beds on the floor wood-burning stove

#### 

#### B Group work Talk about these questions.

- 1. Imagine you are painting your house. What colors do you use? Why?
- Imagine you are visiting Arizona. Do you stay in a hogan or in a hotel? Why?

# What do you do?

### WORD POWER Jobs

A Description Match the jobs with the pictures. Then listen and practice. "He's a receptionist."

- a. cashier
- e. judge
- i. pilot
- m. security guard

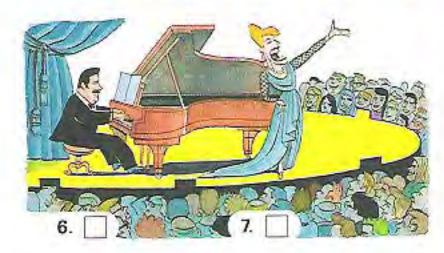
- b. cook/chef
- f . lawyer
- j. police officer
- n. singer

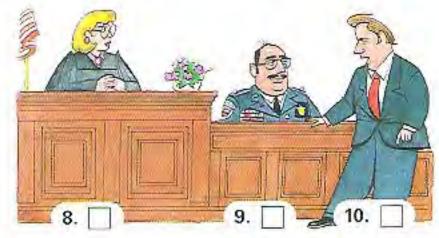
- c. doctor
- g. musician
- √k. receptionist
- o. waiter

- d. flight attendant
- h. nurse
- p. waitress salesperson













B Pair work Ask questions about the people in part A. What are their jobs?

- A: What's his job?
- B: He's a receptionist.

A Pair work Who works in these places? Complete the chart with jobs from Exercise 1. Add one more job to each list.

A: A doctor works in a hospital.



In a hospital	In an office	In a store	In a hotel
doctor		71	AT1024104464444444444444444444444444444444
nurse		THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	-1-1-1-1-1
		**************************************	

B Class activity Ask and answer Who questions about jobs. Use these words.

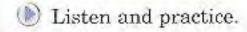
works hard sits all day talks to people wears a uniform handles money works at night writes tickets stands all day

A: Who wears a uniform?

B: A police officer wears a uniform.

C: And a security guard . . .

### CONVERSATION He works in a hotel.



Rachel: Where does your brother work?

Angela: In a hotel.

Rachel: Oh, really? My brother works in a hotel, too. He's a front desk agent.

Angela: How does he like it?

Rachel: Not very much. He doesn't like

the manager.

Angela: That's too bad. What hotel does he

work for?

Rachel: The Plaza.

Angela: That's funny. My brother works

there, too.

Rachel: Oh, that's interesting. What does he do?

Angela: Actually, he's the manager!



### PRONUNCIATION Reduction of do and does

Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of do and does.

Where do you work?

Where does he work?

Where do they work?

What do you do?

What does he do?

What do they do?



### GRAMMAR FOCUS

### Simple presunt Wh-questions 🕦

Where do you work? In a hospital.

What do you do? I'm a doctor. How do you like it?

I really like it.

Where does he work? In a hotel.

What does he do? He's a manager.

How does he like it?

It's OK.

Where do they work? In a restaurant.

What do they do? They're waiters.

How do they like it?

They hate it.

#### A Complete these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- - B: My sister? She's a nurse.
  - A: ..... does she ..... it?
  - B: It's difficult, but she loves it.
- 2. A: \_\_\_\_\_ does your brother \_\_\_\_\_ ? 4. A: \_\_\_\_ do you \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - B: At the airport. He's a pilot.
  - B: He doesn't really like it.

- 1. A. What does your sister do ? 3. A: do your parents their jobs?
  - B: Oh, I guess they like them.
  - A: I don't remember. do they .....?
    - B: In an office in the city.
  - - B: I'm a student.
  - A: Oh? does he it? A: I see. do you ...... your classes?
    - B: They're good. I like them a lot.

#### B Pair Work Ask questions about these people. Where do they work? What do they do? How do they like it?



#### Claudia



#### Vicki and Owen



- A: Where does Ben work?
- B: He works in . . .

Listen and practice.

	Exciting	Boring	Easy	Difficult	Safe	Dangerous	Relaxina	Stressful
cashier			1			1 1		
chef		П	TI	TT	Til.	I I	Ti	1
flight attendant	П		TI	1	1.1	Ti I	11	- C
judge	П	П	.01	77	11	III	TI	1
musician	F	T	11	11	FI	FI	V	
nurse	11	T		1	FI	11-	FI	101
police officer	11					1	П	П
alesperson	П			n	1	TI		- 17
security guard	11	1		Y	T	FE		П
singer	V	11		TT	11	T.I		ET.

Source: Interviews with people between the ages of 17 and 55

Which opinions do you agree with? Which do you disagree with? Why? Add your opinions to the chart. Check ( ) one adjective for each job.

### CONVERSATION That's exciting!

Disten and practice.

Richard: Hey, Stephanie. I hear you have a new job.

Stephanie: Yes. I'm teaching math at Lincoln

High School.

Richard: How do you like it?

Stephanie: It's great. The students are terrific.

How are things with you?

Richard: Not bad. I'm a firefighter now, you know.

Stephanie: That's exciting!

Richard: Yes, but it's a very stressful job.

And sometimes it's dangerous.



### (3)

### LISTENING It's pretty boring.

Disten. What do these women think of their jobs? Write the correct adjective.



boring



........





\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### Placement of adjectives 0

be + adjective
A firefighter's job is dangerous.
A doctor's job is stressful.

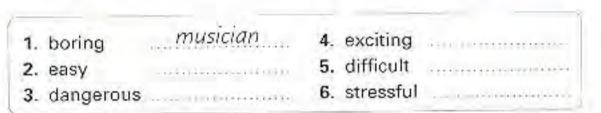
adjective + noun
A firefighter has a dangerous job.

a photographer

A doctor has a stressful job.

#### A Pair work Say each sentence a different way.

- A musician's job is interesting.
   "A musician has an interesting job."
- 2. An athlete's job is exciting.
- A lawyer's job is stressful.
- 4. A security guard has a boring job.
- 5. A photographer has a difficult job.
- 6. A police officer has a dangerous job.
- B Group work Think of one job for each adjective. Do your classmates agree?



A: A musician has a boring job.

- B: I don't really agree. A musician does not have a boring job.
- C: You're right. A musician's job is very exciting.

### INTERCHANGE 8 The perfect job

What do you want in a job? Go to Interchange 8.

### **WORKDAY ROUTINES**

Group work Ask three classmates about their jobs (or their friends' or family members' jobs). Then tell the class.

#### Ask about a classmate

Do you have a job?
Where do you work?
What do you do, exactly?
Is your job interesting?
What time do you start work?
When do you finish work?
Do you like your job?
What do you do after work? . . . .

### Ask about a classmate's friend or family member

Tell me about your . . .
Where does he/she work?
What does he/she do, exactly?
Is his/her job difficult?
What time does he/she start work?
When does he/she finish work?
Does he/she like his job?
What does he/she do after work? . . .



an athlete





Look at the photos. Which job looks the best? Why?

# actress

Lisa Parker has two jobs. She works as a waitress at night, but she's really an actress. During the day, she auditions for plays and television shows. Her schedule is difficult, and she's tired a lot. But she's following her dream.

#### video game tester



Lots of teenagers want John Blue's job. He plays video games for eight hours a day. And he gets paid for it! John is a video game tester for a big video game company. Is it ever boring? Never. John almost always wins!

#### dog walker



Becky Peck walks in the park every day for many hours - rain or shine. Becky is a professional dog walker. She walks dogs for other people. Sometimes she takes 20 dogs to the park at one time!

### teacher



Carlos Ruiz is a busy man. He plans lessons, grades homework, helps with after-school activities - and of course, he teaches! His salary isn't great, but that's OK. His students like his class, so he's happy.

A Read the article. Who says these things? Write your guesses.

- 1. "After I win, I take a break."
- "I don't usually work in the summer."
- 3. "The restaurant closes late around 2:00 A.M."
- "After work, my feet and arms are tired!"

B Write a short description of a job, but don't write the name of the job. Then read it to the class. Your classmates guess the job.

# Units 7-8 Progress check

### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Ask and answer simple present yes/no questions (Ex. 1)	1.1		TT
Talk about apartments and furniture using there is/there are (Ex. 1)	Fi	17	13
Ask simple present Wh-questions about jobs (Ex. 2)	43	TI	1.3
Listen to and understand descriptions of jobs (Ex. 3)	111	17	
Give opinions about jobs using adjectives and nouns (Ex. 4)	17	F	1.1.

### O A NEW APARTMENT

A Imagine you are moving into this apartment. What things are in the rooms? Draw pictures. Use the furniture in the box and your own ideas.

bed desk lamp sofa chairs dresser mirror table

B Pair work Ask questions about your partner's apartment.

A: I'm moving into a new apartment!

B: That's great! Where is it?

A: . . .

B: What's it like? Does it have many rooms?

A: Well, it has . . . .

B: Does the . . . have . . . ?

A: . . .

B: Do you have a lot of furniture?

A: Well, there's . . . in the . . . . There are some . . . in the . . . .

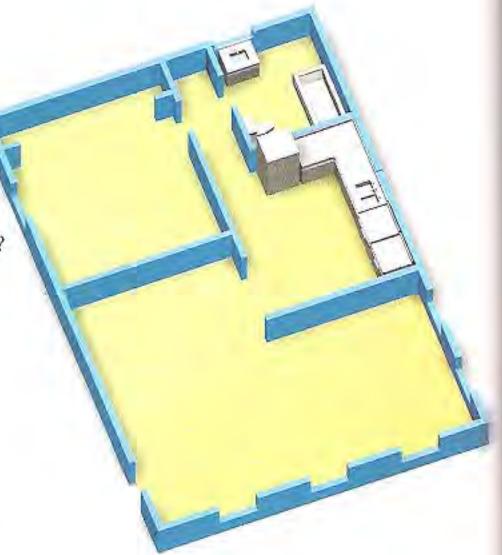
B: Do you have everything you need for the apartment?

A: No, I don't. There's no . . . .

There isn't any . . . .

There aren't any . . . .

B: OK. Let's go shopping this weekend!





### WHERE DOES HE WORK?

A Complete the conversations with Wh-questions.

1. A	: Where does your father work ?	2. A:	?
В	: My father? He works in a store.	B: I'm an accountant.	
A	:	A:	?
В	: He's a salesperson.	B: I work in an office.	
A		A:	2
В	: He likes his job a lot!	B: It's OK. I guess I like it.	

**B** Pair work Your partner asks the questions in part A. Answer with your own information.



### LISTENING Where do they work?

Listen to Linda, Kyle, and Wendy talk about their jobs. Check (✓) the correct answers.

	Where do the	ey work?	What do the	ey do?
<ol> <li>Linda</li> <li>Kyle</li> <li>Wendy</li> </ol>	office school restaurant	store hospital hospital	receptionist nurse manager	doctor teacher cook



### AN INTERESTING JOB

Group work What do you think of these jobs? Give your opinions.









A: I think a teacher has an interesting job.

- B: I don't really agree. I think a teacher's job is boring.
- C: Well, I think a teacher's job is stressful. . . .

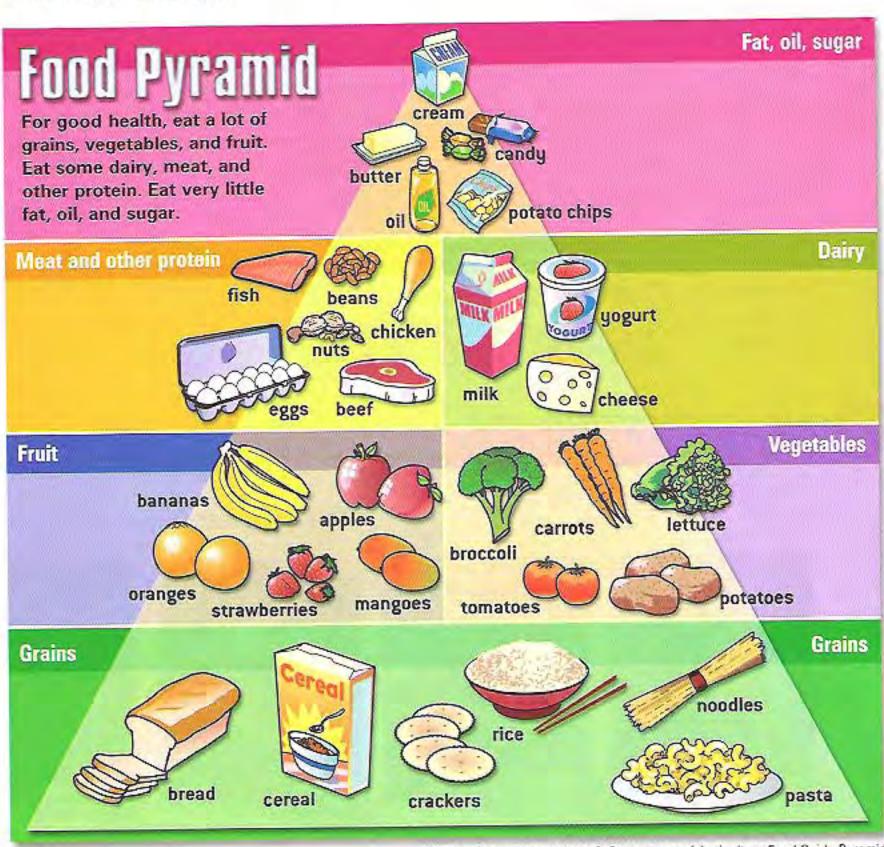
### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# Broccoli is good for you.

### WORD POWER Foods

A D Listen and practice.



Source: Adapted from the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food Guide Pyramid

**B** What foods do you like? What foods don't you like? Make a list. Then tell a partner.

A: I like rice, potato chips, and carrots.
I don't like fish, cheese, and bananas.

B: I like . . .

1 like	I don't like		
rice	fish		
potato chips	cheese		
carrots	bananas		

### 2

### CONVERSATION How about some sandwiches?

#### A Disten and practice.

Adam: What do you want for the picnic? Amanda: Hmm. How about some sandwiches? Adam: OK. We have some chicken in the

refrigerator, but we don't have any bread.

Amanda: And we don't have any cheese.

Adam: Do we have any drinks?

Amanda: No, we need some.

Adam: All right. Let's get some lemonade. Amanda: And let's buy some potato salad. Adam: Sure. Everyone likes potato salad.

**B ()** Listen to the rest of the conversation. Check (✓) the desserts Adam and Amanda want.













☐ fruit salad

☐ cake

☐ pie

□ cookies

☐ ice cream

### (3)

### GRAMMAR FOCUS

### Some and any: count and noncount nount ()

Do we need any eggs?

Yes. Let's get some (eggs).

No. We don't need any (eggs).

Do we need any bread?

Yes. Let's get some (bread).

No, we don't need any (bread).

Count nouns

an egg → eggs

a sandwich → sandwiches

Noncount nouns

bread

lemonade

Specific

I'm eating an egg.

Let's get some bread.

General

Eggs are good for you.

Bread is good for you.

#### A Complete the conversation with some or any.

Amanda: The store doesn't have ....any ... potato salad.

Adam: Well, we have lots of potatoes. Let's make !

Amanda: OK. Do we have ..... mayonnaise?

Adam: Oh, I don't want ..... onions. I hate onions!

Amanda: Then let's get ..... celery.

Adam: No, I don't want ..... celery in my potato salad.

But let's put ..... apples in it.

Amanda: Apples in potato salad? That sounds awful!



B Complete the chart with foods from Exercise 1 on page 58.

Count	Noncount
potatoes	broccoli
	321271
	499000000000000000000000000000000000000

C Group work Look at your chart from part B. What foods are good for you? What foods are bad for you? Make general statements.

A: Broccoli is good for you, but potatoes are bad for you.

B: Are you sure? I think potatoes are good for you. . . .



### PRONUNCIATION Sentence stress

A D Listen and practice. Notice the stressed words.

A: What do you need?

A: Do you need any fruit?

B: I need some bread and some fish.

B: Yes. I want some bananas.

B Make a list of foods you need. Then compare with a partner.

### (<del>5</del>)

### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: www.about.com

What do you have for breakfast? Check (✓) the foods. What else do you have for breakfast?

