

OXFORD

5th edition

Headway

Elementary Workbook with key



Liz & John Soars • Jo McCaul

Rafieienglishclinic.com

5th edition

Headway



Elementary Workbook with key

Liz & John Soars • Jo McCaul

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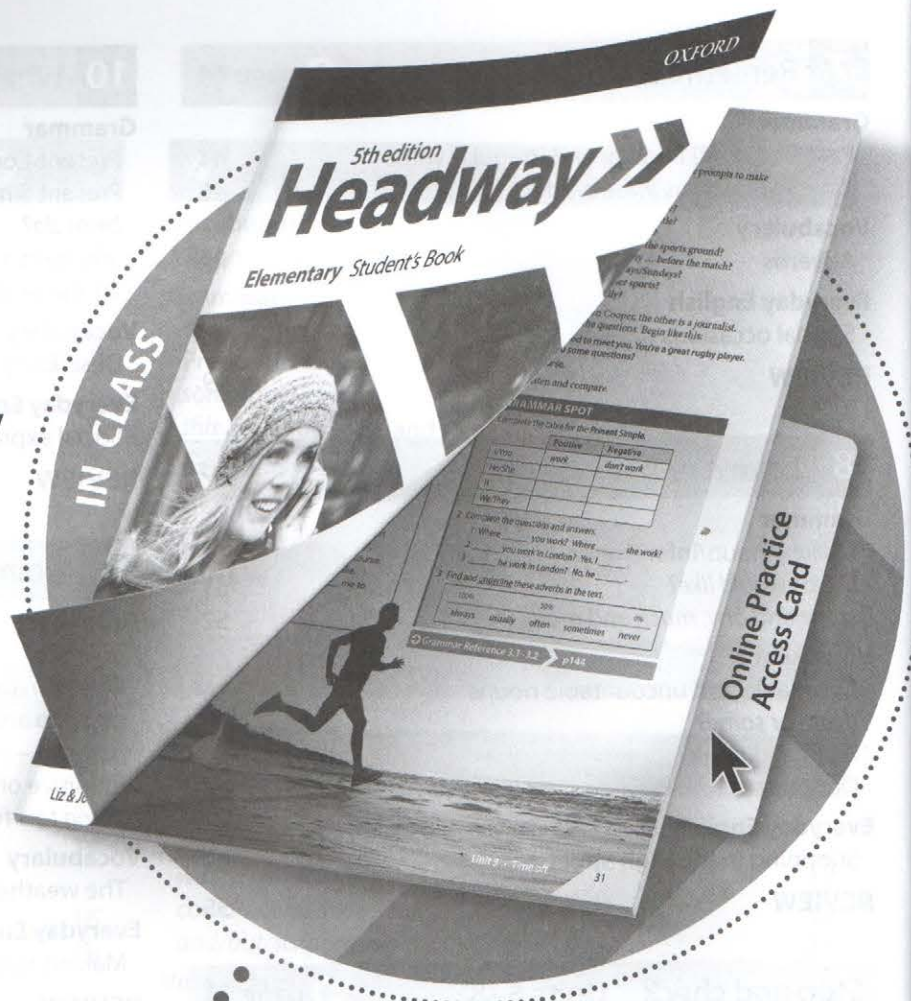
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Course overview

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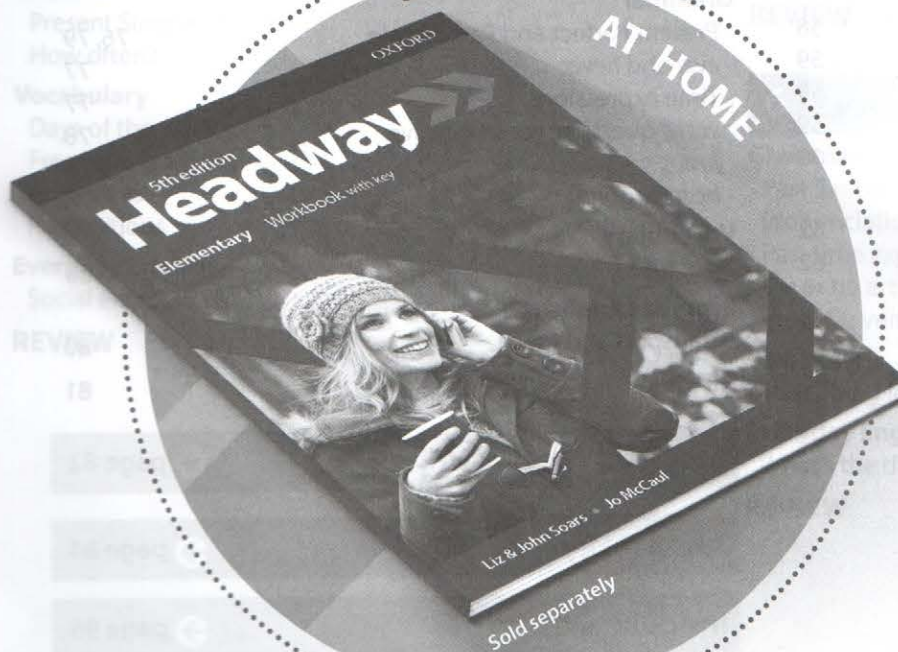
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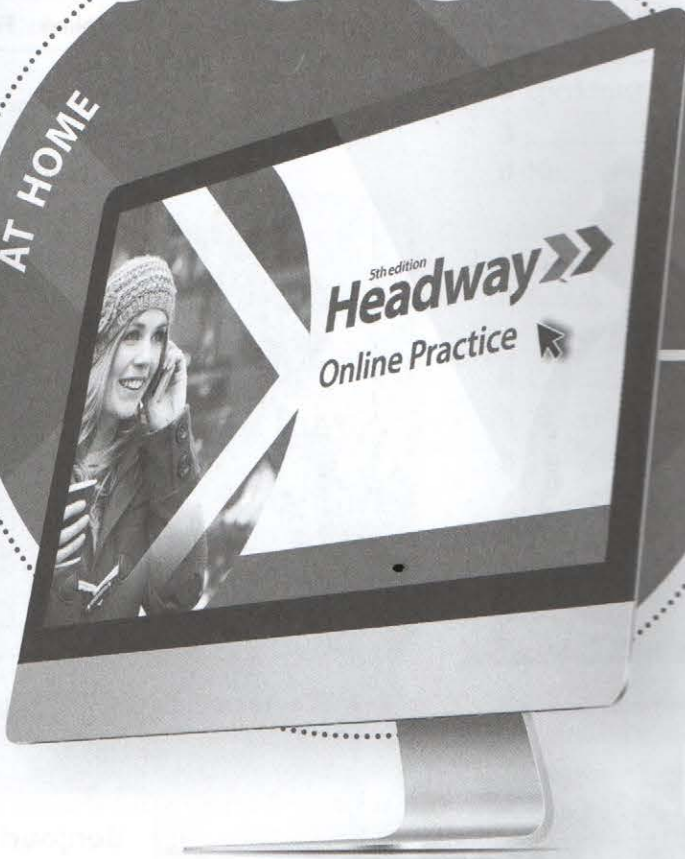
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AT HOME



LOOK AGAIN

- Review the language from every lesson
- Watch the videos and listen to all the class audio again

PRACTICE

- Develop your skills with extra Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking practice

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

- Test yourself on the main language from the unit and get instant feedback
 - Try an extra challenge

Online Practice

Look again at Student's Book language you want to review or that you missed in class, do extra **Practice** activities, and **Check your Progress** on what you've learned so far.

Use the **Online Practice at home** to extend your learning and get instant feedback on your progress.

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Overview

5

Nice to meet you!

- am/are/is, my/your
- he/she, his/her
- Possessive 's

- Countries and nationalities
- The family; Adjectives
- Everyday conversations



Hello!

Vocabulary

Countries and nationalities

Complete the sentences with a nationality from the list.

Brazilian Spanish Italian Egyptian Chinese Australian French

1 I'm from Australia. I'm Australian .

Ciao!



Hello!



Hello!



2 We're from China. _____ .

3 She's from Italy. _____ .

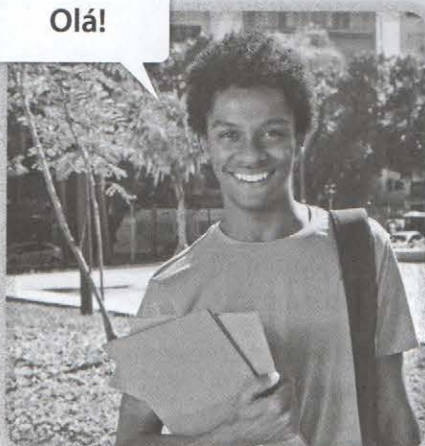
4 They're from Egypt. _____ .

Hola!



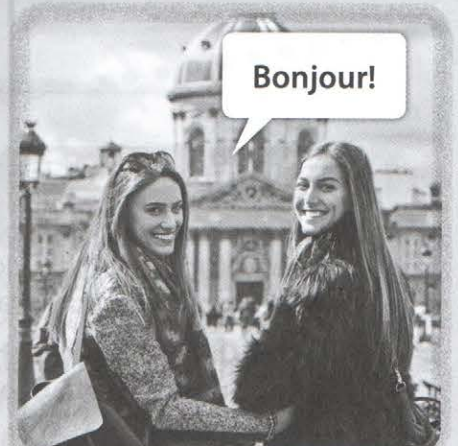
5 I'm from Spain. _____ .