### (E)

### **CONVERSATION** Fish for breakfast?

#### Disten and practice.

Sarah: Let's have breakfast together on Sunday. Kumiko: OK. Come to my house. My family always

has a Japanese-style breakfast on Sundays.

Sarah: Really? What do you have?

Kumiko: We usually have fish, rice, and soup.
Sarah: Fish for breakfast? That's interesting.

Kumiko: Sometimes we have a salad, too.

And we always have green tea.

Sarah: Well, I never eat fish for breakfast,

but I like to try new things.









### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Adverbs of frequency ()

always usually

often

sometimes eat breakfast.

hardly ever

never

Sometimes I eat breakfast.

Do you ever have fish for breakfast? Yes, I always do.

Sometimes I do.

No. I never do.



A Put the adverbs in the correct places. Then practice with a partner.

usually

A: What do you have for breakfast? (usually)

B: Well, I have coffee, cereal, and juice. (often)

A: Do you eat breakfast at work? (ever)

B; I have breakfast at my desk, (sometimes)

A: Do you eat rice for breakfast? (usually)

B: No, I have rice. (hardly ever)



#### B Unscramble the sentences.

1. I have breakfast on never weekends

2. work I snacks eat at hardly ever

3. cat for pasta dinner sometimes I 4. have I dinner with often family my

1 never	nave	preakjas	st on v	veekeria	5,
		X110 X111	11811511		
			- 11		,041742
	incia con	11721111111			

C Rewrite the sentences from part B with your own information. Then compare with a partner.

A: I always have breakfast on weekends.

B: I hardly ever have breakfast on weekends. I usually get up late.

### LISTENING Really? Never?

A Paul and Megan are talking about food. How often does Megan eat these foods? Listen and check (✓) Often, Sometimes, or Never.

	Often	Sometimes	Never
pasta	1	T.T.	T
hamburgers	1.1	7.1	TT
fish	TT		
eggs	TT	1.1	17
broccoli	17		P

**B** Group work Do you ever eat the foods in part A? Tell your classmates.

A: I often eat pasta.

B: Really? I never eat pasta.

C; Well, I . . .





### **MEALTIME HABITS**

A Add three questions about mealtime habits to the chart.

Then ask a partner the questions and complete the chart.

Mealtime habits	Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner
1. Do you usually eat ?			
2. What time do you usually eat ?	initialization and the second		mid distributions
3. Do you ever eat meat for ?			+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
4. Do you ever go to a restaurant for ?			
5. What do you usually drink for ?			
6. What is something you never eat for ?	************		
7		and the contract the contract	
8			***********
9,		*************	

A: Kiyoshi, do you usually eat breakfast?

B: No, I hardly ever do.

B Class activity Tell your classmates about your partner's mealtime habits.

"Kiyoshi hardly ever eats breakfast. But he always cats lunch and dinner. . . ."



### INTERCHANGE 9 Food survey

Complete a food survey. Go to Interchange 9 at the back of the book,



### Eating for Good Luck

On special occasions, do you ever eat any of the foods in these pictures?

On New Year's Day, many people eat special foods for good luck in the new year.



Some Chinese people eat tangerines. Tangerines are round. Round foods end and begin again, like years.



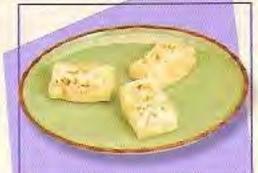
It is a Jewish custom to eat apples with honey for a sweet new year.



Greeks eat vasilopitta, bread with a coin inside. Everyone tries to find the coin for luck and money in the new year.



In Spain and some Latin
American countries,
people eat 12 grapes at
midnight on New Year's
Eve – one grape for good
luck in each month of the
new year.



On New Year's Day in Japan, people eat *mochi* – rice cakes – for strength in the new year.



Some Americans from southern states eat black-eyed peas and rice with collard greens. The black-eyed peas are like coins, and the greens are like dollars.

A Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

round

- 1. Some Chinese people eat tangerines. Tangerines are sweet, like years.
- 2. Some Jewish people eat apples with candy for a sweet new year.
- Greeks eat vasilopitta, bread with beans inside.
- 4. In Europe, people eat 12 grapes for good luck in the new year.
- 5. The Japanese eat chocolate cake for strength in the new year.
- Some Americans eat black-eyed peas. Black-eyed peas are like dollars.

**B** Group work Do you eat anything special on New Year's Day for good luck? Do you do anything special? Tell your classmates.

# 10 I can't ice-skate very well.

### **SNAPSHOT**

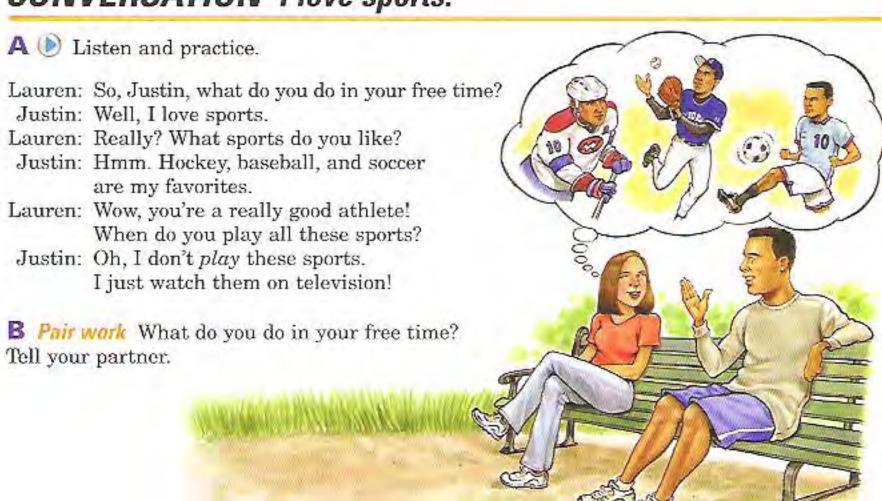
Disten and practice.

#### **Sports Seasons** in the U.S. and Canada In the spring, people . . . . In the summer, people . . . . □ play golf play baseball play tennis play soccer play volleyball □ go swimming In the winter, people . . In the fall, people . . . . □ play football □ play hockey go bike riding play basketball ☐ go ice-skating □ go hiking ☐ go skiing

Sources: Adapted from ESPN Information Please Sports Almanac; interviews with people between the ages of 18 and 50

What sports are popular in your country? Check (✓) the sports. Do you like sports? What sports do you play or watch?

### **CONVERSATION** I love sports.



#### Simple present Wh-questions

What sports do you play? Who do you play baseball with?

Where do you play?

How often do you practice?

When do you practice?

What time do you start?

I play hockey and baseball.

I play with some friends from work. We have a team.

We play at Hunter Park.

We practice once or twice a week.

We practice on Sundays.

We start at ten o'clock in the morning.

A Complete the conversations with the correct Wh-question words. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A: I watch sports on television every weekend.
  - B: Really? What sports do you like to watch?
  - A: Soccer. It's my favorite!
  - B: ..... do you usually watch soccer?
  - A: On Sunday afternoons.
  - B: And \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually watch it? At home?
  - A: No, at my friend's house. He has a really big television!
- 2. A: \_\_\_\_\_ do you go bike riding?
  - B: Oh, about once a month.
  - A: I love to go bike riding. I go every Sunday.
  - B: Really? ..... do you go?
  - A: Usually at about one o'clock.
  - B: Oh, yeah? ..... do you usually go with?
  - A: My sister. Come with us next time!

### **B** Complete the conversation with questions. Then compare with a partner.

A: What sports do you like

B: I like a lot of sports, but I really love volleyball!

A: ?

B: I usually play with my sister and some friends.

A: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B: We practice on Saturdays.

A: .....?

B: We start at about noon.

A: ......?

B: We usually play in our yard, but sometimes we play at the beach.

C Pair work Ask your partner five questions about sports. Then tell the class.

- A: What sports do you like?
- B: I like baseball and soccer.
- A: When do you play baseball? . . .





### LISTENING What sports do you like?

Listen to the conversations about sports. Complete the chart.

Favorite sport		Do they pla	y or watch it?
1. Lisa	tennis	Play	Watch
2. John		171	[]
3. Sue	personal delivery or register.	F1	L.1
4. Henry		M	171



Can You Sing or Act

SATURDAY: 9:00 AM



### CONVERSATION I can't sing.

Listen and practice.

Kayla: Oh, look. There's a talent contest

on Saturday. Let's enter.

Philip: I can't enter a talent contest.

What can I do?

Kayla: You can sing really well.

Philip: Oh, thanks. . . . Well, you can, too.

Kayla: Oh, no. I can't sing at all - but I

can play the piano.

Philip: So maybe we *can* enter the contest.

Kayla: Sure. Why not?

Philip: OK. Let's practice tomorrow!





### PRONUNCIATION Can and can't

A D Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of can and can't.

/kænt/ I can act, but I can't sing very well.

B Pair work Your partner reads a sentence from the left or right column. Check ( ) the sentence you hear.

- 1. I I can sing. I can't sing.
- 2. I I can act. I can't act.
- I can dance. I can't dance.
- 4. I can swim. I can't swim.

### Can for ability ()

1	you	Ĭ	What can I do?
You	1	you	You can sing.
He can sing very well.	Can he sing?	Yes, he can.	
She can't sing at all.	she	No, she can't.	Who can sing?
We	we	we	Philip can.
They	they	they	

A Kayla is talking about things she can and can't do. Complete these sentences. Then compare with a partner.



1. I can't draw.



2. I ..... act.



3. I ..... sing.



4. I ..... fix cars.



5. I ..... play tennis.



6. I ..... ice-skate very well.



7. I ..... play the piano.

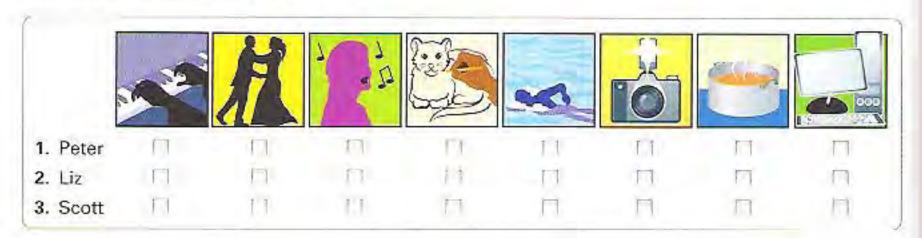


8. I ..... cook at all.

- B Pair work Ask and answer questions about the pictures in part A.
- A: Can Kayla draw?
- B: No, she can't.
- C Group work Can your classmates do the things in part A? Ask and answer questions.
- A: Can you draw, Pedro?
- B: No, I can't, How about you, Sachiko?
- C: I can't draw. But I can act!

### LISTENING I can do that!

Listen to three people talk about their abilities. Check ( ) the things they can do well.



### **WORD POWER**

A D Complete the word map with abilities and talents from the list. Then listen and check.

✓ bake a cake design a Web page do gymnastics fix a car fix a motorcycle paint pictures play chess play the violin ride a horse sing English songs surf tell good jokes



**B** Group work Who can do the things in part A? Make a list of guesses about your classmates.

- A: Who can bake a cake?
- B: I bet Sophie can.
- C: Who can design a Web page? . . .

bake a cake – Sophie	
design a Web page –	

C Class activity Go around the room and check your guesses.

- A: Sophie, can you bake a cake?
- B: Yes, I can.

INTERCHANGE 10 Hidden talents

Learn more about your classmates' hidden talents. Go to Interchange 10 at the back of the book.



## Race the U.S.!

How many different kinds of races can you think of?

#### Read about four unique American races.



Climb the stairs of New York City's **Empire State Building** in the Empire State **Building Run-Up!** 

The climb is 1,050 feet (320 meters) - 86 floors, or 1,575 steps.

Winners can reach the top in just 10 to 11 minutes. Can you?

Take eight or ten days to Race Across America from Irvine, California, to Savannah, Georgia.

Cross the entire U.S. in this 2,900-mile (4,667 kilometer) bicycle race.

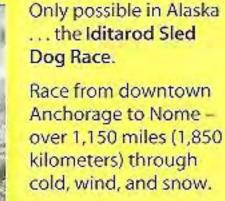
In this race, there are no "time-outs" for sleep. For eight to ten days, racers can sleep only about three hours each day!



Race on the exciting white waters of the Arkansas River in the Downriver Race.

Winners complete the 25.7 miles (41.5 kilometers) in just two hours!

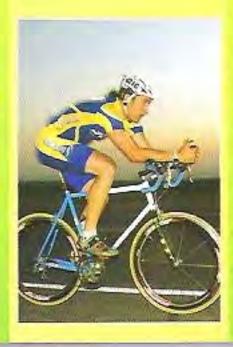
This is the longest downriver race in the U.S. One person. One boat, Take the challenge!



... the Iditarod Sled

Winners usually finish the course in 9 to 12 days and receive cash prizes!





A Read the article. Then complete the chart.

	Places	Distances	Winning times
1. Empire State Building Run-Up	Takin Balan Balan Baran Baran		VIX-10-1114-0-10-11-4-11-1-
2. Race Across America			******************
3. Downriver Race			17 1 313141 34114 11441
4. Iditarod Sled Dog Race	anni mani di constituti		-19011011101111111111111111

B Group work Make up a race. What is it called? Where is it? What is the distance? What can you win?

## Units 9-10 Progress check

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Talk about foods using some and any (Ex. 1)	17	П	П
Talk about eating habits using adverbs of frequency (Ex. 2)	177	17	LI
Listen to and understand questions about sports (Ex. 3)	77	17	
Ask and answer simple present Wh-questions (Ex. 4)	17	17	171
Talk about job abilities using can (Ex. 5)	П	H	1.1

#### **CLASS PICNIC**

Group work Plan a class picnic. Choose two main dishes, two salads, two drinks, and two desserts. Then tell the class.

Main dishes	
Salads	
Drinks	
Desserts	

useful expressions
Do we want any ?
Let's get / make some
I don't want / like

#### SNACK SURVEY

Pair work Does your partner ever eat these snacks?
Ask questions and complete the survey.

	always	usually	sometimes	hardly ever	never
1. popcorn	111	17	D	П	n
2. cookies	177	FT	1.3	FI	1.1
3. chocolate	E				T
4. bananas	111	117	FI	TI	
5. potato chips	1-1	171	11	1.1	11
6. apples	1.4		17	П	

- A: Do you ever have popcorn as a snack?
- B: Yes, I aways have popcorn. OR No, I never have popcorn.

#### LISTENING What do you play?

- Listen to Jenny ask Ben about sports. Check (✓) Ben's answers.
- 1. I play baseball.
  - I play basketball.
- 2. Some friends from school.
  - Some friends from work.
- 3. At 6:30 P.M.
  - At 6:30 A.M.
- 4. Every day.
  - Every week.
- On the weekends. In the afternoons.
- 6. At the park,
  - In the yard.



#### WHAT DO YOU LIKE?

A Complete the chart with things you love, like, and don't like.

	I love	I like	I don't like
Sports	10101-0010003-0001000100000	Control of the Contro	11112312212222222
Foods	***************************************	OTTOMIC CONTRACTOR	
Clothes			***************************************

B Pair work Find out what your partner loves, likes, and doesn't like. Then ask more questions with who, where, how often, or when.

- A: What sports do you love?
- B: I love ice-skating.
- A: Who do you usually go ice-skating with? . . .



#### JOB ABILITIES

Group work What can these people do well? Make a list. Use the abilities in the box and your own ideas. Then tell the class.









bake cook draw fix a car fix a motorcycle paint play the piano read music

- A: A chef can cook very well.
- B: A chef can also bake things, like cakes.
- C: Also, a chef can . . .

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

## What are you going to do?

#### **MONTHS AND DATES**

A D Listen. Practice the months and the dates.

#### Months Dates 1st first January 11th eleventh 21st twenty-first February 2nd second 12th twelfth 22nd twenty-second March 3rd third 13th thirteenth 23rd twenty-third April 4th fourth 14th fourteenth 24th twenty-fourth May 5th fifth 15th fifteenth 25th twenty-fifth June 16th sixteenth 6th sixth 26th twenty-sixth July 7th seventh 17th seventeenth 27th twenty-seventh August September 8th eighth 18th eighteenth 28th twenty-eighth October 9th ninth 19th nineteenth 29th twenty-ninth November 10th tenth 20th twentieth 30th thirtieth December 31st thirty-first

B Class activity Go around the room.

Make a list of your classmates' birthdays.

A: Anna, when's your birthday? B: July 21st. When's your birthday? My classmates' birthdays Anna — July 21st

#### ONVERSATION Happy birthday!

Listen and practice.

Angie: Are you going to do anything exciting

this weekend?

Philip: Well, I'm going to celebrate my birthday. Angie: Fabulous! When is your birthday, exactly?

Philip: It's August ninth – Sunday. Angie: So what are your plans?

Philip: Well, my friend Kayla is going to

take me out for dinner.

Angie: Nice! Is she going to order a cake? Philip: Yeah, and the waiters are probably

going to sing "Happy Birthday" to me. It's so embarrassing,



#### The future with be going to D

Are you going to do anything this weekend?

Yes, I am. I'm going to celebrate my birthday. No, I'm not. I'm going to stay home.

Is Kayla going to have a party for you?

Yes, she is. She's going to invite all my friends. No, she isn't. She's going to take me out for dinner.

Are the waiters going to sing to you?

Yes, they are. They're going to sing "Happy Birthday." No, they aren't. But they're going to give me a cake.

A What are these people going to do this weekend? Write sentences. Then compare with a partner.

















- 1. They're going to go dancing.
- 2. She's going to read.
- B Pair work Is your partner going to do the things in part A this weekend? Ask and answer questions.
- A: Are you going to go dancing this weekend?
- B: Yes, I am. I'm going to go to a new dance club downtown.
- A: Are you going to go with a friend? . . .



#### INTERCHANGE 11 Guessing game

Make guesses about your classmates' plans. Go to Interchange 11.

#### **3**

#### PRONUNCIATION Reduction of going to

- A D Listen and practice. Notice the reduction of going to to /gono/.
- A: Are you going to have a party?
- A: Are you going to go to a restaurant?
- B: No, I'm going to go out with a friend.
- B: Yes. We're going to go to Nick's Café.
- B Pair Work Ask your partner about his or her weekend plans. Try to reduce going to.

#### (6)

#### LISTENING Evening plans

A It's 5:30 P.M. What are these people's evening plans? Write your guesses in the chart.

B Listen to the interviewer ask these people about their plans. What are they really going to do? Complete the chart.



Your guess	What they're really going to do		
Michelle is going to go to the gym	Michelle		
Kevin	Kevin		
Robert	Robert		
Jane	Jane		



#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Source: The Concise Columbia Encyclopedia

Do you celebrate any of these holidays? How do you celebrate them? What are some holidays in your country? What's your favorite holiday?

#### 0

#### CONVERSATION Have a good Valentine's Day.

#### Listen and practice.

Mona: So, Tyler, are you going to do anything

special for Valentine's Day?

Tyler: Yeah, I'm going to take my girlfriend out

for dinner.

Mona: Oh, really? Where are you going to go? Tyler: Laguna's. It's her favorite restaurant.

Mona: Oh, she's going to like that!

Tyler: How about you? What are you going to do?

Mona: Well, I'm not going to go to a restaurant,

but I am going to go to a dance.

Tyler: Sounds like fun. Well, have a good

Valentine's Day.

Mona: Thanks. You, too.



#### 0

#### **GRAMMAR FOCUS**

#### Wh-questions with be going to 0

What are you going to do for Valentine's Day?
I'm going to go to a dance.

I'm not going to go to a restaurant.

Where are you going to go?

We're going to go to Laguna's.

We're not going to stay home.

How are you going to get there?

We're going to drive.

We're not going to take a bus.

Who's going to be there?

My friends are going to be there.

My sister isn't going to be there.

A Complete this conversation with the correct form of be going to. Then practice with a partner.

A: What are you going to do (do) for Halloween?

B: I don't know. I ...... (not do) anything special.

A: Well, Pat and I ...... (have) a party. Can you come?

B: Sure! Where ...... you ...... (have) the party?

A: It ...... (be) at Pat's house.

B: What time ...... the party ..... (start)?

A: At 6:00. And it ..... (end) around midnight.

B: Who ...... you ..... (invite)?

A: We ...... (ask) all our good friends.

B Group work Ask your classmates about their plans.

Use the time expressions in the box.

A: What are you going to do tonight?

B: I'm going to go to a party.

C: Oh, really? Who's going to be there?

B: Well, Lara and Rosa are going to come. But Jeff isn't going to be there. . . . time expressions (a)

tonight next week
tomorrow next month
tomorrow night next summer



#### WORD POWER Special occasions

A D Listen and practice. Then check (1) the things you do for each special occasion.

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		Dad S	T	-	福斯
31	Mother's Day	Father's Day	Graduation	Wedding	Anniversary
send cards	1.1	11	117	1-1	11
give presents	FI	TT	(1)		11
take pictures	1	n	177		111
sing songs	(A)	1.1	17		FI
dance	1.3	101	- 11		1.1
eat cake		-	177		171
have a party	17-1	D	la la		17
have a picnic	T	[6]	To the second	177	111
eat special food	T		TT.	TT	111
wear special clothes	T	П	T	77	(1)

B Group work What special occasions are you going to celebrate this year? When are they? How are you going to celebrate them? Ask your classmates.

- A: What special occasions are you going to celebrate this year?
- B: I'm going to go to my sister's wedding.
- C: Really? When is she going to get married?

#### HOLIDAYS AND FESTIVALS

What is the holiday or festival? When is it? What are you going to do? Where are you going to go? Who's going to be there?

When are you going to go? How are you going to get there?

A: What is the holiday or festival?

B: It's Cinco de Mayo.

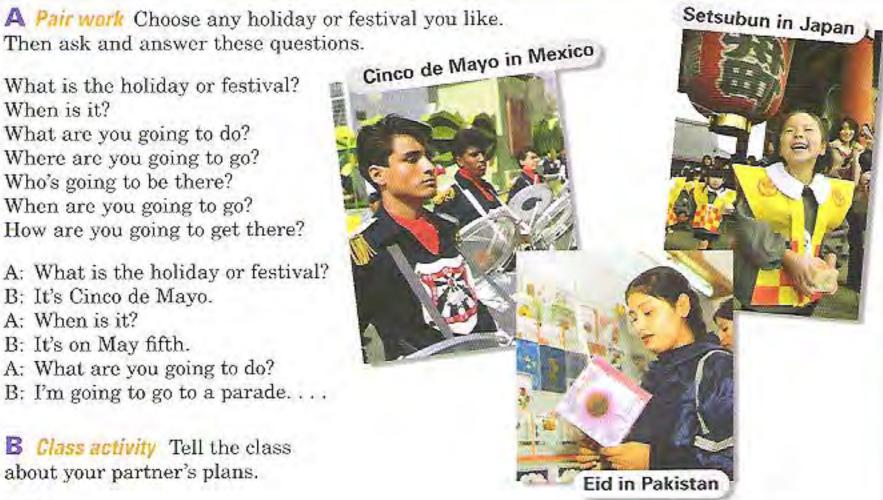
A: When is it?

B: It's on May fifth.

A: What are you going to do?

B: I'm going to go to a parade. . . .

B Class activity Tell the class about your partner's plans.





## What are you going to do on your

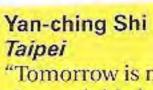
Scan the article. How old is each person going to be?



#### Elena Buenaventura Madrid

"My twenty-first birthday is on Saturday, and I'm going to go out with some friends. To wish me a happy birthday,

they're going to pull on my ear 21 times – once for each year. It's an old custom. Some people pull on the ear just once, but my friends are very traditional!"



"Tomorrow is my sixteenth birthday. It's a special birthday, so we're going to have a family ceremony.



I'm probably going to get some money in 'lucky' envelopes from my relatives. My mother is going to cook noodles – noodles are for a long life."



Mr. and Mrs. Aoki Kyoto

"My husband is going to be 60 tomorrow. In Japan, the sixtieth birthday is called kanreki – it's the

beginning of a new life. The color red represents a new life, so children often give something red as a present. What are our children going to give him? A red hat and vest!"

#### Philippe Joly Paris

"I'm going to be 30 next week, so I'm going to invite three



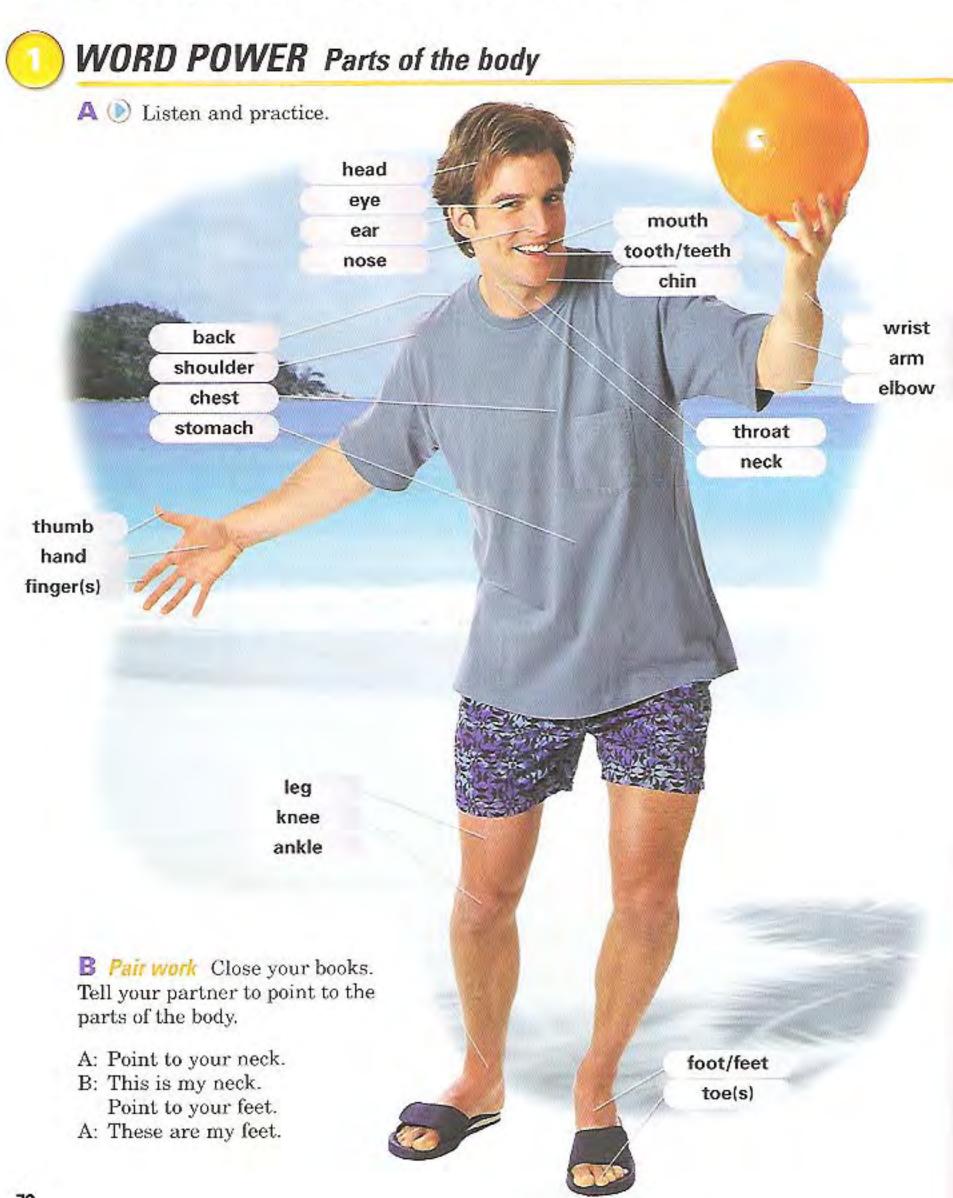
very good friends out to dinner. In France, when you have a birthday, you often invite people out. In some countries, I know it's the opposite – people take you out."

A Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

- 1. To celebrate her birthday, Elena is going to pull on her friends' ears.
- 2. Yan-ching is going to cook some noodles on her birthday.
- 3. On his birthday, Mr. Aoki is going to buy something red.
- 4. Philippe's friends are going to take him out to dinner on his birthday.

B Group work How do people usually celebrate birthdays in your country? Do you have plans for your next birthday? How about the birthday of a friend or family member? What are you going to do? Tell your classmates.

## Mhat's the matter?





#### CONVERSATION I feel homesick.

#### Listen and practice.

Brian: Hey, Kenichi. How are you? Kenichi: Oh, I'm not so good, actually. Brian: Why? What's the matter?

Kenichi: Well, I have a headache. And a backache.

Brian: Maybe you have the flu. Kenichi: No, I think I just feel a little

homesick for Japan.

Brian: That's too bad. . . . But maybe I can help.

Let's have lunch at that new Japanese

restaurant.

Kenichi: That's a great idea, Thanks, Brian.

I feel better already!



#### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### Have + mount has - edjective 🔊

What's the matter? What's wrong?

I have the flu.

I have a headache. I have a backache.

How are you? How do you feel?

> I feel homesick. I feel better.

I don't feel well.

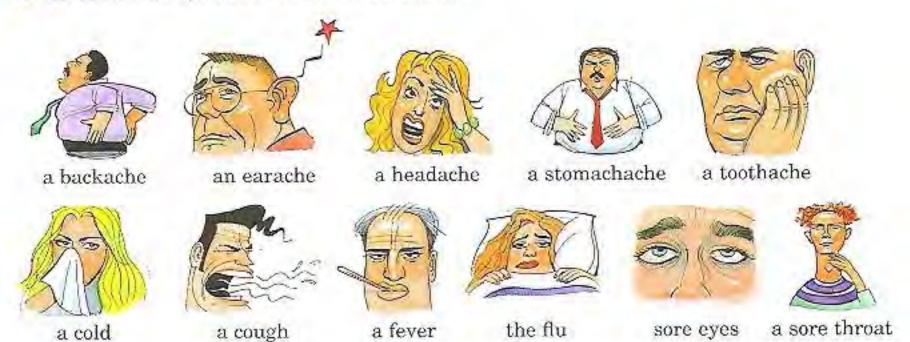
Negative adjectives

sick awful terrible miserable

Positive adjectives

> fine great terrific fantastic

#### A D Listen and practice. "He has a backache."



- B Pair work Act out a health problem. Your partner guesses the problem.
- A: What's wrong? Do you have a headache?
- B: No, I don't.
- A: Do you have an earache?
- B: Yes, that's right!

C Class activity Go around the class. Find out how your classmates feel today. Respond with an expression from the box.

A: How do you feel today, Jun?

B: I feel fine, thanks. What about you, Leo?

A: I feel terrible. I have a stomachache.

B: I'm sorry to hear that.

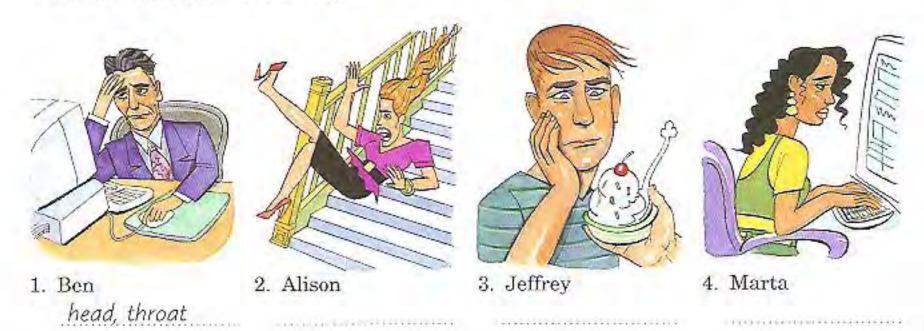
#### expressions

That's good.
I'm glad to hear that.
That's too bad.
I'm sorry to hear that.



#### LISTENING I have a headache.

A Delisten to the conversations. Where do these people hurt? Write down the parts of the body.



- B Pair work Ask and answer questions about the people in part A.
- A: What's the matter with Ben?
- B: He has a headache and a sore throat.