Olá!



6 He's from Brazil. _____ .

Bonjour!



7 They're from France. _____ .

Grammar

Personal information

am/are/is, my/your

1 Complete the conversations.



- 1 A Hello. My name's Lisa. What's _____ name?
 B Gabriel.
 A Where _____ you from, Gabriel?
 B I _____ from Brazil.
 A Oh! Where in Brazil are _____ from?
 B From Rio de Janeiro.
 A Rio de Janeiro _____ amazing! Well, nice to meet you, Gabriel.
 B Thank you. And you.



- 2 A Hello. What _____ your first name?
 B My name's Carla.
 A And what's your _____?
 B Perkins.
 A How do you _____ that?
 B P - E - R - K - I - N - S.
 A And _____ are you from, Carla?
 B I _____ from Oxford.
 A Thank you very much.

1.1 Listen and check.

he/she, his/her

2 Look at the information about Carla and Gabriel. Complete the questions and answers.

- 1 A What's her surname?
 B Perkins.
 A _____ her first name?
 B Carla.
 A Where's _____ from?
 B She's from Oxford, England.
 A How old _____ she?
 B She's 25.
 A What's _____ phone number?
 B 01764 293880.
 A _____ email address?
 B cperkins@mailsnet.com
 A _____ married?
 B No, _____.

- 2 A What's his surname?
 B Santos.
 A _____ his first name?
 B Gabriel.
 A Where's _____ from?
 B He's _____ Brazil.
 A How old is _____?
 B He's 19.
 A What's _____ phone number?
 B 934 298 701.
 A _____ email address?
 B gsantos@mails.com
 A _____ married?
 B No, _____.

1.2 Listen and check.

3 Write the short forms of the underlined verbs.

- 1 She is from Italy. She's _____ 5 They are Spanish. _____
 2 She is not a teacher. She isn't _____ 6 They are not French. _____
 3 I am American. _____ 7 It is hot. _____
 4 I am not married. _____ 8 It is not cold. _____

1



| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Surname | Perkins |
| First name | Carla |
| Country | England |
| Age | 25 |
| Phone number | 01764 29388 |
| email address | cperkins@mailsnet.com |
| married? | no |

2

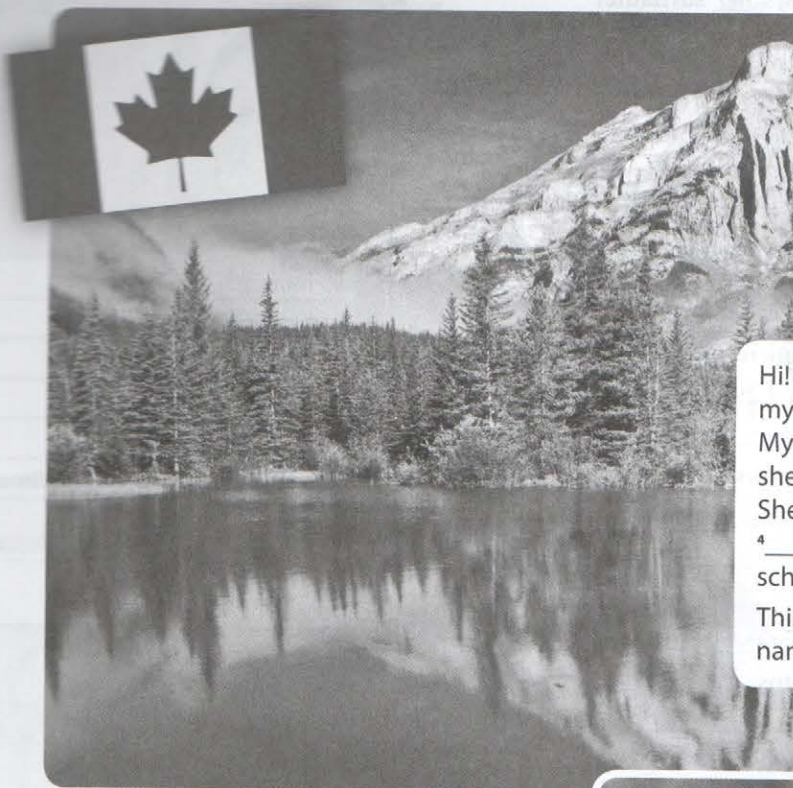


| | |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Surname | Santos |
| First name | Gabriel |
| Country | Brazil |
| Age | 19 |
| Phone number | 934 298 701 |
| email address | gsantos@mails.com |
| married? | no |

Possessive 's

Karen and her family

4 Complete the information about **Karen Boucher** and her family.



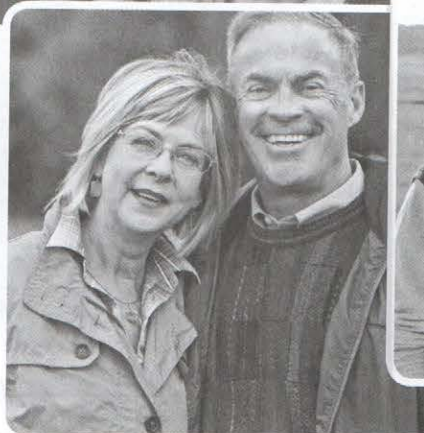
Hi! My name is Karen, and I'm from Canada. This is my family. My ¹ father's name is Alan. He's a teacher. My ² _____ name is Celine. She's French, and she's a nurse. My ³ _____ name is Christine. She's 21, and she's a student at the university. My ⁴ _____ name is Joseph. He's 17, and he's at school.

This is a photo of me and my cat. My ⁵ _____ name is Pico. His favourite food is fish.

1.3 Listen and check.

5 Write *is* if 's = *is*. Write *P* if 's = possessive.

- 1 My name's Karen. is
- 2 My father's name is Alan. P
- 3 He's a teacher.
- 4 My mother's name is Celine.
- 5 She's French.
- 6 My sister's a student.
- 7 My brother's name is Joseph.
- 8 My cat's favourite food is fish.



Celine and Alan



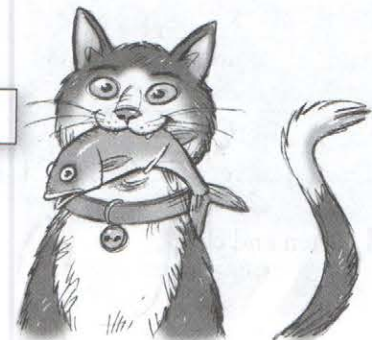
Joseph and Christine

have/go/live/like

6 Complete the sentences with *have*, *go*, *live*, or *like*.

- 1 I have a brother and a sister.
- 2 I like them. They're very nice.
- 3 I _____ to a school called St Mary's.
- 4 I _____ in Vancouver.
- 5 We _____ in a house near a park.
- 6 I _____ to the park at the weekend.
- 7 I _____ a cat called Pico.

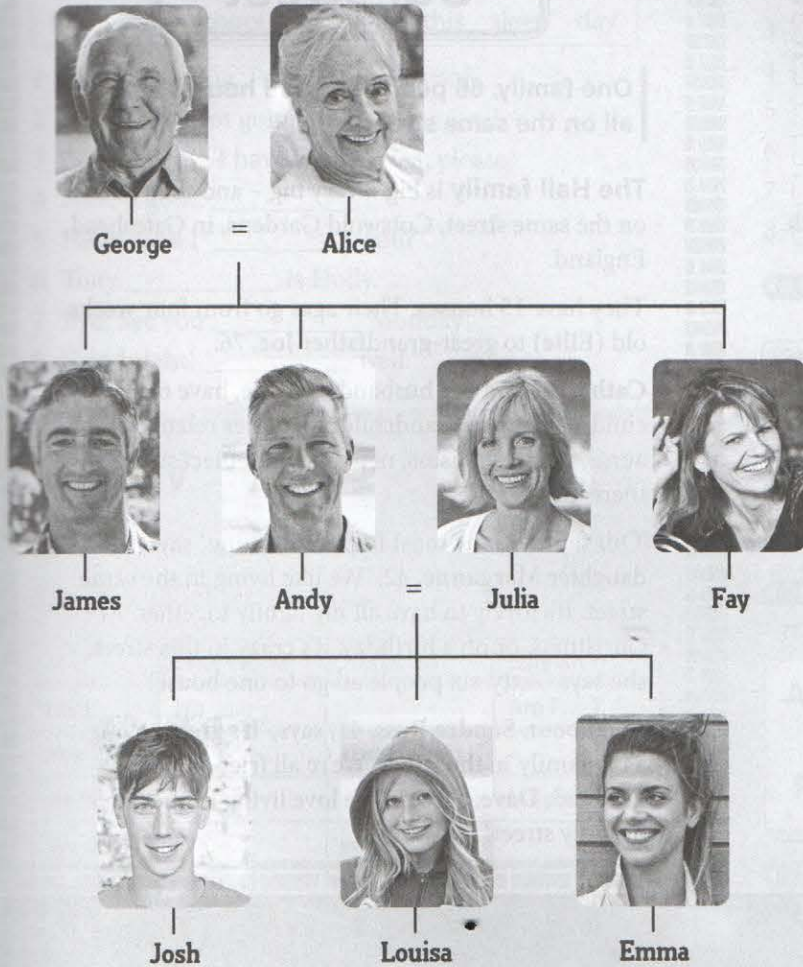
8 'I _____ fish.'