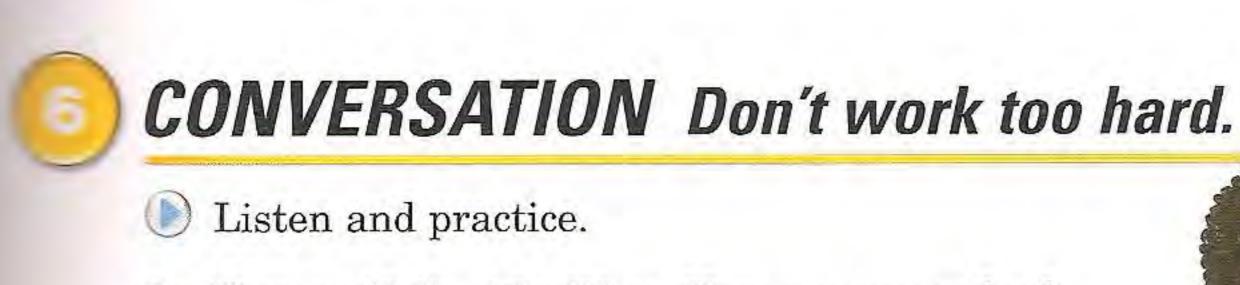
#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Sources: Based on information from Almanac of the American People and interviews with people between the ages of 25 and 50

What medications do you have at home? What are these medications for?



Dr. Young: Hello, Ms. West. How are you today?

Ms. West: Not so good.

Dr. Young: So, what's wrong, exactly?

Ms. West: I'm exhausted!

Dr. Young: Hmm. Why are you so tired?

Ms. West: I don't know. I just can't sleep at night.

Dr. Young: OK. Let's take a look at you.

A few minutes later

Dr. Young: I'm going to give you some pills.

Take one pill every night after dinner.

Ms. West: OK.

Dr. Young: And don't drink coffee, tea, or soda.

Ms. West: Anything else?

Dr. Young: Yes. Don't work too hard.

Ms. West: All right. Thanks,

Dr. Young.



Delisten to Dr. Young talk to four other patients. What does she give them? Check (✓) the correct medications.

	Antacid	Aspirin	Cold pills	Eye drops	Muscle cream
1. Ben					
2. Alison					
3. Jeffrey					
4. Marta					

## PRONUNCIATION Sentence intonation

A D Listen and practice. Notice the intonation in these sentences.

Take some aspirin.

Don't drink coffee.

Go to bed.

Don't work too hard.

Use some muscle cream.

Don't exercise this week.

B Pair work Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again. Pay attention to the sentence intonation.

#### Imperatives ()

Take a pill every four hours.

Rest in bed.

Drink lots of juice.

Don't work too hard.

Don't stay up late.

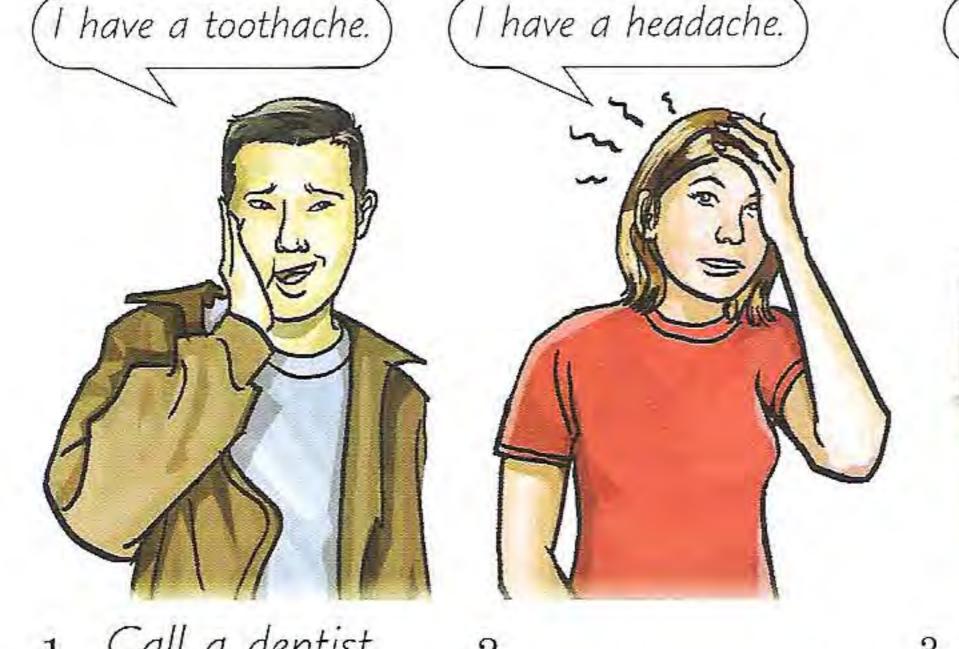
Don't drink soda.

A Complete these sentences. Use the correct forms of the words in the box.

✓ call	see	not go	not drink
listen	take	✓ not worry	not eat

1. Call a dentist.	5 to relaxing music.
2. Don't worry too much.	6 a doctor.
3 two aspirin.	7 coffee.
4 to school.	8 any candy.

Write two pieces of advice for each problem. Use the sentences from part A or your own ideas.







have the flu.



1. Call a dentist.

C Pair work Act out the problems from part B. Your partner gives advice.

- A: I feel miserable!
- B: What's the matter?
- A: I have a terrible toothache!
- B: I have an idea. Call a dentist. . . .

## INTERCHANGE 12 Helpful advice

Give advice for some common problems. Go to Interchange 12.

# 10 Simple Ways to Improve Your Health

Can you think of some ways to improve your health? Don't look at the article.

Believe it or not, you can greatly improve your health in ten simple ways.

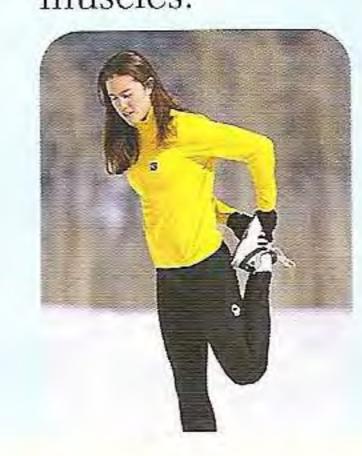
- Breakfast gives you energy for the morning.
- Go for a walk.
  Walking is good
  exercise, and
  exercise is necessary
  for good health.



Don't just brush them. Flossing keeps your gums healthy.



- Drink eight cups of water every day.
  Water helps your body in many ways.
- Stretch for five minutes. Stretching is important for your muscles.



Wear a seat belt.

Every year, seat
belts save thousands
of lives.





- Do something to challenge your brain. For example, do a crossword puzzle or read a new book.
- Protect
  your skin.
  Use lots of
  moisturizer
  and sunscreen.



- Your bones need it. Dairy foods, like yogurt, milk, and cheese, have calcium.
- Take a "time-out" a break of about 20
  minutes. Do something
  different. For example, get
  up and walk. Or sit down
  and listen to music.

Source: Cooking Light® Magazine

A Read the article. Then complete the sentences.

- 1. To get exercise, go for a walk
  2. To help your bones,
  3. To help your muscles,
  4. To keep your gums healthy,
  5. To have energy for the morning,
  6. To challenge your brain,
- B Group work What things in the article do you do regularly? What else do you do for your health? Tell your classmates.

## Units 11-12 Progress check

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Ask and answer yes/no questions about holidays with be going to (Ex.	1)	П	
Ask and answer Wh-questions about future plans with be going to (Ex.	2)		
Use future time expressions (Ex. 2)			
Listen to and understand conversations about problems (Ex. 3)			
Talk about problems using have + noun and feel + adjective (Ex. 4)			
Give advice using imperatives (Ex. 4)		П	

## HOLIDAY SURVEY

A Complete the questions with names of different holidays.

Are you going to?	Name
dance on	
give presents on	
have a party on	*****************
send cards on	
take photos on	

B Class activity Are your classmates going to do the things in part A? Go around the class and find this information. Try to write a different name on each line.

## PLANS, PLANS, PLANS

Complete these questions with different time expressions. Then ask a partner the questions.

1.	How are you going to get home tonight	?
2.	What time are you going to go to bed	?
3.	Who's going to be here	?
4.	Where are you going to go	?
5.	What are you going to do	?
6.	Who are you going to eat dinner with	?

#### LISTENING What's the matter?

Listen to six conversations. Number the pictures from 1 to 6.



..... This person needs some ketchup.



This person has a backache.



This person can't dance very well.





...... This person is going to take a test tomorrow.



This person has the flu.



## THAT'S GREAT ADVICE!

A Write a problem on a piece of paper. Then write advice for the problem on a different piece of paper.

I'm homesick.

Call your family.

B Class activity Put the papers with problems and the papers with advice in two different boxes. Then take a new paper from each box. Go around the class and find the right advice for your problem.

A: I feel terrible.

B: What's the matter?

A: I'm homesick.

B: Maybe I can help. See a dentist.

A: That's terrible advice!

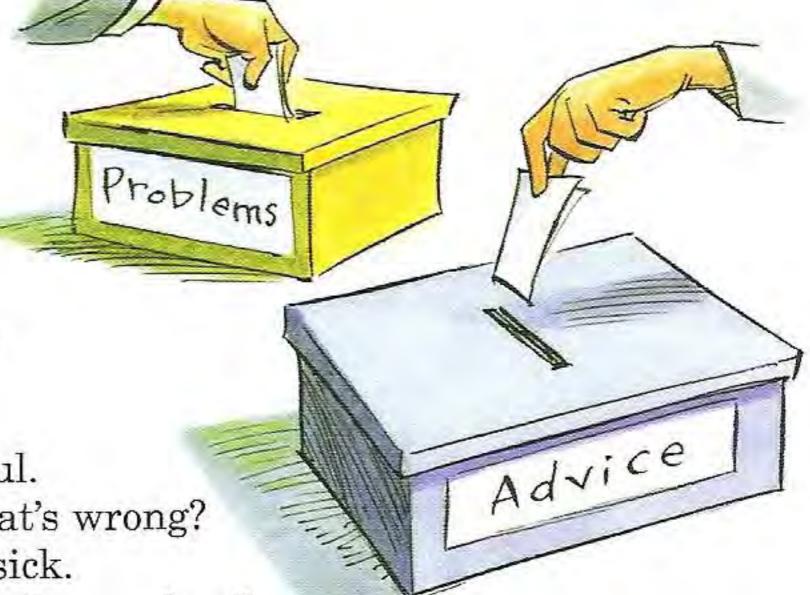
A: I feel awful.

C: Why? What's wrong?

A: I'm homesick.

C: I know! Call your family.

A: That's great advice. Thanks!



#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

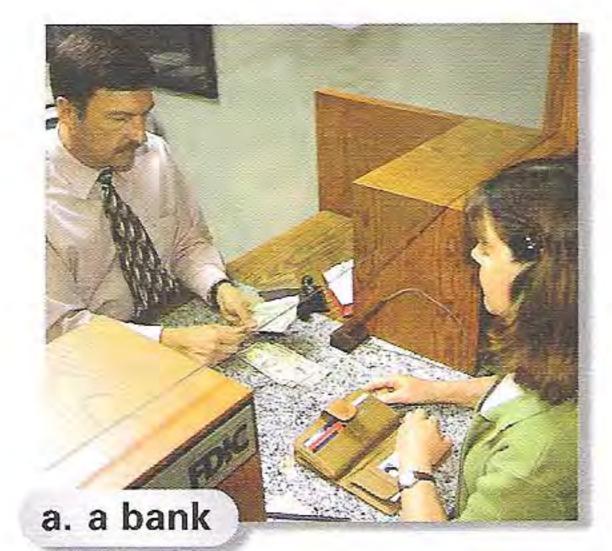
# 73 You can't miss it.



## WORD POWER Places and things

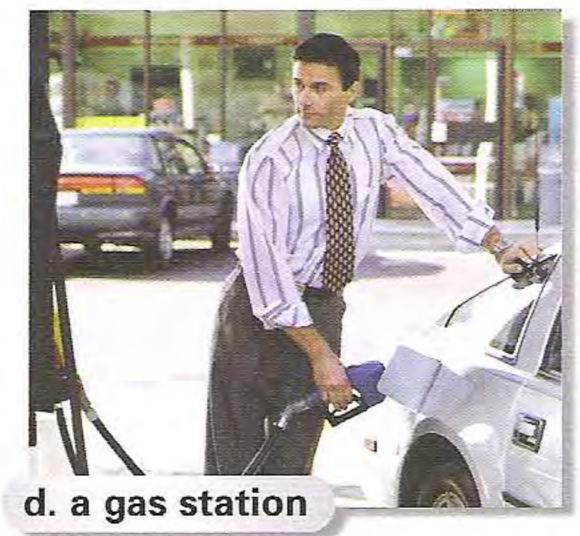
A Where can you get these things? Match the things with the places. Then listen and practice. "You can buy aspirin at a drugstore."

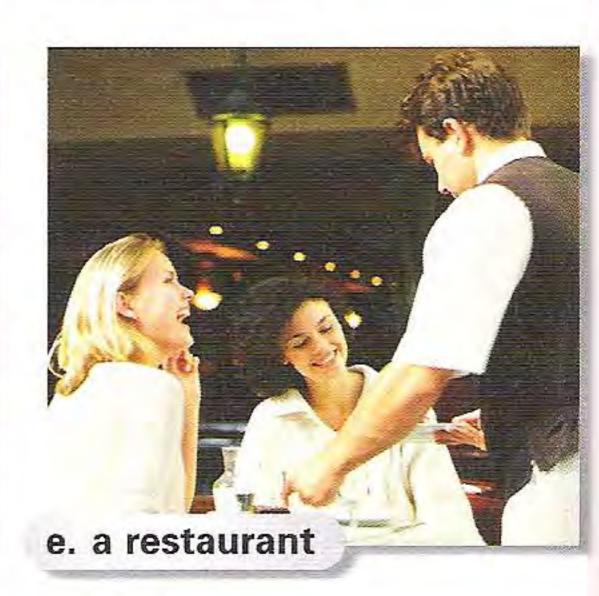
- 1. aspirin .....................
- 2. bread .....
- 3. a dictionary ......
- 4. gasoline ......
- 5. a sandwich .....
- 6. stamps ......
- 7. a sweatshirt ......
- 8. traveler's checks .....

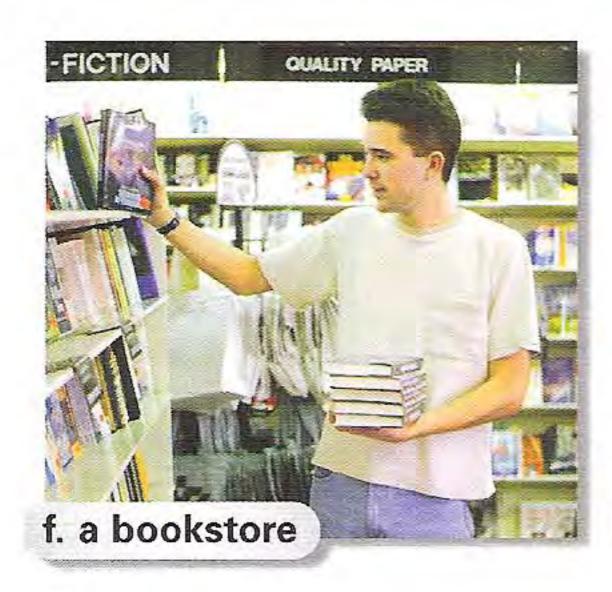


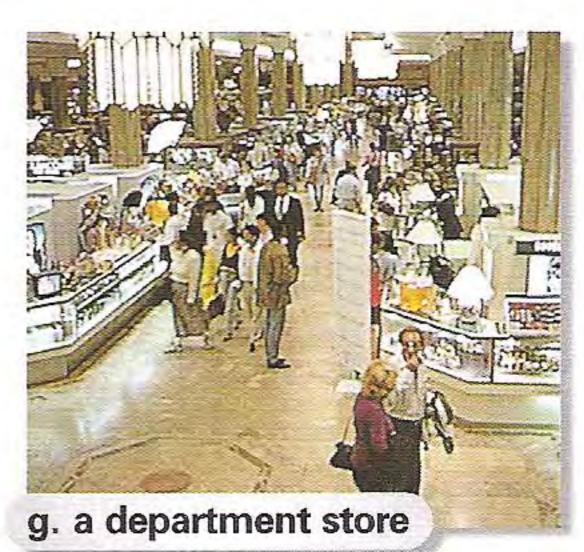














- B Pair work What else can you get or do in the places in part A? Make a list.
- A: You can get money at a bank.
- B: You can also . . .

## 2

### LISTENING I need a new swimsuit.

A Delisten to the Anderson family's conversations. What do they need? Where are they going to buy them? Complete the chart.

	What	Where
1. Jean	a swimsuit	
2. Mom		the supermarket
3. Dad		
4. Mike		

B Pair work What do you need? Where are you going to buy it? Tell your partner.

"I need a dictionary, so I'm going to go to a bookstore. . . ."

## 3

## CONVERSATION It's across from the park.

Listen and practice.

Man: Excuse me. Can you help me? Is there a public rest room around here?

Woman: A public rest room? Hmm.
I'm sorry. I don't think so.
Man: Oh, no. My son needs a rest room.

Woman: Well, there's a rest room in the department store on Main Street.

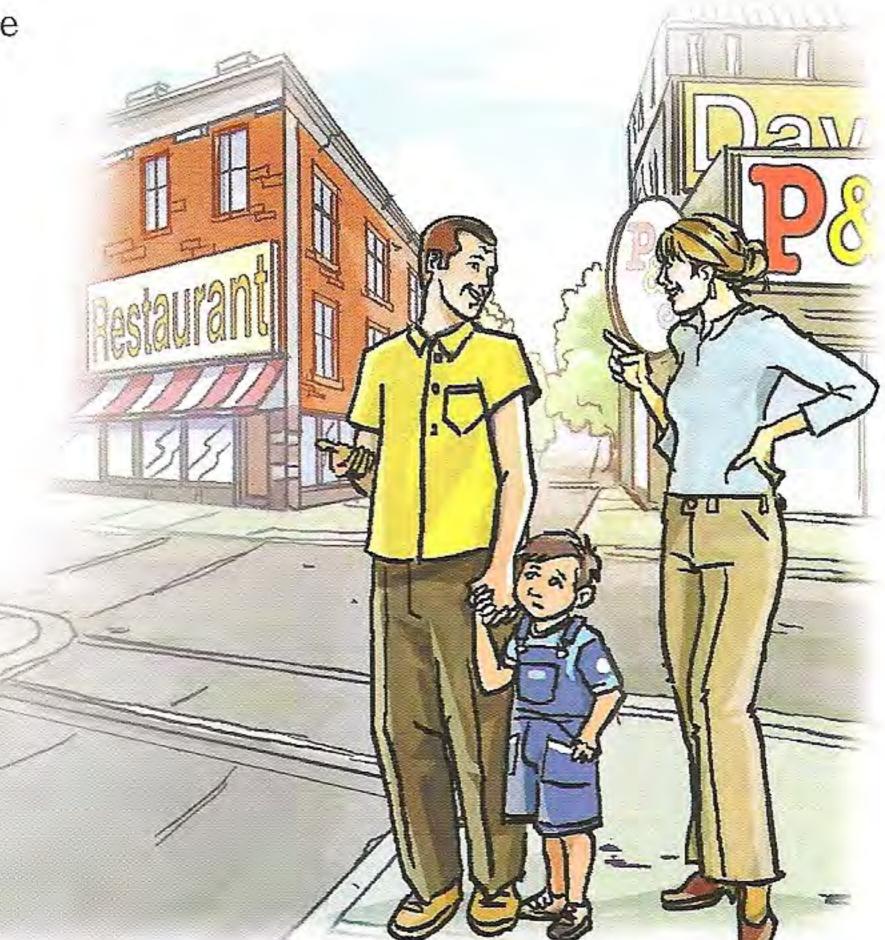
Man: Where on Main Street?

Woman: It's on the corner of Main and First Avenue.

Man: On the corner of Main and First? Woman: Yes, it's across from the park.

You can't miss it.

Man: Thanks a lot.





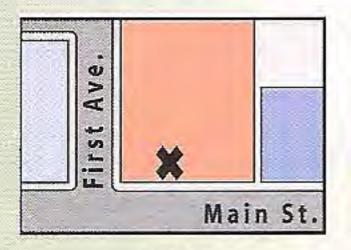
## PRONUNCIATION Compound nouns

Listen and practice. Notice the stress in these compound nouns.

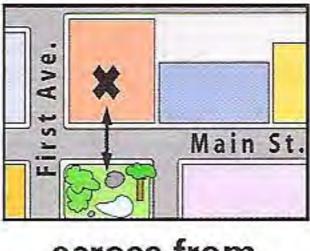
post office gas station rest room coffee shop

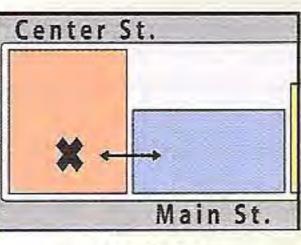
drugstore supermarket bookstore department store

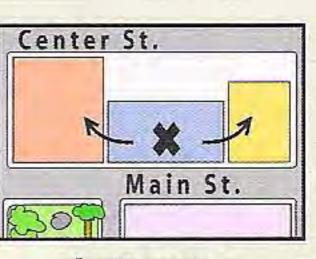
#### Prepositions of place



Main St.







on

on the corner of

across from

next to

between

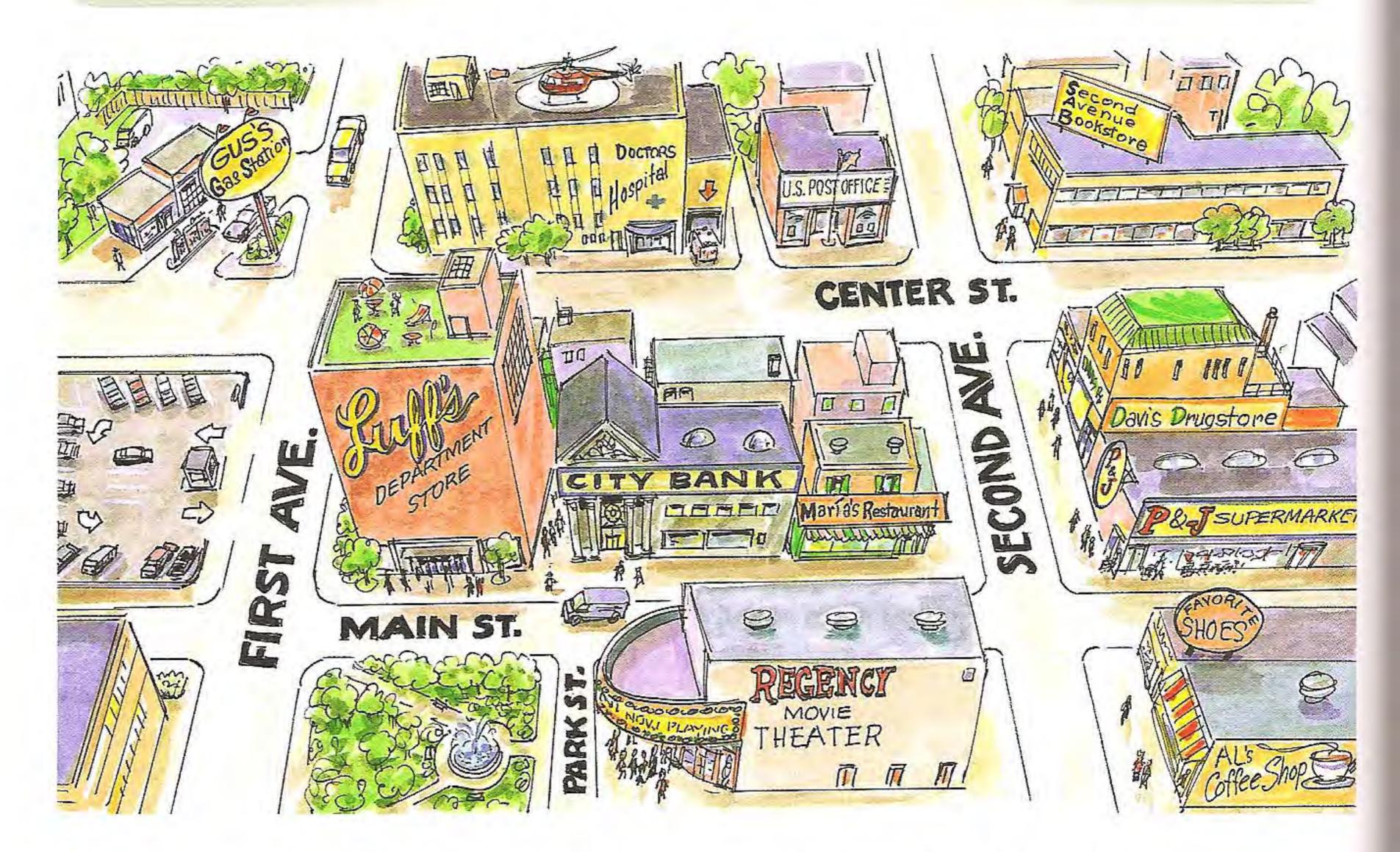
The department store is on Main Street.

It's on the corner of Main and First.

It's across from the park.

It's next to the bank.

The bank is between the department store and the restaurant.



A Look at the map and complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.

2. The movie theater is .............. Park and Main. It's .............. the park.

3. The gas station is ...... the parking lot. It's ...... First and Center.

4. The post office is ...... Center and Second. It's ..... the hospital.

5. The bank is ...... the restaurant and the department store. It's ..... Main Street.

B Pair work Where are these places on the map? Ask and answer questions.

the hospital the shoe store the drugstore the bookstore the park

A: Where is the park?

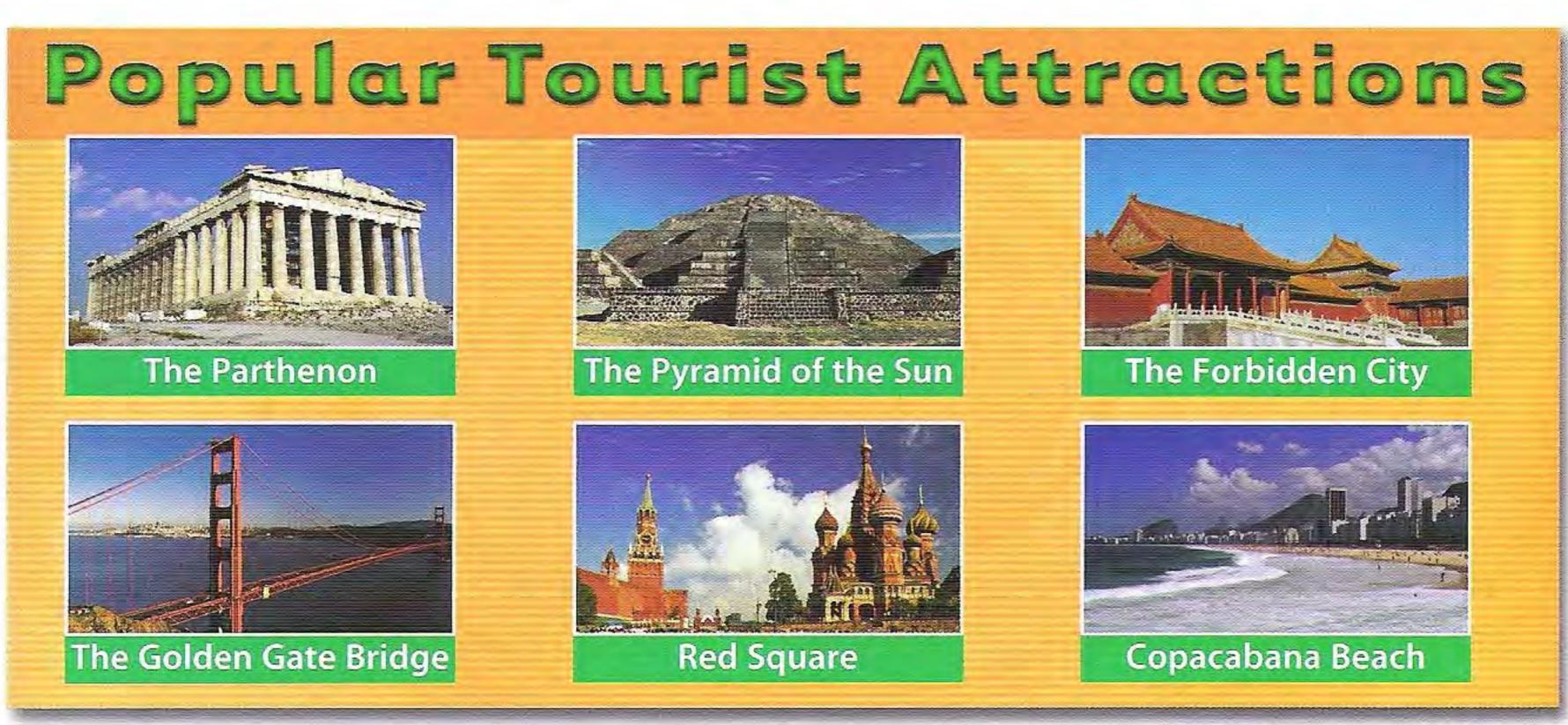
B: It's between Park and First, across from the department store.

## D LISTENING Where is it?

Look at the map in Exercise 5. Listen to four conversations. Where are the people going?

## **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Sources: www.infoplease.com; www.fodors.com

Where are these places? What do you know about them? What tourist attractions in your country are popular? Why?



#### CONVERSATION Is it far from here?

Listen and practice.

Tourist: Excuse me, ma'am. Can you help me? How do I get to St. Patrick's Cathedral?

Woman: Just walk up Fifth Avenue to 50th Street.

St. Patrick's is on the right.

Tourist: Is it near Rockefeller Center?

Woman: Yes, it's right across from

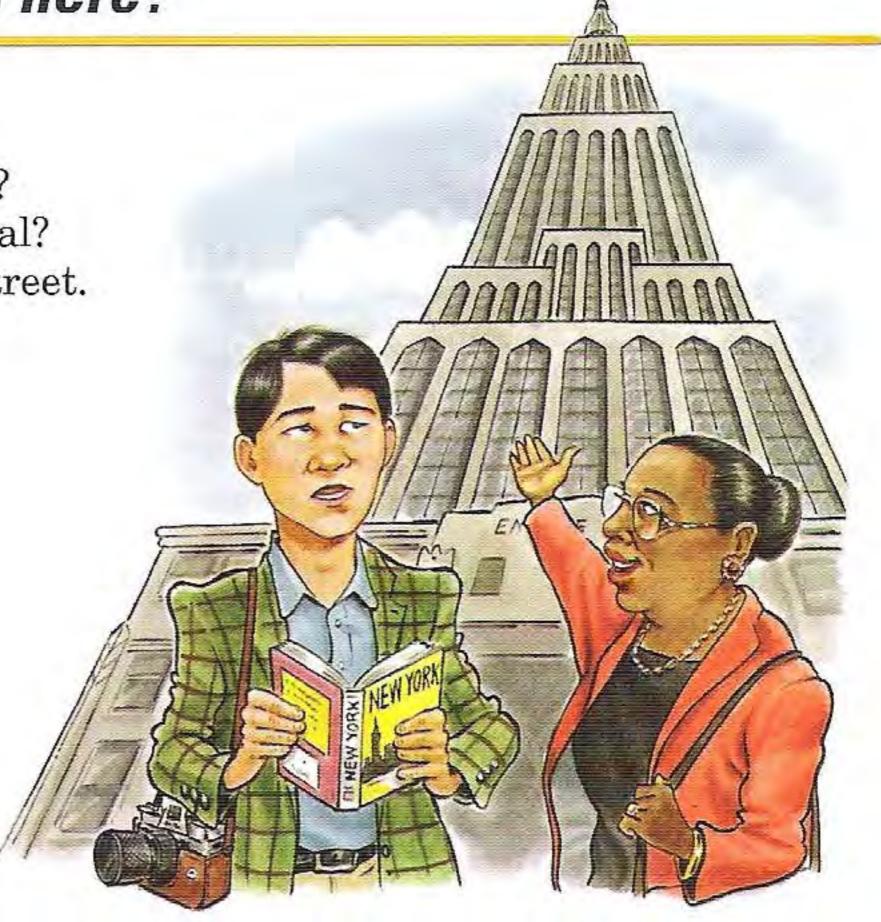
Rockefeller Center.