Vocabulary

The family

1 Look at the family tree. Complete the crossword.

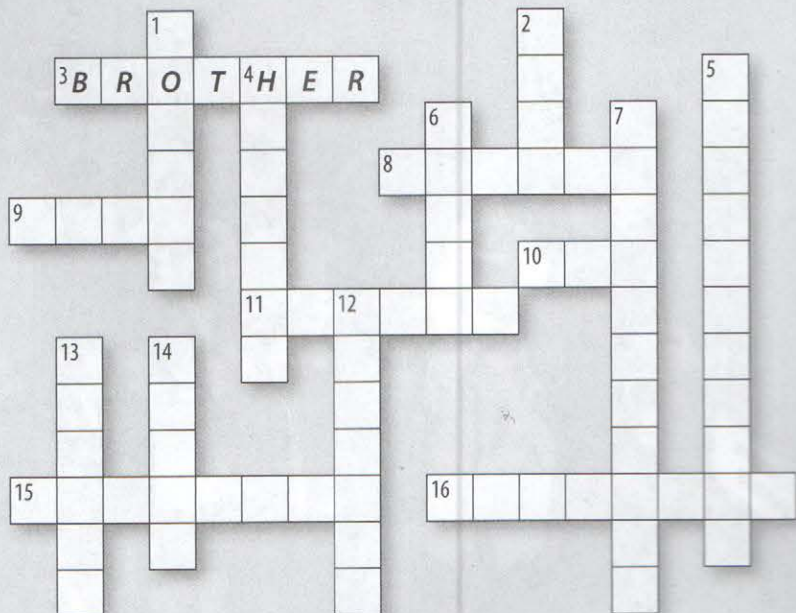


ACROSS

- 3 James is Andy's _____. (7)
- 8 Louisa is Emma's _____. (6)
- 9 Julia is Andy's _____. (4)
- 10 Josh is Andy's _____. (3)
- 11 Josh is Fay's _____. (6)
- 15 Louisa, Josh and Emma are Andy's _____. (8)

DOWN

- 1 Julia is Louisa's _____. (6)
- 2 Fay is Emma's _____. (4)
- 4 George is Alice's _____. (7)
- 5 Alice is Josh's _____. (11)
- 6 Louisa is Fay's _____. (5)
- 7 George is Louisa's _____. (11)
- 12 Andy and Julia are Louisa's _____. (7)
- 13 Andy is Josh's _____. (6)
- 14 James is Louisa's _____. (5)



Adjectives

2 Write the opposite adjective.

easy small cold good nice
expensive young old

- 1 London isn't cheap. It's expensive.
- 2 My coffee isn't hot. It's cold.
- 3 'Are your shoes new?'
'No, they're _____.'
- 4 You aren't a bad student!
You're a _____ student!
- 5 'My dad's 40. He's old.'
'He isn't old! Forty is _____!'
- 6 This exercise isn't difficult.
It's _____.
- 7 Our flat isn't big. It's _____.
- 8 The weather isn't horrible!
It's _____.

3 Complete the adjectives.

- 1 The weather's nice! It's warm and s_____.
- 2 It's d _ f _ i _ to understand you. You speak very fast.
- 3 My family's very nice. We're very f _ i _ d _ y _.
- 4 I love Paris. It's a b _ _ _ t _ f _ l city.
- 5 My book is very i _ t _ r _ t _ g _.
- 6 Mmm! The coffee is really good!
It's l _ v _ l _.

4 Read about the Hall family. Complete the sentences.

- 1 Sixty-six members of the Hall family live on the same street.
- 2 They have 15 _____.
- 3 _____ is four weeks old.
- 4 Joe is a great-grandfather. He's _____ years old.
- 5 Catherine and George have six _____.
- 6 Their daughter's name is _____.
- 7 At Christmas, they all _____ to one house for a party.
- 8 The neighbours _____ the Hall family very much.

5 **1.4** Read and listen to the lines below. Who is speaking?

Joe George **Marganne** Sandra

1 It's lovely to have my mum, Catherine, in the same street.

Marganne

2 Look at my beautiful little great-granddaughter.

3 My wife and I have six children.

4 It's lovely to have a big family in our street. My husband loves it, too.

One family, one street

• Our street •

One family, 66 people, and 15 houses – all on the same street!

The Hall family is big – very big – and they all live on the same street, Cotswold Gardens, in Gateshead, England.

They have 15 houses. Their ages go from four weeks old (Ellie) to great-grandfather Joe, 76.

Catherine and her husband, George, have 6 children, and 15 grandchildren. Other relatives – aunts, uncles, cousins, nephews, and nieces – all live there, too.

'Our family is the most important thing,' says daughter Marganne, 42. 'We like living in the same street. It's lovely to have all my family together. At Christmas, or on a birthday, it's crazy in this street,' she says. 'sixty-six people all go to one house!'

Neighbour, Sandra Ross, 41, says, 'It's great having a big family in the street. We're all friends.' Her husband, Dave, agrees. 'We love living in such a friendly street.'



Everyday English

Everyday conversations

1 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

how can school on help this sleep day

- 1 Good morning, Pete. How are you?
- 2 Bye, Mum! I'm going to _____!
- 3 _____ I have a cup of tea, please?
- 4 Have a good _____!
- 5 Hello. Can I _____ you?
- 6 Tony, _____ is Holly.
- 7 Bye! See you _____ Monday!
- 8 Goodnight! _____ well.

2 Match a line from exercise 1 with a response below.

- 1 Hello, Holly. Nice to meet you.
- 2 Thanks. And you.
- 3 No, I'm fine, thanks.
- 4 See you in the morning.
- 5 Of course. Anything to eat?
- 6 Yes. Have a good weekend.
- 7 Fine, thanks. And you?
- 8 Bye, honey! See you later.

1.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

| | Short form | Negative | Question |
|-----------|------------|-------------|-----------------|
| I am | I'm | | Am I ... ? |
| You are | | You aren't | |
| He/She is | | | Is he/she ... ? |
| We are | We're | | |
| They are | | They aren't | |

2 Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective from the box.

my ~~your~~ his her our their their your

- 1 Hello! What's your name?
- 2 A Pete! This is _____ sister, Alice.
B Hi, Alice. Nice to meet you.
- 3 Anna is 23. _____ mother is a nurse.
- 4 All the students in my sister's class like _____ teacher.
- 5 Mr and Mrs Jones live here. _____ children are very nice.
- 6 Tom is married. _____ wife's name is Josie.
- 7 A Is this _____ phone?
B Yes, it is. Thank you.
- 8 My sister and I go to Spain in the summer because _____ parents live in Barcelona.

Go online to Check your progress.

Vocabulary

1 1.6 Match the sound of the letter with the sound of the word.

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| A | E | O | Y | no | day | you | me |
| I | U | Q | | car | Hi | my | bed |
| R | G | J | Z | tea | you | day | |

2 1.7 Listen. Complete the names and email addresses.

- 1 A L I C E
- 2 S P
- 3 L
- 4 Z J
- 5 n a @ .com
- 6 j b @bz.com

3 Look at the chart below. Complete the sentences.

| | American | ear |
|----|---------------|------------|
| a | French | university |
| an | international | city |
| | English | TV |
| | Japanese | name |
| | Italian | language |

- 1 A Cadillac is an American car.
- 2 Pierre is _____.
- 3 Oxford is _____.
- 4 English is _____.
- 5 Milan is _____.
- 6 A Sony is _____.

2

Work and family life

- Present Simple (1); questions and negatives
- Daily routines; verb + noun
- Jobs
- What time is it?

Grammar

Present Simple (1)

he/she/it

1 Look at the photos. Write the sentences with the correct person.

He works outside.
 She cooks Italian food.
 She goes to classes every day.

She studies history.
 He travels a lot.
 He interviews people.

He writes news stories.
~~He serves drinks.~~
 He lives in the country.

She works in a hospital.
 She wears a uniform.
 She works in a kitchen.



1 Alec's a flight attendant.
He serves drinks.



2 Sarah's a nurse.



3 Simon's a journalist.



4 Diana's a chef.



5 Sophie's a student.



6 Martin's a farmer.

Spelling of verb + -s

2 Write the verbs in the *he/she* form.

| | | | |
|---------|----------------|-----------|-------|
| 1 teach | <u>teaches</u> | 7 go | _____ |
| 2 live | _____ | 8 do | _____ |
| 3 work | _____ | 9 study | _____ |
| 4 write | _____ | 10 play | _____ |
| 5 earn | _____ | 11 watch | _____ |
| 6 have | _____ | 12 finish | _____ |

3 Complete the sentences with the *he/she* form of a verb from exercise 2.

- 1 **Alan** is a footballer. He earns £100,000 a week. He _____ in the Premier League.
- 2 **Robert** is a professor. He _____ European history, and at weekends he _____ articles for a magazine.
- 3 **Tony** _____ at a petrol station. He _____ work at 10.00 in the evening.
- 4 **Martha** _____ a lot of business in London. She _____ in a modern house 20 miles from the centre.
- 5 **Molly's** married, and she _____ a daughter, **Eva**. Eva likes watching TV. She _____ crime dramas.
- 6 **Sally** _____ to the gym every morning. In the evening, she _____ maths at college.

2.1 Listen and check.

Pronunciation of verb + -s

4 Write the verbs from exercise 2 in the correct column.

| /s/ | /z/ | /ɪz/ |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| <i>works</i> | <i>plays</i> | <i>teaches</i> |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

2.2 Listen and check.

Questions and negatives

5 Complete the questions about **Leo** with question words from the box.



what where what time why
who how how old how many

- 1 'Where _____ does Leo work?'
'In an office.'
- 2 ' does he start work?'
'At 9.00.'
- 3 ' does he have for breakfast?'
'Coffee and toast.'
- 4 ' is he married to?'
'Lara.'
- 5 ' does he get to work?'
'By bus.'
- 6 ' children does he have?'
'Two.'
- 7 ' is he?'
'Thirty-five.'
- 8 ' does he work so hard?'
'Because he needs the money!'

2.3 Listen and check.

Daily routines

6 Look at the pictures of Nina's day. Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct form.

| | | | | | |
|------------|----------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| get up | have breakfast | have lunch | get home | start work | finish work |
| go to work | have a shower | watch TV | get dressed | have dinner | go to bed |

2.4 Listen and check.



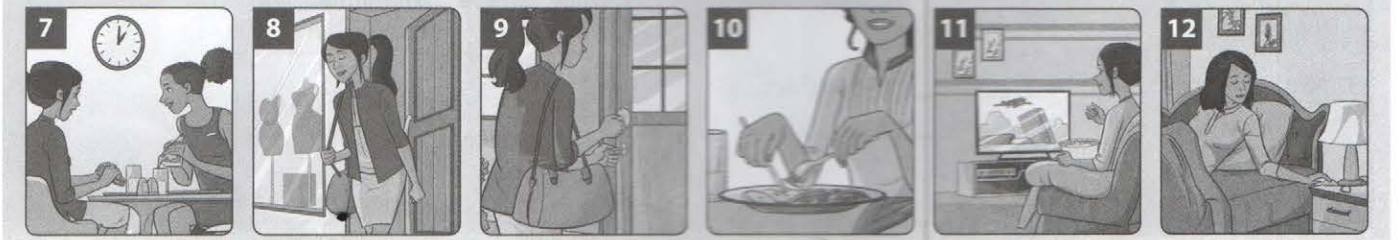
NINA'S DAY



Nina ¹ *gets up* at 7.00. Then she ² _____ and washes her hair. After the shower, she ³ _____. Then she goes into the kitchen and ⁴ _____. She likes tea and toast.

She ⁵ _____ by train. She works in a clothes shop. She ⁶ _____ at 9.00. At 1.00 she ⁷ _____ in a café with her friend, Sal. She ⁸ _____ at 5.30 and ⁹ _____ at 6.15. In the evening, she ¹⁰ _____ and ¹¹ _____. She likes Netflix.

She ¹² _____ at 11.00.



Questions

7 Look at the answers and complete the questions.

- she / does / get*
What time does she get up? At 7.00.
- have / does / she*
What _____ for breakfast? Tea and toast.
- does / work / she*
Where _____? In a clothes shop.
- she / start / does*
What time _____ work? At 9.00.
- she / have / does*
Where _____ lunch? In a café.
- do / she / does*
What _____ in the evening?
She has dinner and watches TV.

Negatives

8 Correct the sentences about Nina.

- Nina works in an office.
She doesn't work in an office. She works in a clothes shop.
- She has coffee for breakfast.

- She starts work at 10.00.

- She has lunch with her sister.

- She watches sport on TV.

- She goes to bed at 10.30.

Captain Cook Cruises

9 Complete the leaflet with the verbs from the box.

have watch drink eat stop

CAPTAIN COOK CRUISES

See the sights of Sydney Harbour with *Captain Cook Cruises*. We ¹ **have** cruises running every day of the year, even Christmas day!

Our ferries ² _____ at a lot of famous places including Manly Beach, Taronga Zoo, and Shark Island. Go on one of our wonderful evening cruises. ³ _____ a delicious dinner, ⁴ _____ champagne and ⁵ _____ the sun set.



10 Read about Dan the ferry man and complete the sentences.

- 1 Dan sometimes **works** in the evening.
- 2 He **doesn't work** on Mondays.
- 3 He _____ work at 6.45 a.m.
- 4 The cruise _____ two hours thirty minutes.
- 5 The ferries _____ very fast.
- 6 Dan _____ \$140,000 a year.
- 7 Julia _____ at Taronga Zoo in Sydney.
- 8 They _____ on camping holidays. They go on cruises!

11 Complete the questions and answers.

- 1 'How many days a week does Dan work?'
'He **works** four days a week.'
- 2 '_____ Captain Cook ferries run on Christmas day?'
'Yes, _____.'
- 3 '_____ does the first ferry leave in the morning?'
'7.30.'
- 4 '_____ cruises _____ Dan do a day?'
'Three.'
- 5 '_____ he always finish work at 5.00 p.m.?'
'No, he _____. He sometimes works till midnight.'
- 6 '_____ does the cruise take?'
'Two and a half hours.'
- 7 '_____ Captain Cook ferries stop?'
'At lots of famous places in Sydney.'
- 8 '_____ Dan _____ fluent Chinese?'
'No, he _____. He only _____ a little Chinese.'
- 9 '_____ does he earn?'
'He earns \$140,000 a year.'
- 10 '_____ do Dan and his wife do on holiday?'
'They _____ on cruises.'

2.5 Listen and check.

Dan, the ferry man



Dan Baker is a ferry driver for Captain Cook Cruises in Australia. He drives ferries in Sydney Harbour.

He works four days a week. Sometimes he's free at the weekend, but he often works on Saturday and Sunday. These are very busy days because a lot of tourists want cruises then. He never works on Mondays. Captain Cook Cruises run 365 days a year, even on Christmas Day!

The first cruise leaves the harbour at 7.30 in the morning. Dan starts work at 6.45 a.m. and does three cruises a day. He finishes work at 5.00 p.m. Sometimes Dan does the evening cruises and then he doesn't start work until 5.30 p.m. and finishes at midnight. 'The evening cruises are very popular' says Dan, 'because people like to have dinner, watch the sunset and look at the stars with a glass of champagne'.

The cruise

The cruise takes two hours thirty minutes. The ferry doesn't go fast because everyone wants to see the sights. It stops at a lot of famous places in Sydney, including Manly Beach and Taronga Zoo.

Dan meets people from all over the world. He speaks Spanish and a little Chinese.

He earns \$140,000 a year and he has 30 days' holiday. In his free time Dan likes walking his two dogs with his wife, Julia. Julia is a zoologist – she works at Taronga Zoo and often works at weekends, too. What do they do on holiday? 'We go on cruises. Julia and I love a cruise!' says Dan.



Vocabulary

Jobs

1 Look at the pictures and write the job. Find the jobs in the wordsearch.



1 fireman



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____

2 Complete the words with *-or* or *-er*.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1 football <u>er</u> | 6 doct_____ |
| 2 wait_____ | 7 manag_____ |
| 3 act_____ | 8 police offic_____ |
| 4 hairdress_____ | 9 interpret_____ |
| 5 profess_____ | 10 film direct_____ |

D T H A A Q I H Y V Y P H Q M
 X D H T P I L O T S M E Q V D
 Z X **F I R E M A N** I T C T Z J
 W H N H A I R D R E S S E R J
 A F F J Z Q B F G X T M M J B
 I J U J Q X R N D N I S L S C
 T F N N O S T Q M E P G A I M
 E D K X U Q L E H I E W W N W
 R I K H E K X D A Y U U Y G V
 Y R B N O P U O E C P F E E V
 T W C C R W K D K N H X R R L
 S N A R C H I T E C T E R R B
 G U D O C T O R S G H I R S H
 D I W W E D I F X T C W S U H
 G L L U G D R H P F F B W T O

Verb + noun

3 Write a verb from the box.

| | | | | | |
|------|------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| earn | watch | wash | write | do | drive |
| wear | speak | have | play | walk | tell |

- | | |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 1 <u>watch</u> | TV |
| 2 _____ | a foreign language |
| 3 _____ | your hair |
| 4 _____ | a uniform |
| 5 _____ | snooker |
| 6 _____ | a car |
| 7 _____ | two weeks' holiday |
| 8 _____ | a blog |
| 9 _____ | a lot of money |
| 10 _____ | the time |
| 11 _____ | the housework |
| 12 _____ | the dog |

Everyday English

What time is it?

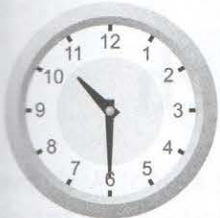
1 **2.6** Underline the times you hear.