Tourist: Thank you. And where is the

Empire State Building? Is it far from here?

Woman: It's right behind you.

Just turn around and look up!



#### Directions (

How do I get to Rockefeller Center?

Walk up/Go up Fifth Avenue.

Turn left on 49th Street.

It's on the right.

How can I get to Bryant Park?

Walk down/Go down Fifth Avenue.

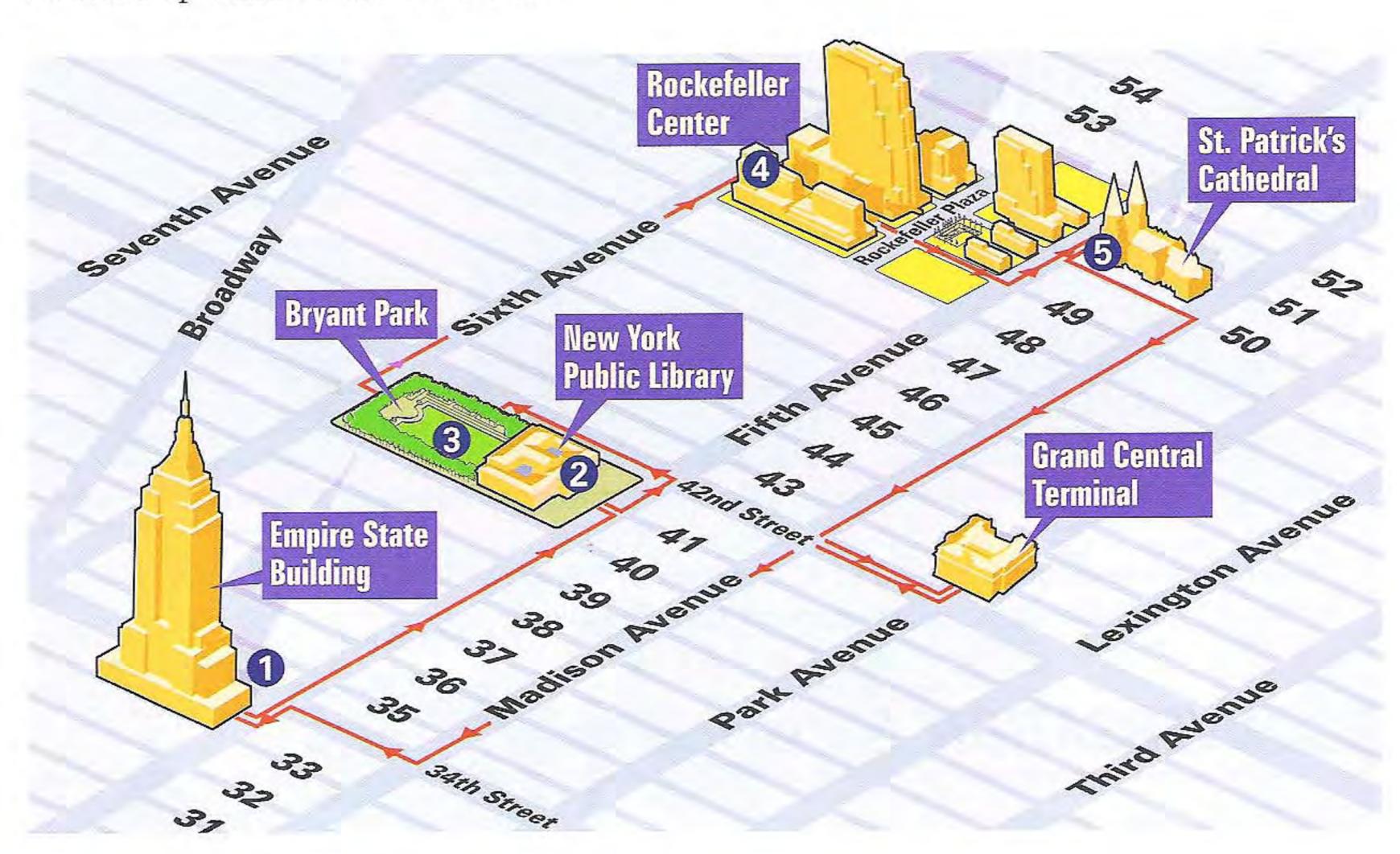
Turn right on 42nd Street.

It's on the left.

*Pair work* Imagine you are tourists at Grand Central Terminal. Ask for directions. Follow the arrows.

A: Excuse me. How do I get to the Empire State Building?

B: Walk up 42nd Street. Turn . . .



## **YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD**

A Draw a map of your neighborhood.

B Pair work Look at your partner's map. Ask for directions to places in your partner's neighborhood.

A: How do I get to the bookstore?

B: Walk . . .

## INTERCHANGE 13 Giving directions

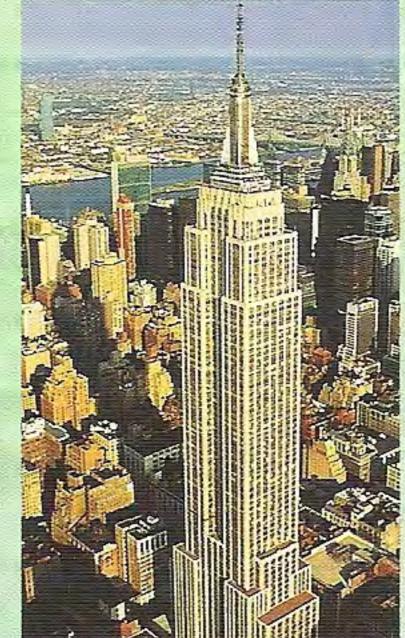
Give directions. Student A find Interchange 13A; Student B find Interchange 13B.



## A Walk Up Fifth Avenue

As you read, look at the map in Exercise 9.

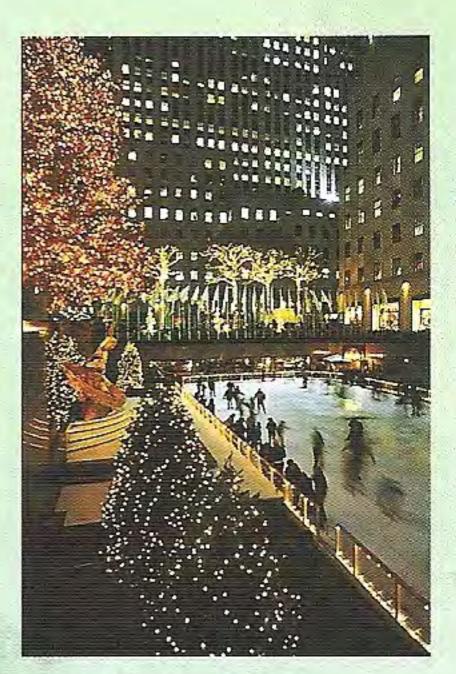
Start your tour at the Empire
State Building on
Fifth Avenue between
33rd and 34th Streets.
This building has
102 floors. Take the
elevator to the 102nd
floor for a great view
of New York City.



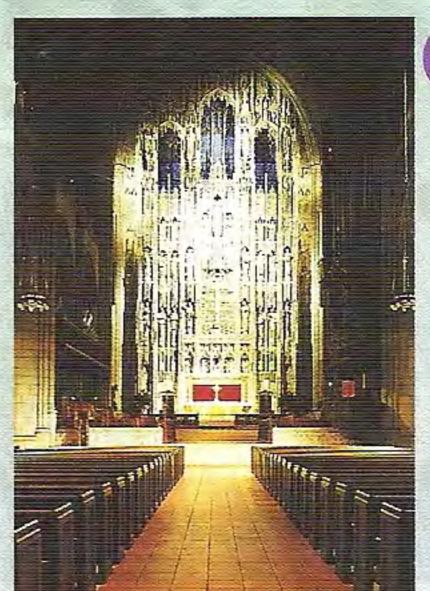
Avenue seven blocks to the New York Public Library. The entrance is between 40th and 42nd Streets. This library holds over 10 million books. Behind the library is Bryant Park. In the summer, there's an outdoor café, and at lunch hour, there are free music concerts.



Avenue to
49th Street. You're
standing in the
middle of the
19 buildings of
Rockefeller Center.
Turn right on
49th Street, walk
another block,
and turn left.
You're in
Rockefeller Plaza.



In the winter, you can ice-skate in the rink there.



Right across from Rockefeller Center on Fifth Avenue is St. Patrick's Cathedral. It's modeled after the cathedral in Cologne, Germany. Go inside St. Patrick's and leave the noisy city behind. Look at the beautiful blue windows.

Many of these windows come from France.

A	Read th	e tourist	information.	Where can you	?
---	---------	-----------	--------------	---------------	---

- go ice-skating in the winter
   sit quietly indoors
- 4. get a view of the city

## B Group work Ask the questions in part A. Answer with information about your city or town.

- A: Where can you listen to music outdoors?
- B: You can listen to music in the park next to the river.
- C: Or you can . . .

# 74 Did you have fun?

## SNAPSHOT

Listen and practice.

# Top Eight Things People Hate to Do 1. stand in line 2. do laundry 3. travel to work 4. go to meetings 5. exercise 6. work in the yard 7. clean the house 8. open the mail

Source: Based on information from The Book of Lists

Do you hate to do these things? What other things do you hate to do? Why?

## CONVERSATION I didn't study!

Listen and practice.

Michael: Hi, Jennifer. Did you have a

good weekend?

Jennifer: Well, I had a busy weekend, and I feel a little tired today.

Michael: Really? Why?

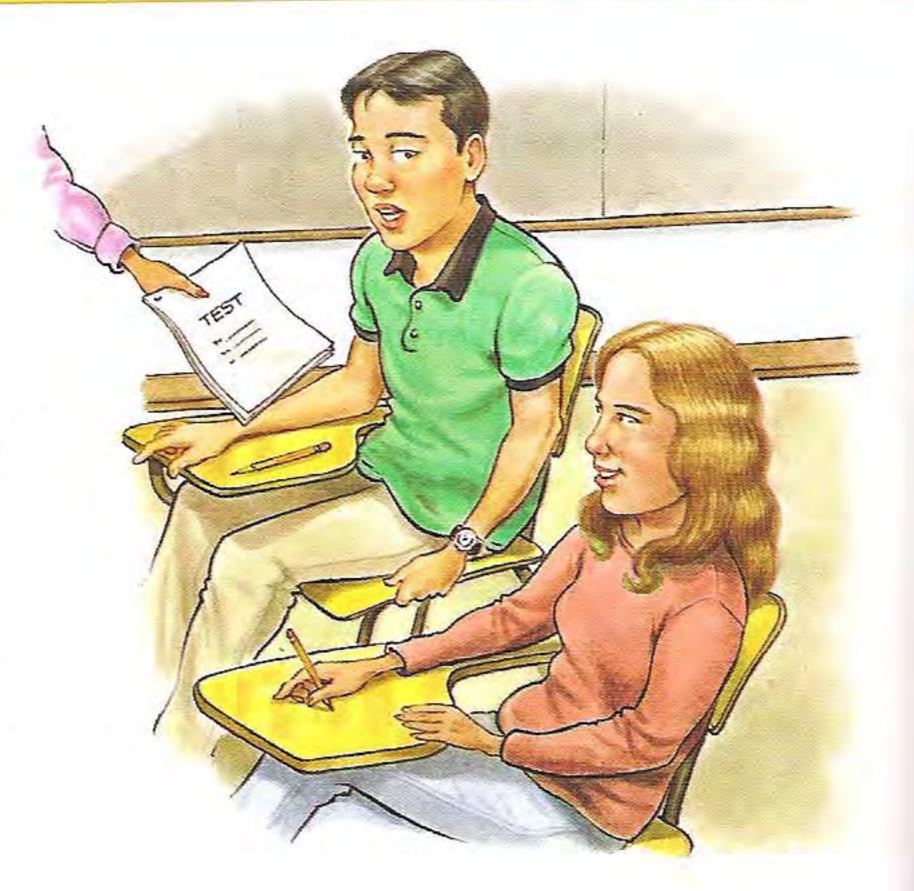
Jennifer: Well, on Saturday, I exercised in

the morning. Then my roommate and I cleaned, did laundry, and shopped. And then I visited

my parents.

Michael: So what did you do on Sunday?
Jennifer: I studied for the test all day.
Michael: Oh, no! Do we have a test today?
I didn't study! I just watched

television all weekend!



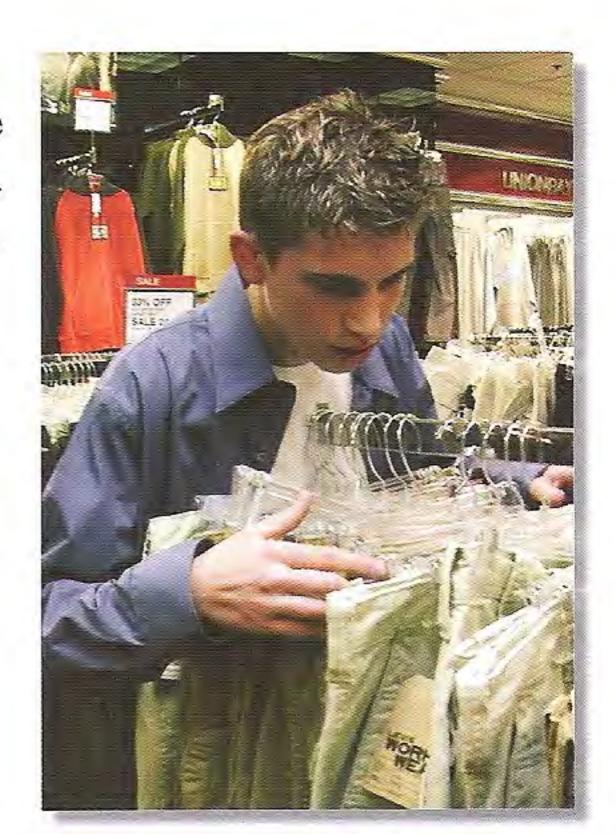
#### Simple past statements: regular verbs ()

on Saturday. I didn't study on Sunday. 1 studied You didn't watch a movie. You watched television. home. She didn't stay out. She stayed for groceries. We didn't shop We shopped for clothes. They didn't exercise on Sunday. They exercised on Saturday. didn't = did not

## Spelling watch → watched exercise → exercised etudy → studied

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{study} & \rightarrow & \text{studied} \\ \text{stay} & \rightarrow & \text{stayed} \\ \text{shop} & \rightarrow & \text{shopped} \end{array}$ 

A Tim is talking about his weekend. Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.



B Complete the sentences. Use your own information. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. Yesterday, I watched / didn't watch (watch) television.
- 2. Last night, I ...... (stay) home.
- 3. Last week, I ..... (exercise) every day.
- 4. Last month, I ...... (shop) for clothes.
- 5. Last year, I ...... (visit) a different country.

## PRONUNCIATION Simple past-ed endings

A D Listen and practice. Notice the pronunciation of -ed.

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
work <b>ed</b> watch <b>ed</b>	clean <b>ed</b> stay <b>ed</b>	invit <b>ed</b> visit <b>ed</b>
		***************************************

B ( Listen and write these verbs under the correct sounds.

cooked exercised listened needed shopped waited

#### Simple past statements: irregular verbs 🕲



I did my homework.
I didn't do laundry.



You got up at noon. You didn't get up at 10:00.



He went to the museum. He didn't go to the library.



We met our classmates.
We didn't meet our teacher.



You came home late.
You didn't come home early.



They had a picnic.
They didn't have a party.

#### A ( ) Complete the chart. Then listen and check.

Present	Past	Present	Past	Present	Past
buy	bought		read /rɛd/		sat
-1115121112111111	ate	**************************************	rode	romanisoryo-	took
	felt	3751123112313115	saw	-140-120-000	wore

For a list of more irregular verbs, see the appendix at the back of the book.

B Pair work Did you do the things in the pictures yesterday? Tell your partner.

"Yesterday, I did my homework. I also did laundry. . . ."

#### (3)

#### LAST WEEKEND

A Write five things you did and five things you didn't do last weekend.

B Group work Tell your classmates about your weekend.

A: I saw a movie last weekend.

B: I didn't see a movie. But I watched television.