- 1 10.30 / 10.40
- 2 2.15 / 2.50
- 3 two o'clock / ten o'clock
- 4 quarter past three / quarter to three
- 5 half past eight / ten past eight
- 6 ten to two / twenty to two
- 7 six thirty / six twenty
- 8 half past twelve / ten past twelve

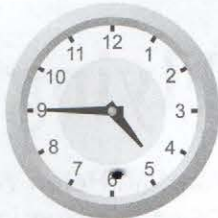
2 **2.7** Listen and complete the conversations.

- 1 A Excuse me! What time is it?
B It's _____ twenty past five.
- 2 A Do you have the time, please?
B Yes, it's _____ ten o'clock.
- 3 A What time is it?
B It's _____ half past two.

3 Write the times in numbers.



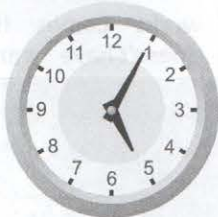
1 10.30



4 _____



2 _____



5 _____



3 _____



6 _____

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the conversation with *is*, *has*, or *does*.

A My brother is very clever. He ² _____ a very important job.

B What ³ _____ he do?

A He ⁴ _____ a computer programmer.

B Where ⁵ _____ he work?

A He works in Virginia in the United States.

B Who ⁶ _____ he work for?

A Microsoft.

B ⁷ _____ he married?

A Yes. His wife ⁸ _____ American.

B ⁹ _____ he have any children?

A Yes, he ¹⁰ _____ a three-year-old son.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

1 He works in a hospital.

- a work b works

2 Rachel is a _____.

- a docter b doctor

3 Dave _____ work at 5.00.

- a finishes b finishs

4 Rob doesn't _____ very much money.

- a earns b earn

5 She's _____ architect.

- a an b a

6 '_____ does he work?' 'In an office.'

- a Where b What

7 'Where does he go _____ holiday?' 'France.'

- a in b on

8 She _____ every day.

- a studys b studies

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

| | | | | |
|--------|--------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| office | earns | beautiful | amazing | breakfast |
| goes | farmer | delicious | has | finishes |
| clever | ferry | weekend | interesting | writes |

| verbs | nouns | adjectives |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| <i>earns</i> | <i>farmer</i> | <i>amazing</i> |
| | | |

Go online to Check your progress.

3

Time off!

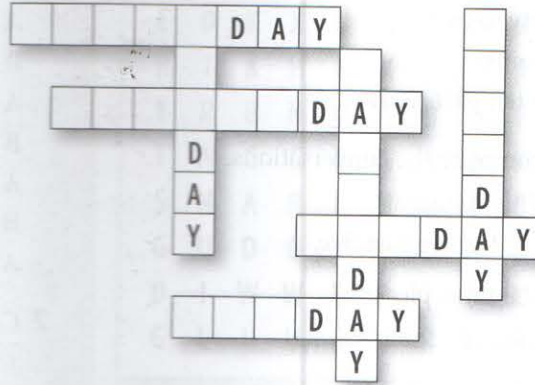
- Present Simple (2)
- How often ... ?
- Free time activities

- Days of the week
- Social expressions (1)

Vocabulary

Days of the week

Complete the crossword. The answers are the days of the week. There are no clues!



Grammar

Present Simple (2)

1 Read about Helen Walker. Complete the text with verbs from the boxes.



Flying High

Captain Helen Walker is a pilot with over 25 years' experience – and a collector of dolls from around the world!

| | | |
|--------------|-------|----------|
| works | comes | flies |
| doesn't have | earns | watch go |

Helen Walker is 49, and she ¹ _____ from Guildford in the south of England. She ² _____ for British Airways. She ³ _____ 747s from London Heathrow to New York JFK three times a week. She ⁴ _____ £98,000 a year.

'New York is my favourite city,' she says. 'It ⁵ _____ a lot of open spaces and parks like London, but I like it. I ⁶ _____ shopping on Fifth Avenue, and I ⁷ _____ shows on Broadway.'

3.1 Listen and check.

2 Look at Helen's answers. Complete the questions.

- 1 'Where **do** you **come** from?'
'I'm from Guildford.'
- 2 'Who _____ you _____ for?'
'I work for British Airways.'
- 3 'What planes _____ you fly?'
'I fly 747s.'
- 4 'Where _____ you _____ to?'
'I fly to New York.'
- 5 'How much _____ you _____?'
'I earn £98,000.'
- 6 'Where _____ you _____ shopping in New York?'
'I go to Fifth Avenue.'
- 7 'What _____ your husband _____?'
'He's an accountant.'
- 8 'How many dolls _____ you _____?'
'More than a hundred.'

3.2 Listen and check.

don't take love has have collects

She's married to Bill, who's an accountant, and they _____ three children. The children go to Sassoon House School. 'I _____ the children to school, Bill does,' explains Helen, 'because I'm away so much.'
Helen has a hobby. She _____ dolls from all over the world. She _____ more than a hundred. 'I _____ going to toy shops when I'm in another country,' she says.



Negatives

- 3 Complete the sentences with *isn't*, *aren't*, *'m not*, *doesn't*, or *don't*.
- 1 Helen Walker **isn't** a flight attendant. She's a pilot.
 - 2 She _____ work in an office. She works in a plane.
 - 3 'I _____ fly to Australia. I fly to New York.'
 - 4 'There _____ a lot of parks in New York, just Central Park.'
 - 5 'My children _____ go to Clarence School. They go to Sassoon House School.'
 - 6 She _____ take the children to school. Bill does.
 - 7 'I _____ stay at home all the time. I go away a lot.'
 - 8 Helen _____ collect cars. She collects dolls.

More verbs in the Present Simple

- 4 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box.

love (x2) like want know ~~have~~ live
prefer mean understand come

- 1 I **have** two sisters and a brother.
- 2 'What does this word 'expensive' _____?'
'It means it costs a lot of money.'
- 3 I'm hungry! I _____ a sandwich!
- 4 Where do you _____ from?
- 5 When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't _____.
- 6 I _____ with my parents in a town called Chichibu.
- 7 'Do you _____ what time it is?'
'Yes. It's ten o'clock.'
- 8 'Do you _____ me?'
'Of course I _____ you. I want to marry you!'
- 9 'Do you like red or white wine best?'
'I _____ red.'
- 10 They _____ good food so they often go to restaurants.

How often?

Adverbs of frequency usually come before the main verb.

She **never** goes out on Monday.

They come after the verb to be.

He's **always** late for work.

5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 always / shower / morning / have / the / in / I / a

I always have a shower in the morning.

2 sometimes / go / cinema / to / I / go / the

3 often / France / on / We / holiday / go / to

4 never / coffee / morning / drink / I / in / the


5 usually / 9.00 / work / I / start / at

6 late / is / often / Liz / for / school

7 dogs / my / always / hungry / are

6 Look at the chart about Harry. Complete the sentences using adverbs from the box.

sometimes never always often usually

|  | tea for breakfast | go to work by bus | lunch with a friend | work late | go running |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| Monday | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ |
| Tuesday | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ | ✗ | ✓ |
| Wednesday | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Thursday | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Friday | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| Saturday | ✓ | | ✗ | | ✓ |
| Sunday | ✓ | | ✗ | | ✓ |

1 Harry **always has tea for breakfast**.

2 He **never goes to work by bus**.

3 He **often has lunch with a friend**.

4 He **usually works late**.

5 He **always goes running**.

Vocabulary

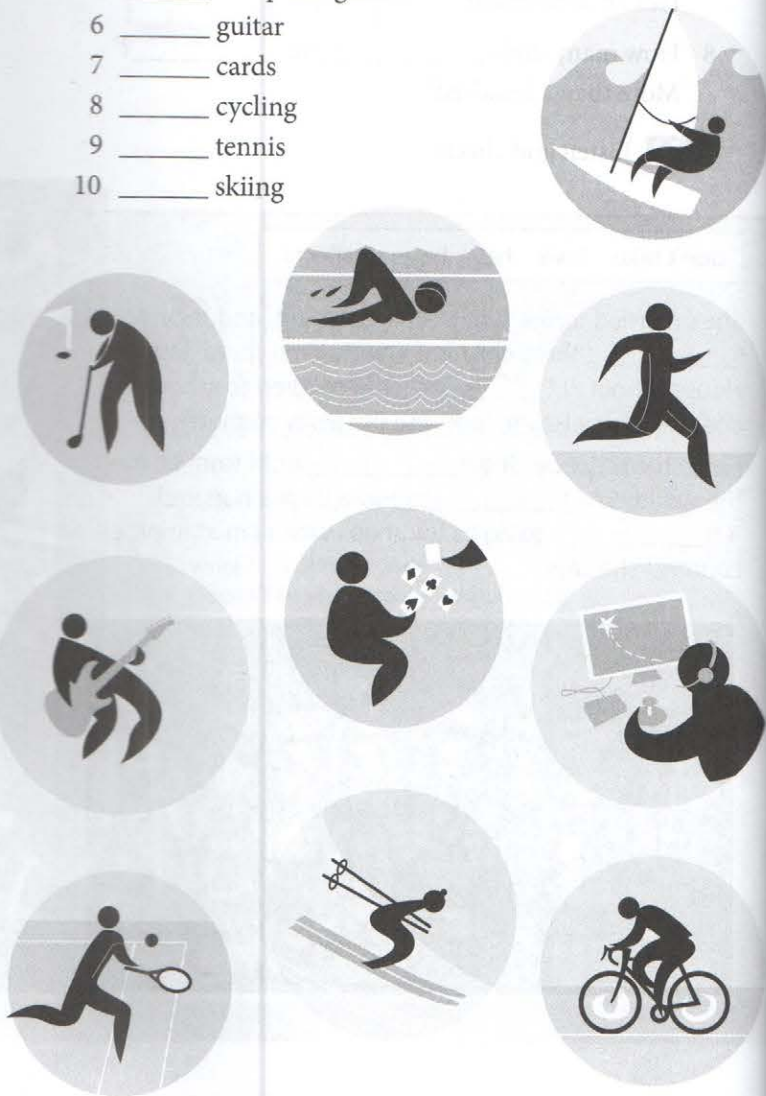
Free time activities

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

| A | B |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 We love films, so | a ___ we sometimes go running. |
| 2 My passion is food, so | b ___ I buy books all the time. |
| 3 I love jazz and blues, so | c <u>1</u> we often go to the cinema. |
| 4 We like doing exercise, so | d ___ I often cook for friends. |
| 5 I love reading, so | e ___ I listen to a lot of music. |

2 Write *play* or *go* for each free time activity.

- play golf
- go swimming
- _____ running
- _____ windsurfing
- _____ computer games
- _____ guitar
- _____ cards
- _____ cycling
- _____ tennis
- _____ skiing



My favourite season

3 Write the seasons in the photos.



spring







4 Read about **Donna**, **Bjorn** and **Aroon**. What is their favourite season?

5 Answer the questions about Donna, Bjorn and Aroon.

1 Where does **Donna** often go?

2 Who does Donna go sailing with?

3 Where do they spend Christmas Day?

4 Where is **Bjorn** from?

5 What months are in the winter season?

6 What does he love doing in spring?

7 How many seasons are there in Thailand?

8 When is the flower festival?

9 What do **Aroon** and her friends do at the flower festival?

6 Read the texts again and put the verbs in the correct form, positive or negative.

1 **Donna** doesn't come (come) from England. She often _____ (go) to the beach. She _____ (like) sunbathing.

2 **Aroon** _____ (come) from the south of Thailand. She _____ (come) from the north. She _____ (love) singing and dancing.

3 **Bjorn** _____ (like) winter best. He _____ (like) spring.

Seasons round the world

Donna from Australia

I like summer best. We cook and eat in the garden, and we often go to the beach. I don't like sunbathing, but I love water sports. I go surfing and waterskiing, and I sometimes go sailing with my dad. Summer here is from December to February, so we always spend Christmas Day on the beach. My cousins in England think this is very funny. They think it's always warm and sunny here in Australia, but in July and August it's sometimes cold and wet.



Bjorn from Norway

Here's a joke about my country: 'Winter is nine months long, and the other three months are good for skiing.' It isn't true! Yes, the winter months are December to February, but it is often cold in spring and autumn, too. And summer is a short season for us, but it is warm, with very long days. Spring is my favourite season. It's the best time to go skiing. I love skiing down a snowy mountain very fast, under a beautiful blue sky. Sometimes you can still ski in June – isn't that amazing?!



Aroon from Thailand

I live in Chiang Mai in the north. We don't have four seasons here, we have three – hot, rainy, and cool. I like the cool season from November to February. It's our 'winter', and it's cold at night, but it's quite hot in the daytime. In February, we have lots of beautiful tropical flowers – red, orange, and pink, so every year we have a wonderful flower festival. I go with my friends and we sing and dance – I love it!



Adjectives

7 Complete the conversations with an adjective from the box.

happy ~~tired~~ bored interesting hungry
delicious thirsty busy

- 1 'I'm tired.' 'Go to bed, then.'
- 2 'Mmm! This cake is _____.'
'Have another slice!'
- 3 'I'm _____.' 'Have a drink of water, then.'
- 4 'This TV programme is really _____.'
'Yes, I like it too.'
- 5 'I'm so _____! I passed my exam!' 'Well done!'
- 6 'I'm _____.' 'Have a sandwich, then.'
- 7 'Can you help me with my homework?' 'Sorry, I'm too _____ at the moment.'
- 8 'I'm _____!' 'Go for a walk! It's a lovely day.'

3.3 Listen and check.

Prepositions

8 Complete the sentences with prepositions from the box.

to from by of on in with at for

- 1 I come from Italy.
- 2 I go _____ work _____ bus.
- 3 I live _____ my parents _____ an apartment.
- 4 I like going _____ a walk _____ the park.
- 5 This is a photo _____ me _____ holiday _____ Spain.
- 6 My sister is married _____ an American.
- 7 I have a present _____ you.
- 8 I'm always happy _____ Friday.
- 9 I see my friends _____ 8.00 _____ Saturday evening.
- 10 We go skiing _____ winter.

Everyday English

Social expressions (1)



1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

| A | B |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 Have a nice day! | _____ a I have a headache. |
| 2 I'm sorry I'm late. | <u>1</u> b Thanks. Same to you. |
| 3 What's the matter? | _____ c Thanks! It's new! |
| 4 Can I have a sandwich, please? | _____ d That's OK, the traffic is awful today. |
| 5 What does 'hungry' mean? | _____ e Of course. Brown or white bread? |
| 6 Can you help me? | _____ f It means you want to eat! |
| 7 I like your dress! | _____ g Sure! What's the problem? |
| 8 How was your day? | _____ h Good, thanks. What about yours? |

2 Continue the conversation with a line from C.

| C |
|---|
| <u>1</u> i See you this evening. |
| _____ j Well, take an aspirin. |
| _____ k Where did you buy it? |
| _____ l Brown, please. |
| _____ m Yes. It's always bad on a Monday morning. |
| _____ n I'm lost! |
| _____ o Good thanks. |
| _____ p I'm hungry! |

3.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

| | Positive | Negative | Questions |
|--------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| I | <i>live</i> | | |
| You | | <i>don't live</i> | |
| He/She | | | <i>Does he/she live?</i> |
| We | | | |
| They | | | |

2 Complete the sentences with *am/is/are*, or *do/does*.

- A How many brothers and sisters ¹ do you have?
 B I have one brother and one sister.
 A How old ² _____ your sister?
 B Twenty.
 A How old ³ _____ you?
 B I ⁴ _____ eighteen.
 A What ⁵ _____ your sister do?
 B She ⁶ _____ a student.

3 Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 I / play / often / tennis
I often play tennis.
 2 never / he / goes / to / bed / early

 3 sometimes / she / late / works

 4 always / I'm / hungry / in / the / morning

 5 I / get / up / usually / at / seven o'clock

4 Underline the correct answer.

- 1 A Do you walk to school?
 B No, I *comes* / come by bus.
 2 A I like my job very much.
 B What *does you* / *do you* do?
 3 A Where do your friends live?
 B *They live* / *they're live* in a flat in town.
 4 A I leave the city at the weekend.
 B Where *does you* / *do you* go?
 5 A What does she like doing at the weekend?
 B *She likes* / *She's like* relaxing.

a/an or no article

5 **EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with *a/an* or nothing (-).


- I have a shower in the morning.
- I go to - work by - train.
- My brother's wife is - French.
- She works in - office.
- Can I have - cup of coffee, please?
- We go to - café for - lunch.
- Where do you go on - holiday?
- She's - singer in - band.
- We stay at - home on Friday evening.
- I go to - bed about 11.00.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| swimming | autumn | February | Sunday |
| always | Tuesday | running | winter |
| surfing | September | sometimes | March |
| cycling | Monday | August | summer |
| often | Saturday | spring | October |
| never | skiing | Friday | usually |
| Wednesday | playing | tennis | June |

| Seasons | Days of the week | Months | Activities | Adverbs of frequency |
|---------|------------------|----------|------------|----------------------|
| autumn | Sunday | February | swimming | always |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

 Go online to Check your progress.