C: I watched television, too! I saw . . .

Things I did	Things I didn't do
I saw a movie.	l didn't exercise.
l studied.	I didn't buy clothes.

#### **CONVERSATION** Did you like it?

Listen and practice.

Laura: So, did you go anywhere last summer?

Erica: Yes, I did. My sister and I went to Arizona.

We saw the Grand Canyon.

Laura: Really? Did you like it?

Erica: Oh, yes. We loved it! Laura: Did you go hiking there?

Erica: No, we didn't. Actually, we rode horses. And we also went white-water rafting on

the Colorado River!

Laura: Wow! Did you have fun?

Erica: Yes, we did. We had a great time!



#### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### Simple past just no questions 💽

Did you have a good summer? Yes, I did. I had a great summer.

Did you play volleyball?

No, I didn't. I played tennis.

Did Erica like her vacation? Yes, she did. She liked it a lot. Did Erica and her sister go to Colorado?

No, they didn't. They went to Arizona.

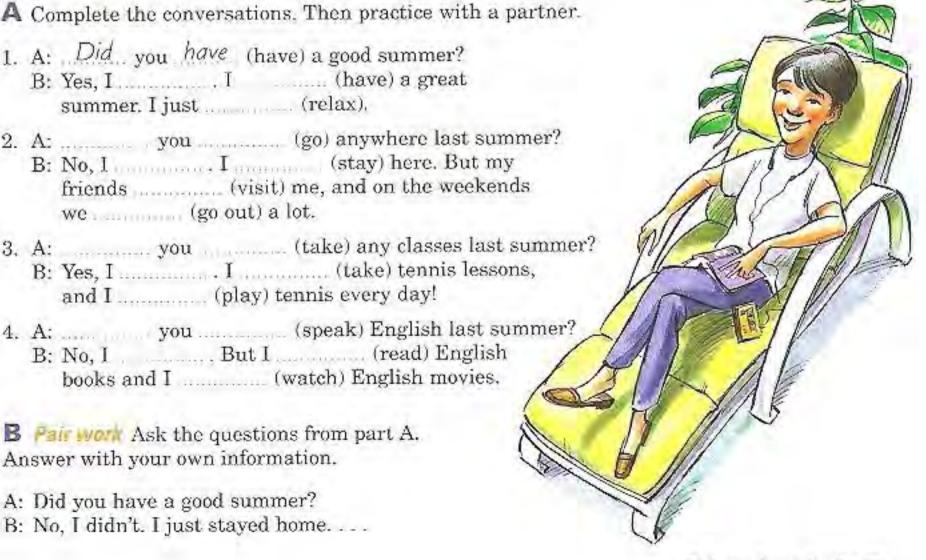
A Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner. 1. A: Did you have (have) a good summer? B: Yes, I ..... (have) a great summer. I just ..... (relax). 2. A: \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (go) anywhere last summer? friends ..... (visit) me, and on the weekends we ..... (go out) a lot. 3. A: \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ (take) any classes last summer? B: Yes, I ...... (take) tennis lessons, and I ..... (play) tennis every day!

books and I ..... (watch) English movies,

B Pair work Ask the questions from part A. Answer with your own information.

A: Did you have a good summer?

B: No, I didn't. I just stayed home. . . .



Disten to Andy, (summer? Check (✓)	Gail, Patrick, and F the correct answers		at did they do la	st
2. Gail sa 3. Patrick we	w movies ent bike riding idied	read l went had a	jogging job	went to the beach watched television played tennis painted the house
A Pind two wor	ds from the list tha		The same and the	
fun 1 ✓ hiking 2 a movie ✓ s new people	a picnic pictures a play swimming tennis volleyball	go have meet play see take	hiking	
B Pair work Check Then ask and answe	<ul><li>(✓) six things to asler questions.</li></ul>	k your p	artner.	
Did you last sur	nmer?			
go anywhere into	eresting	olay any g ead any b ee any m ake any p vear diffe aave fun	oooks ovies	

#### INTERCHANGE 14 Past and present

"Last summer, Maria went to the beach almost every day. She . . ."

Are you different now from when you were a child? Go to Interchange 14.

#### WEEKEND STORIES

Scan the article. Who had a terrible weekend? Who enjoyed the weekend? Who learned a lot over the weekend?



#### Kelly

"I had a great weekend.

I went to my best friend
Helen's wedding. She got
married at home. All her
friends and family went.
She looked fantastic! She
wore a beautiful dress.
After the ceremony, her
parents served a wonderful
meal. I'm really happy for
her. And I really like
her husband!"



#### Robert

"I had an awful weekend.
My friends and I went
to a rock concert. I had a
terrible time! It took three
hours to drive there. I
didn't like the music at
all! And after the concert
ended, our car broke down!
I called my parents, and
they came and got us. We
finally got home at ten
this morning. I am
so tired!"



#### Erin

"I had an interesting weekend. I went camping for the first time. My friends took me. We left on Saturday and drove to the campsite. First, we put up the tent. Then we built a fire, cooked dinner, and told stories. We got up early on Sunday and went fishing. I caught a fish! I didn't really like camping, but I learned a lot."

#### A Read the article. Then correct these sentences.

1.	Kelly got married. Kelly's best Irlena got married	4
	Helen got married in a church.	
3.	After the wedding, everyone went out to eat.	÷
4.	Robert went to a rock concert with his parents.	*
	. It took three hours to get home after the concert.	
	. Robert got home at ten o'clock last night.	
7.	. Erin goes camping every weekend.	è
8.	. Erin and her friends went fishing on Saturday.	
9	Erin liked camping a lot.	

**B** Group work Do you have a story about a wedding, rock concert, or camping trip? Write four sentences about it. Then tell your classmates.

## Units 13-14 Progress check

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Listen to and understand conversations about places and things (Ex. 1)	FI	19	Fİ
Ask and answer questions about places using prepositions of place (Ex.	2)		1
Ask for and give directions (Ex. 2)		H	111
Talk about your last vacation using simple past (Ex. 3)	El	1.3	1.1
Ask and answer simple past yes/no questions about last weekend (Ex. 4	) []	11	1.1

#### 1 LISTENING What are you looking for?

Listen to the conversations. What do the people need? Where can they get or find it? Complete the chart.

What	Where
1	*******************************
2,	****
3	
4	

#### WHERE IS THE . . . ?

A Pair work Are these places near your school? Where are they? Ask and answer questions.

bank coffee shop hospital post office bookstore department store park supermarket

A: Where is the bank?

B: It's on Second Avenue. It's across from the Korean restaurant.

B Pair work Give directions from your school to the places in part A. Your partner guesses the place.

A: Walk up First Avenue and turn left. It's on the right, on the corner of First and Lincoln.

B: It's the coffee shop.

A: That's right!

A Write four statements about your last vacation. Two are true and two are false.

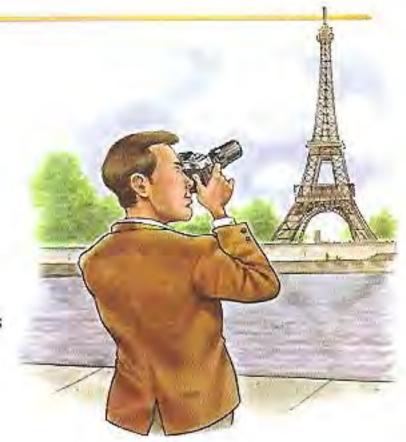
I went to London.
I saw a play.
I didn't take any pictures.
I didn't go to a museum.

B Pair work Read your statements. Your partner says "True" or "False." Who has more correct guesses?

A: On my last vacation, I went to London.

B: False.

A: That's right. It's false, OR Sorry. It's true,



#### LAST WEEKEND

A Check (✓) the things you did last weekend. Then add two more things you did.

FI saw a movie	had dinner at a restaurant
I worked in the yard	read a book
cleaned the house	11 went dancing
mercised or played sports	met some interesting people
went shopping	talked on the phone
bought some clothes	got up late
11 saw friends	TI James and well processed the second second
studied	П ,

B Pair work Ask your partner about his or her weekend.

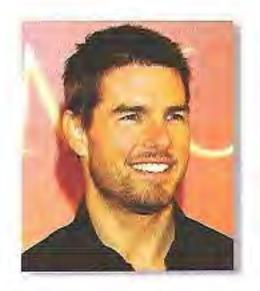
A: Did you see a movie last weekend, Keiko?

B: Yes, I did. I saw the new Tom Cruise movie. I loved it. Did you see a movie?

A: No, I didn't. . . .

C Group work Join another pair. Tell them about your partner's weekend.

"Keiko saw the new Tom Cruise movie. She loved it. . . . "



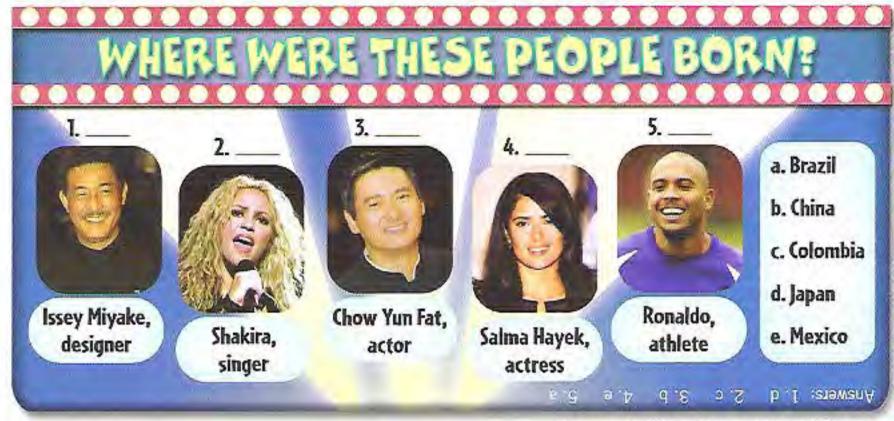
#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

## 15 Where were you born?

#### **SNAPSHOT**

Listen and practice.



Sources: www.biography.com; www.celebrities.net.cn

Match the people with the countries. Then check your answers at the bottom of the Snapshot. What famous people were born in your country? What do they do?

#### ONVERSATION I was born in Korea.

#### Listen and practice.

Chuck: Where were you born, Melissa?

Melissa: I was born in Korea.

Chuck: Oh! So you weren't born in the U.S.

Melissa: No, I came here in 1999.

Chuck: Hmm. You were pretty young. Melissa: Yes, I was only seventeen.

Chuck: Did you go to college right away? Melissa: No, my English wasn't very good,

so I took English classes for

two years first.

Chuck: Well, your English is really

good now.

Melissa: Thanks. Your English

is pretty good, too.

Chuck: Yeah, but I was born here.



#### Statements with the past of be 🔘

was born in Korea.

I wasn't born in the U.S.

You were pretty young.

You weren't very old.

She was seventeen.

She wasn't in college.

We were born in the same year. They were in Korea in 1998.

We weren't born in the same country.

They weren't in the U.S. in 1998.

Contractions

wasn't = was not weren't = were not

A Melissa is talking about her family. Choose the correct verb forms. Then compare with a partner.

My family and I were (was / were) all born in Korea - we (wasn't / weren't) born in the U.S. I ..... (was / were) born in the city of Inchon, and my brother (was / were) born there, too. My parents ..... (wasn't / weren't) born in Inchon. They ...... (was / were) born in the capital, Seoul.



#### Quantions with the past of be

Were you born in the U.S.?

Yes, I was.

No, I wasn't.

Was your brother born in 1984?

Yes, he was.

No, he wasn't.

Were your parents born in Inchon?

Yes, they were.

No, they weren't.

Where were you born? I was born in Korea.

When was he born? He was born in 1985.

What city were they born in? They were born in Seoul.

#### **B** Complete these questions with was or were.

- 1. Were you born in this city?
- When you born?
- 3. Where ...... your parents born?
- 4. When your mother born?
- 5. When \_\_\_\_\_ your father born?
- 6. .... you and your family in this city last year?
- 7. ..... you at this school last year?
- 8. Who ...... your first English teacher?
- 9. What nationality ...... your first English teacher?
- 10. What ..... he or she like?

C Pair Work Ask and answer the questions from part B. Use your own information.

- A: Were you born in this city?
- B: No, I wasn't. I was born in Tokyo.

#### years ()

1906 (nineteen oh six)

1917 (nineteen seventeen)

1999 (nineteen ninety-nine)

2001 (two thousand and one)



#### LISTENING Where was she born?

Where were these people born? When were they born? Listen and complete the chart.



	Place of birth	Year of birth
1. Michelle Yeoh	Malaysia	OLEMENATE OF THE OTHER PROPERTY.
2. Apolo Ohno	*******************************	
3. Gisele Bündchen	\$100.000 (\$100.000) \$100.000 (\$100.000) \$100.000	19-11-1-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
4. Gael García Bernal		



#### PRONUNCIATION Negative contractions

A D Listen and practice.

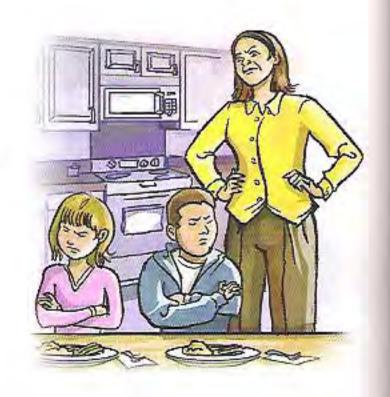
one syll	able	two sy	llables
aren't	don't	isn't	doesn't
weren't	can't	wasn't	didn't

B D Listen and practice.

They didn't eat dinner because they weren't hungry. I don't like coffee, and she doesn't like tea. These aren't their swimsuits. They can't swim. He wasn't here yesterday, and he isn't here today.

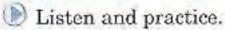
C Write four sentences with negative contractions. Then read them to a partner.

I didn't go because my friends weren't there.





#### CONVERSATION Where did you grow up?



0000000000000

Melissa: So, Chuck, where did you grow up? Chuck: I grew up in Texas. I was born there, too. Melissa: And when did you come to Los Angeles? Chuck: In 1990. I went to college here. Melissa: Oh. What was your major? Chuck: Drama. I was an actor for five years after college. Melissa: That's interesting. So why did you become a hairstylist? Chuck: Because I needed the money. And I love it. Look. What do you think? Melissa: Well, uh.



#### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### Whoquestions with did, was, and were D

Where did you grow up?

When did you come to Los Angeles?

Why did you become a hairstylist?

How old were you in 1990?

What was your major in college?

How was college?

I grew up in Texas.

I came to Los Angeles in 1990.

Because I needed the money.

was eighteen.

It was drama.

It was great.

A Match the questions with the answers. Then compare with a partner.

1. When and where were you born? ... 4...

2. Where did you grow up?

3. When did you start school?

4. How old were you then?

5. How was your first day of school?

6. Who was your first friend in school?

7. What was he/she like? ......

8. Why did you take this class?

a. I was six.

b. She was really shy.

c. I was born in 1983 in Hiroshima, Japan.

d. Her name was Yumiko.

e. My English wasn't very good.

I grew up in Tokyo.

g. I entered first grade in 1989.

It was a little scary.

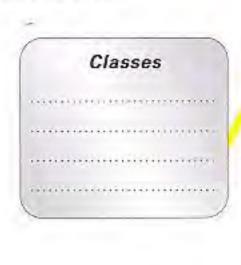
B Pair work Ask and answer the questions in part A. Use your own information.

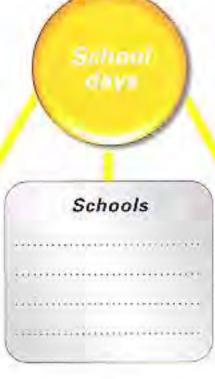
#### **WORD POWER**

A 

Complete the word map with words from the list. Then listen and check.

✓ classroom
college
elementary
gym
high
history
junior high
lunchroom
math
physical education
playground
science





classroom

Places

B Pair work Find out about your partner's elementary, junior high, or high school days. Ask these questions. Then tell the class.

What classes did you take? What was your favorite class? Why? What was your least favorite class? Why? Who was your best friend? Who was your favorite teacher? Why? Who was your least favorite teacher? Why? Where did you spend your free time? Why? What did you like best?