4

Somewhere to live

- Rooms and furniture
- *there is/there are*
- Prepositions

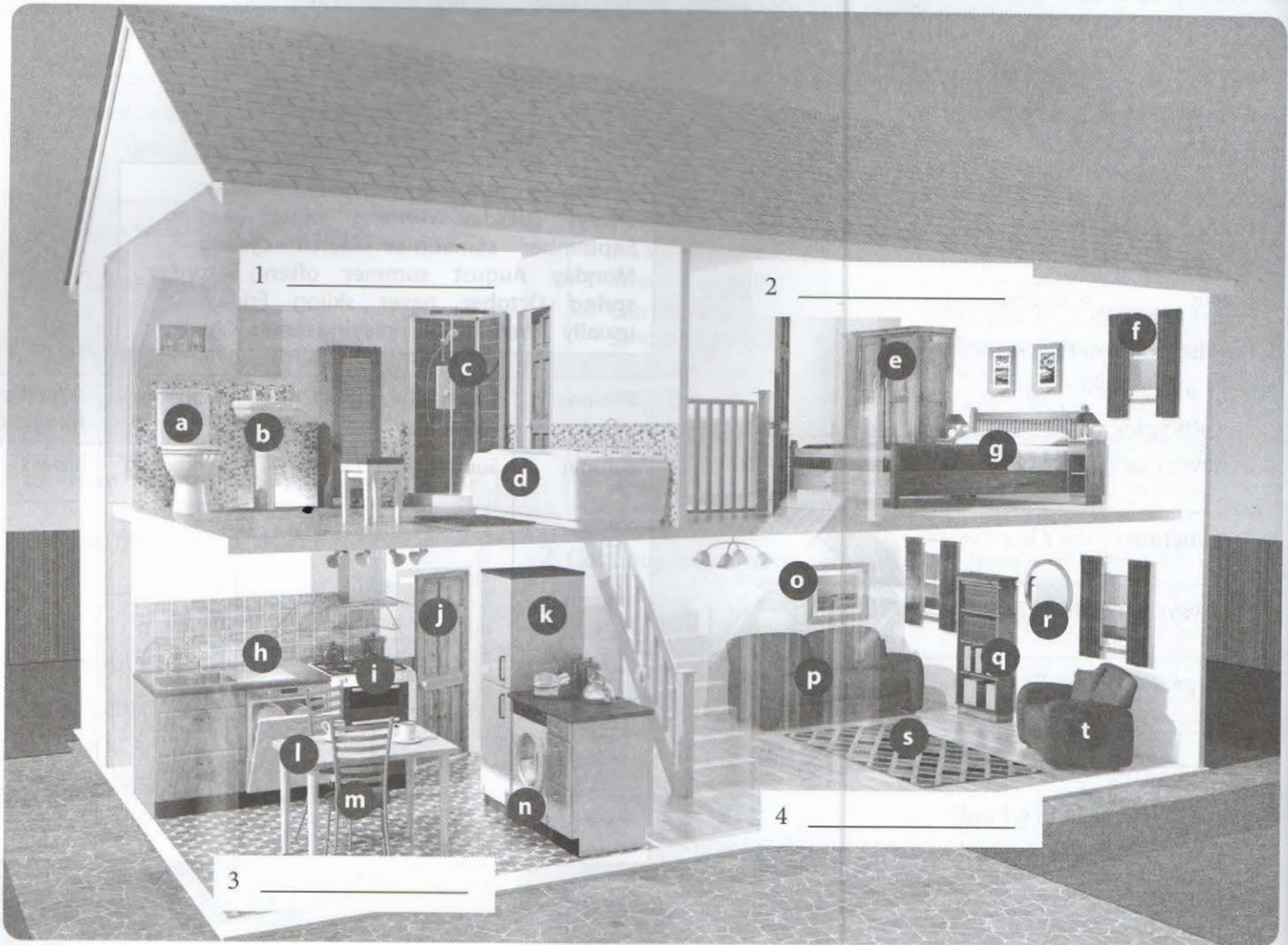
- *some/any/a lot of*
- *this and that, these and those*
- Numbers and prices

Vocabulary

Rooms and furniture

1 Look at the picture. Write the names of the rooms in 1-4.

living room kitchen bedroom bathroom



2 Write the letters from the things in the picture next to the words.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 <u> b </u> sink | 6 <u> </u> toilet | 11 <u> </u> fridge | 16 <u> </u> window |
| 2 <u> </u> sofa | 7 <u> </u> washing machine | 12 <u> </u> dishwasher | 17 <u> </u> armchair |
| 3 <u> </u> cooker | 8 <u> </u> rug | 13 <u> </u> bed | 18 <u> </u> bath |
| 4 <u> </u> shower | 9 <u> </u> chair | 14 <u> </u> door | 19 <u> </u> bookcase |
| 5 <u> </u> mirror | 10 <u> </u> wardrobe | 15 <u> </u> picture | 20 <u> </u> dining table |

Grammar

there is/there are

1 Look at the advert for a house in Southwold. Complete the sentences with *There is/isn't* or *There are/aren't*.

- 1 **There are** _____ four bedrooms in the house.
- 2 **There isn't** _____ a dining room.
- 3 _____ an open plan kitchen/diner.
- 4 _____ an open fire in the living room.
- 5 _____ three bathrooms.
- 6 _____ no Sky TV.
- 7 _____ parking for two cars.
- 8 _____ a garage.

2 Complete the conversation.

R Hi Miles! You know the seaside town, Southwold?

'**Are there** any good restaurants there?

M Hi Rob. Yes, there are some excellent restaurants.

R Great! ² _____ any nice cafés and coffee shops too?

M Yes. ³ _____ lots. My favourite coffee shop is in Southwold.

R ⁴ _____ a nice beach?

M Yes, ⁵ _____ a beautiful beach. The children love the beach there.

R ⁶ _____ any big shopping centres? My wife likes shopping.

M No, ⁷ _____, but ⁸ _____ lots of interesting shops.

R Oh good. ⁹ _____ a pier?

M Yes, ¹⁰ _____. Southwold Pier is famous!

R ¹¹ _____ a railway station?

M No, ¹² _____. We always drive to Southwold and ¹³ _____ usually a lot of traffic.

R OK. Thanks for your help, Miles. I think Southwold is a good place to go on a family holiday.

M It's a great place!

4.1 Listen and check.



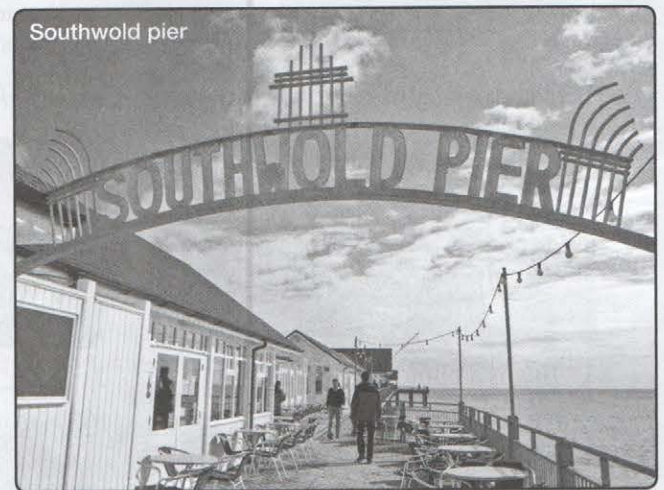
Seastones House

**** 35 reviews

Southwold, Suffolk

A family-friendly Victorian house close to the High Street and beach.

- four double bedrooms
- open plan kitchen/diner
- large living room with open fire
- two bathrooms
- large garden with BBQ
- TV (no Sky) and Wi-fi
- parking for two cars (no garage)
- 500 metres from the High Street – lots of great cafés and restaurants, and lovely shops
- near Southwold's beautiful beach and pier





Prepositions

3 Look at the picture of Tracy in her new flat. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

in (x2) on below next to opposite
above near outside

- 1 There are a lot of books in a box.
- 2 There's a tree _____ the window.
- 3 There's a bird _____ the tree.
- 4 There are two shelves _____ the window.
- 5 There are some cups _____ the shelf.
- 6 There's a packet of biscuits _____ the cups.
- 7 There's a cooker _____ the window.
- 8 There's a cupboard _____ the cooker.
- 9 There's a kettle _____ the cooker.

some/any/a lot of

4 Now complete the dialogue with *some*, *any*, or *a lot of*.

- 1 'Tracy has a lot of flowers.'
'Yes, she does, but does she have any vases?'
- 2 'Are there _____ glasses?'
'No, there aren't _____ glasses, but there are _____ cups on the shelf.'
- 3 'Does she have _____ plates?'
'Yes, she does. There are _____ plates in the cupboard.'
- 4 'Does she have _____ cookbooks?'
'She has _____, but not many.'
- 5 'Are there _____ pictures?'
'No, there aren't, but there are _____ lovely photos.'
- 6 'Oh dear, there isn't _____ coffee left.'
'It's OK, there's _____ orange juice on the table!'

this and that, these and those

5 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.



1 This is a photo of my kids.



2 I like _____ picture.



3 _____ cake is delicious!



4 I love _____ shoes!



5 _____ are my children.



6 Can I have six of _____ oranges?

INSIDE THE WHITE HOUSE



The White House, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington DC, is the most famous address in America. It is where the President works, but it is also his private home, where he lives with his family. He has children's birthday parties, holiday dinners, and family weddings in this world-famous building.

THE BUILDING

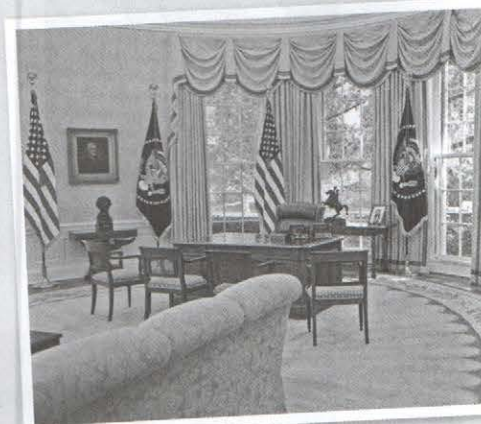
First built in 1800, the White House is where the President of the United States governs a country of 50 states and 324 million people.