"In elementary school, Dan spent his free time in the gymbecause he played a lot of sports. . . ."

#### (3)

#### FIRST DAY OF CLASS

A Group work Do you remember the first day of this class? Ask and answer these questions.

- 1. What did you wear?
- 2. Were you early, late, or on time?
- 3. Where did you sit?
- 4. How did you feel?
- 5. Who was the first person you met?
- 6. What did the teacher talk about?
- 7. Who talked the most? the least?
- 8. How was your English then? How is it now?



B Class activity What does your group remember? Tell the class.

#### INTERCHANGE 15 Time line

Make a time line of your life. Go to Interchange 15.

Scan the article. What three cities did Ricky Martin live in?

Ricky Martin was born in San Juan, Puerto Rico, on December 24, 1971. He was always a performer. As a child, he appeared in television commercials and studied singing.

At the age of 12, he joined the Latin boy band, Menudo. He worked hard with them, and he became very well known. But he left the group after five years.

Martin moved to New York City, but he didn't work for a year. He was very frustrated, so he moved to Mexico City and got a part on a Mexican soap opera. Soon afterward, he recorded two Spanish-language albums. After this success, he moved back to the U.S.

Back in the U.S., he appeared on an American soap opera and in the Broadway show, Les Miserables. Then he made his first English-language album.



That album was called Ricky Martin. His biggest hit, "Livin' La Vida Loca," was on that album.

Now he's famous around the world. But he still works hard, and he still loves singing. As he said to a reporter for the newspaper USA Today: "I want to do this forever."

#### A Read the article. Then write a question for each answer.

1.	?	In Puerto Rico.
2.	?	At the age of 12.
3.		After five years.
4.	 ?	Because he was frustrated
5.		Les Miserables.
6.	 100	"Livin' La Vida Loca."

#### **B** Number these events in Ricky Martin's life from 1 (first event) to 10 (last event).

a. He joined a boy band.
b. He moved to New York City.
c. He made an English-language album.
d. He appeared in a Broadway musical.
e. He recorded albums in Spanish.
f. He returned to the U.S.
g. He was born.
h. He left Menudo.
i. He studied singing.
j. He moved to Mexico.

C Group work Who is your favorite singer? What do you know about his or her life? Tell your classmates.

## 16 Can she call you later?

#### ONVERSATION I was in the shower.

Listen and practice.

Answering

machine: Hi. This is Jennifer, and this is Nicole.

We can't come to the phone right now.

Please leave us a message after the tone.

Michael: Hi. This is Michael. . . .

Nicole: Oh, hi, Michael. It's Nicole. Sorry I didn't

answer the phone right away. I was in

the shower.

Michael: That's OK. Is Jennifer there?

Nicole: No, she's at the mall. Can she call you later?

Michael: Yeah, thanks. Please ask her to call me

at home.

Nicole: Sure.

Michael: Thanks a lot, Nicole.



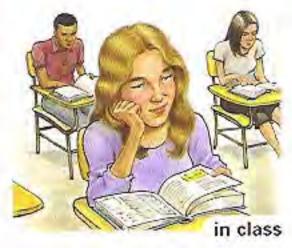
#### 2

#### WORD POWER Prepositional phrases

A ( Listen and practice.

at home at the mall in bed in the shower on vacation at work at the library in class in the hospital on a trip at school at the beach in Mexico in the yard on his/her break







**B** Pair work Make a list of five friends and family members. Give it to your partner. Where are these people right now? Ask and answer questions.

A: Where's your brother right now?

B: He's on vacation. He's in Thailand.

#### (3)

#### LISTENING She's in the yard.

A Delisten to people call Lisa, Jeff, Brenda, and Eric. Where are they? Complete the sentences.

B Pair work Call the people in part A.

A: Hello. Is Lisa there, please?

B: Yes, but she's in the yard.





#### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### Subject and object pronouns ()

Subjects

I me

You you

He him

She got Michael's message. Michael left her a message.

We They

us them

A Complete the phone conversations with the correct pronouns.

Then practice with a partner.

1. A: Can speak with Ms. Fee, please?

B: ...... 's not here. But maybe ..... can help you.

A: Please give \_\_\_\_\_ my new phone number. It's 555-2981.

2. A: Hi, this is David. Is Mr. Roberts there?

B: ...... 'm sorry, but ....... 's not here right now.
Do you want to leave ......... a message?

A: Yes. Please tell ..... to call me at work.

3. A: Hello, this is Carol's Café. Are Kate and Joe in?

B: No, re not. Can help you?

A: ..... found Kate and Joe's keys. left ..... on the table.

B: Just bring the keys. I can give to Kate and Joe.

A: I'm sorry, but ...... can't. Can Kate and Joe call .....?

B: OK.

B Write messages for three classmates. Then call a partner and leave each classmate a message.

A: Hello. Is Yuko in?

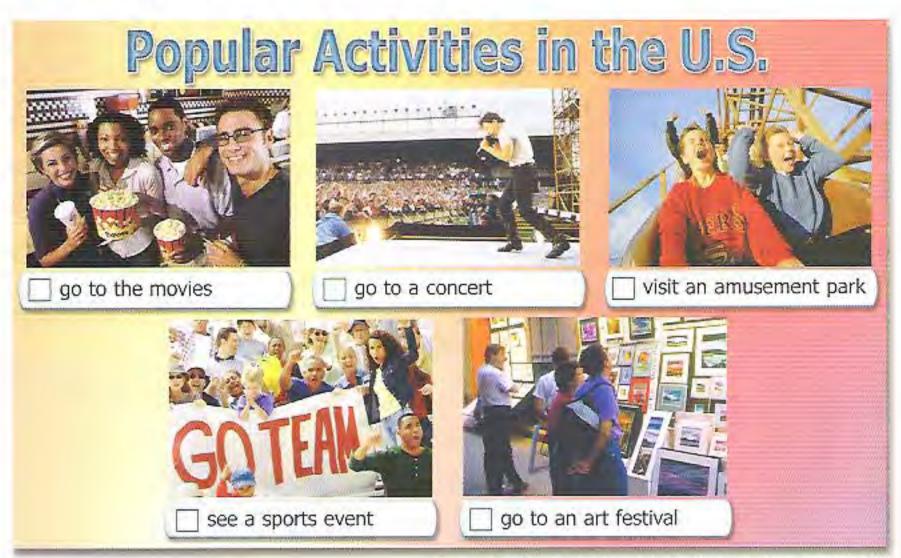
B: I'm sorry. She's at the library. Can I take a message?

A: Yes. Please tell her to meet me after class.

Yuko – Meet me

after class.

Listen and practice.



Sources: The Encyclopedia Britannica; The National Endowment for the Arts

Check (
) the activities that are popular in your country.

What other activities are popular in your country?

What are your favorite activities? Why?

#### CONVERSATION I'd love to!

Listen and practice.

Michael: Hello?

Jennifer: Hi, Michael. It's Jennifer. I got

your message.

Michael: Hi. Thanks for calling me back.

Jennifer: So, what's up?

Michael: Uh, well, do you want to see a

movie with me tomorrow night?

Jennifer: Tomorrow night? I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to study for a test.

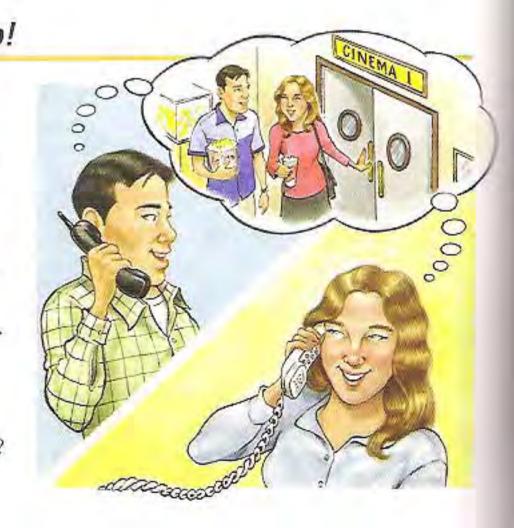
Michael: Oh, that's too bad. How about

Friday night?

Jennifer: Uh, . . . sure. I'd love to. What

time do you want to meet? Michael: How about around seven o'clock?

Jennifer: Terrific!



#### PRONUNCIATION Want to and have to

A Disten and practice. Notice the reduction of want to and have to.

A: Do you want to go to a party with me tonight?

B: I'm sorry, I can't. I have to work late.

Pair work Practice the conversation in Exercise 6 again.
Try to reduce want to and have to.





#### GRAMMAR FOCUS

#### invitations werb + to 🕥

Do you want to see a movie with me tonight?

Sure. I'd really like to see a good comedy.

I'd like to (see a movie), but I have to study.

I'd = I would

Would you like to go to a soccer game?
Yes, I'd love to (go to a soccer game)!
I want to (go), but I need to work.

A Complete the invitations. Then match them with the responses.

#### Invitations

- 1. Would you like to visit an amusement park this weekend?
- 2. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ go to a basketball game tomorrow night?
- 3. Would you see a movie tonight?
- 4. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ go swimming on Saturday?
- 5. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ play soccer after school today? .....
- 6. Would you \_\_\_\_\_\_ go to an art festival on Sunday afternoon?

#### Responses

- a. I'd like to, but I don't have a swimsuit!
- b. I'm sorry, but I have to talk to the teacher after school.
- c. I don't really like basketball. Do you want to do something else?
- d. I'd like to, but I can't. I'm going to go on a trip this weekend.
- e. Yes, I'd love to. I love art festivals!
- f. Tonight? I can't. I need to help my parents.

B Pate work Practice the invitations from part A. Respond with your own information.

A: Do you want to go to a basketball game tomorrow night?

B: I'd like to, but I can't. I have to work. . . .

A Do you ever use these excuses? Check (✓) Often, Sometimes, or Never. What are your three favorite excuses? Compare with a partner.

	Often	Sometimes	Neve
I have to babysit.	17	П	10
I need to study for a test.	11	17	17
I have to work late.		T.I.	13
I need to go to bed early.	13		回
I want to visit my family.	77	1.1	11
I have a class.	11		TI
I have a headache.	1.1	PT	11
I'm not feeling well.	1.1		
I need to do laundry.		11	11
I already have plans.	17	1-1	13



B Write down three things you want to do this weekend.

I want to go to the baseball game on Saturday.

C Class activity Go around the class and invite your classmates to do the things from part B. Your classmates respond with excuses.

- A: Would you like to go to the baseball game on Saturday?
- B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to . . .

#### LISTENING I'd love to, but . . .

-	Can come	Can't com	e Excuse
Steven	1	fit	
Anna	(1)	E	
David	H	FI	
Sarah	17	[7]	
Michae	1 11	17	



B D Listen again. Why can't some people come? Write their excuses.

#### INTERCHANGE 16 Let's make a date!

Make a date with your classmates. Go to Interchange 16.

## What's on This Saturday?

Look at the shows and events. Which do you want to go to? Number the pictures from 1 (most interesting) to 5 (least interesting).



IMAX Movie at the Museum of Discovery and Science

Shows at 4, 6, 8, and 10 P.M.

Do you want to travel, but don't have the money? Experience the world through the IMAX movie *The Greatest Places*. Seats in the theater sell out fast, so come early!



Animal Shows at Parrot Jungle Island

Open 10:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M.

There are over 3,000 exotic animals and 100 plants at this beautiful nature park. Amazing animal tricks and outdoor animal shows, too.



Rock Concert on South Beach

7:00 P.M. to midnight

Come hear some great music under the stars! Five terrific bands are going to play. Sandwiches and soda sold.



Starts at 3:00 P.M.

Men's and women's summer clothes. Seating is still available to see the latest fashions. All clothing is on sale after the show for under \$100.

Home

see a live performance

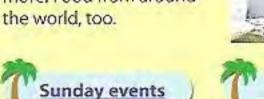


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#### Art Festival at Broward Community College

9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.

Need to buy a present? Check out this multicultural event. Find jewelry, paintings, clothing, and more! Food from around the world, too.





Contact us

A Read the Web page. Where can you do these things? Write two places.

Map

- 1. buy clothes or jewelry
  2. buy food
  3. sit indoors
- 4. be outdoors
- R Crown work Whose do you like to go in your sity on town?

**B** Group work Where do you like to go in your city or town? What shows or events do you like? Tell your classmates.

## Units 15-16 Progress check

#### SELF-ASSESSMENT

How well can you do these things? Check (✓) the boxes.

I can	Very well	ОК	A little
Talk about your past using the past of be (Ex. 1)	n	h	71
Ask about famous people using simple past yes/no questions (Ex. 2)	[=]	11	11
Listen to and understand phone calls with subject and object pronouns (Ex. 3	3)		
Ask yes/no questions using verb + to (Ex. 4, 5)	11	17	13
Make, accept, and refuse invitations (Ex. 5)	17	11	
Give excuses (Ex. 5)	11	TI	

#### WHERE WERE YOU IN . . . ?

A Pair work Choose three years in your partner's life. Then ask your partner the questions and complete the chart.

	199	199	200
How old were you in ?	AND DOTTING THE PROPERTY.		
Where were you in ?	**********		
What were you like in ?		***********	********************

B Class activity Tell the class about your partner's life.

"In 1990, Raul was four. He . . ."

#### WHO WAS HE?

Group work Think of a famous person from the past. Your classmates ask yes/no questions to guess the person.

Was he/she born in . . . ?

Was he/she a singer? an actor?

Was he/she tall? heavy? good-looking?

- A: I'm thinking of a famous man from the past.
- B: Was he born in the U.S.?
- A: No, he wasn't.
- C: Was he . . . ?



#### LISTENING On the phone

- Listen and check ( ) the best response.
- Yes. Please tell her to call me.
  - Yes. Please tell him to call me.
- 2. | | Yes. Does he have your number? No. He isn't here right now.
- 3. Yes, you do.
  - No, I don't.

- 4. The going to visit my parents.
  - I had a terrible headache.
- I'm sorry, but I can't go.
  - No, I didn't go. I was at work.
- 6. I'm sorry, he's not here right now.
  - No, Sandra is at work right now.

#### FIND SOMEONE WHO . . .

A Class activity Go around the class. Ask questions to complete the chart. Try to write a different name on each line.

Find someone who	Name	
needs to do laundry this weekend		
doesn't want to do homework tonight	2512241-14174-1414-1414-1414	
has to babysit this week	S21111111111111111111111111111111	
would like to go shopping this weekend	(**************************************	
wants to see a movie tonight	400000000000000000000000000000000000000	
has to go to the doctor this week		
needs to work this weekend	Consequences of the second	
would like to go home early		



- A: Megumi, do you need to do laundry this weekend?
- B: Yes, I do.
- B Pair work Compare your answers with a partner.

#### INVITATIONS

A Make a list of five things you want to do this summer.

B Class activity Go around the class. Invite your classmates to do the things from part A. Your classmates accept or refuse the invitations.

- A: Would you like to play tennis this summer?
- B: I'm sorry, I can't. I have to . . . .
- C: Do you want to go to an art festival this summer?
- D: Sure, I'd love to! When would you like to . . . ?

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

Look at your Self-assessment again. Do you need to review anything?

# THIRD EDITION

Interchange Third Edition is a fully revised edition of New Interchange, the world's most successful English series for adult and young adult learners. Each unit includes up-to-date content, additional grammar practice, and more opportunities to develop speaking and listening skills. The series incorporates suggestions from teachers and students all over the world. By keeping the best, and improving the rest, it remains the series that everyone has grown to know and love.

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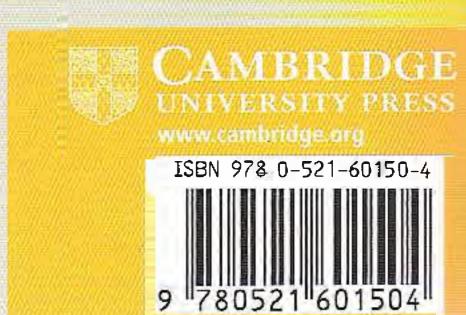
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#### The author

Professor Jack C. Richards is an internationally recognized authority on Engl acquisition, teacher training, and materials design. A well-known lecturer and he has taught at universities in the United States, China, Singapore, New Zealand, Indonesia, and Brazil. Professor Richards' many successful publications include and Methods in Language Teaching and Curriculum Development in Language Teaching.



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