He lives with his family on the second and third floors. There are 16 bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen, and a dining room. Special guests stay in the Queen's Bedroom or the Lincoln Bedroom.

In the West Wing are the staff offices. The President's own office, the Oval Office, is also there.

It has three large windows behind the President's desk, and there is a fireplace at the other end.

Each new president chooses new curtains, new furniture, and a new carpet. There are pictures of old presidents on the walls, and there is a famous desk, a gift from the British Queen Victoria.



THE WHITE HOUSE DAY BY DAY

About 150 people work for the President in the West Wing and for the First Lady in the East Wing. Another 100 people look after the building day and night. The White House is open to visitors. It is free. About 6,000 people a day visit.

There are 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms, and five kitchens, all on six floors. There are three elevators*. The State Dining Room is big enough for 140 guests.

Outside, there are gardens with not only flowers, but also fruit and vegetables. There is also a tennis court, a running track, and a swimming pool. Inside, there is a movie theatre*, a billiard room, a bowling alley, and a library. As former President Ronald Reagan said, 'The White House is like an 8-star hotel!'

*elevator (US) = lift *movie theatre (US) = cinema

The White House

6 What do you know about the White House?

Underline the correct answer.

- 1 The White House is in *New York / Washington DC.*
- 2 The White House is *200 / 300* years old.
- 3 *The President lives / The President and his family live* in the White House.
- 4 The White House *is / isn't* open to the public.

7 Now read the article and check your answers.

8 Read the article again. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (X)? Correct the false sentences.

1 There are 35 bedrooms in the White House.

There aren't 35 bedrooms. There are 16.

2 There's a fireplace in the Oval Office.

3 The Oval Office has five windows.

4 The desk is a gift from Queen Elizabeth.

5 There are more kitchens than bathrooms in the White House.

6 There are a lot of things for the President to do in his free time at the White House.

Short answers

9 Answer the questions about things in the White House.

1 Is there a cinema? Yes, there is.

2 Are there any bathrooms? Yes, there are a lot.

3 Is there a swimming pool? _____

4 Is there a beach? _____

5 Are there any elevators? _____

6 Is there a football pitch? _____

7 Are there pictures of old presidents?

8 Is there a bedroom called the King's Bedroom?

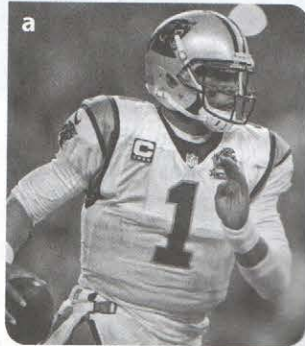
Everyday English

Numbers

1 4.3 Underline the numbers you hear.

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------|----|---|-------|--------|
| a | <u>15</u> | 50 | e | 160 | 260 |
| b | 7 | 70 | f | 810 | 820 |
| c | 68 | 86 | g | 1,000 | 2,000 |
| d | 20 | 30 | h | 1,500 | 15,000 |

2 Match a picture a–f with a number.



- eighty-nine
- one
- a hundred and fifty

- One thousand, five hundred and twelve
- thirteen
- seventy-three

3 4.4 Listen. Write the numbers you hear.

- | | | | |
|---|------------|---|-------|
| a | <u>308</u> | d | _____ |
| b | _____ | e | _____ |
| c | _____ | f | _____ |

Prices

4 4.5 Underline the amounts you hear.

| | | | | | |
|---|-------|------------|---|------|-------|
| a | £30 | <u>£50</u> | e | €100 | €1000 |
| b | £10 | £12 | f | €58 | €86 |
| c | £5.50 | £6.50 | g | \$45 | \$450 |
| d | 80p | 18p | h | \$20 | \$12 |

5 Write the prices of the objects in words.

1. The jeans are fifty-five pounds.

- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

| Positive | | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| There | <u>is</u> | a sofa. |
| There | _____ | three bedrooms. |
| Negative | | |
| There | _____ | a bath. |
| There | aren't | any pictures. |
| Yes/No questions | | |
| _____ | there | a table? |
| Are | there | any photos? |

2 Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Each word can only be used once.

this that aren't any those a lot of these

- A 'How much is this book?'
B 'It's £6.99.'
- A 'Are there _____ pictures on the wall?'
B 'No, there _____.'
- A 'Look at all _____ stars in the sky.'
B 'They're beautiful!'
- A 'Look at _____ picture over there.'
B 'It's horrible!'
- 'Mmmm! _____ cakes are delicious!'
- 'There are _____ apples on that tree.'

3 Complete the sentences with *in*, *at*, or *on*.

'Where are you?' 'I'm ...'

- in the kitchen.
- on the bus.
- at school.
- _____ the bank.
- _____ work.
- _____ the bath.
- _____ the town centre.
- _____ home.
- _____ the train.
- _____ Paris.

Vocabulary

1 Underline the word that is different.

- | | | |
|------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1 wallet | <u>kettle</u> | purse |
| 2 pavement | traffic lights | sofa |
| 3 fruit | office | library |
| 4 laptop | printer | diary |
| 5 plate | mug | lipstick |
| 6 towel | lamp | soap |
| 7 key | shoe | coat |
| 8 window | door | garden |
| 9 tea pot | swimming pool | tennis court |
| 10 clothes | flowers | vegetables |

Adjectives for good and bad

2 Complete the sentences with the adjectives.

amazing awful

- I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's awful.
- Your hair looks amazing! I love it!

horrible lovely

- It's so warm today. What a _____ day!
- Rain again. What a _____ day!

fantastic bad


- Monday is a _____ day for me – three hours of English!
- Rita has a _____ new flat. It's so big!

terrible fabulous

- I like your shoes! They're _____!
- Don't go to that restaurant! The food's _____!

wonderful really bad

- Your father isn't well? That's _____ news. I'm sorry to hear it.
- You're getting married! That's _____ news! I'm so happy for you!

 Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 1-4

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer. (25 marks)

- 1 '_____'s your name?' 'Susanna.'
a Who b What c How
- 2 '_____' do you spell your surname?'
'K-I-P-L-I-N.'
a What b Who c How
- 3 _____ Spanish – I think he comes from Barcelona.
a His b He's c He
- 4 'Is he married?' 'Yes, he _____.'
a does b has c is
- 5 _____ you speak German?
a Do b Are c Is
- 6 'What's her job?' 'She's _____ engineer.'
a the b an c a
- 7 '_____ do you go to the gym?'
'Three times a week.'
a How many b How much c How often
- 8 _____ an Austrian wife.
a He has b He's c His
- 9 _____ brother's my uncle.
a My father is b My father's c My father
- 10 'Is that car _____?' 'No, it's his.'
a your b your car c yours
- 11 'Where _____ shopping?' 'In the town centre.'
a have you go b do you go c are you go
- 12 There _____ too many people at music festivals.
a often is b are often c is often
- 13 'Does Dana _____ to work?' 'No, she goes by train.'
a walk b walks c she walk
- 14 '_____ does Sue earn?' 'The same as Tom.'
a How many b How often c How much
- 15 'She _____ tennis every weekend.'
a play b isn't play c doesn't play
- 16 My children _____ hungry.
a are always b always are c always have
- 17 Sam _____ maths in the evenings.
a study b studies c does study
- 18 Marco and Rita are really nice. _____ children go to my school.
a His b Our c Their
- 19 '_____ any sugar in your tea?' 'No, I don't like sugar in tea.'
a Is there b Are there c Have you
- 20 'Have some biscuits.' 'Thanks! I really like _____.'
a it b them c some
- 21 It _____ very hot here in summer.
a has b does c is
- 22 That was a long walk! _____ thirsty.
a I've b I'm c It's
- 23 We love films, so we _____ to the cinema.
a often go b go often c are often
- 24 'Do you have _____ sisters?' 'No, I don't.'
a no b some c any
- 25 Mari and Jo go to the beach a lot in the summer. They _____ swim well.
a all b two c both

SCORE

| | |
|--|----|
| | 25 |
|--|----|

Vocabulary

2 Complete the sentences with the correct word from the box. (15 marks)

January chef walk winter play autumn student
summer farmer October teacher go do
December flight attendant

- The leaves fall off the trees in the _____.
- Christmas is on the 25th of _____.
- Jon works in a big kitchen. He's a _____.
- Alex studies Chinese at a large university. He's a _____.
- I love to sunbathe on the beach in the _____.
- I go skiing in the _____.
- New Year's Day is on the 1st of _____.
- I _____ tennis on Fridays after work.
- Dora travels to a lot of countries. She's a _____.
- I _____ to the gym every morning at seven o'clock.
- Halloween is on the 31st of _____.
- I _____ the dog when I get home from work.
- Tom works outside a lot. He's a _____.
- I _____ the housework at the weekend.
- Anya works at a secondary school. She's a _____.

3 Underline the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| 1 sofa | table | chair | bedroom |
| 2 cooker | fridge | kettle | bath |
| 3 living room | bathroom | bed | kitchen |
| 4 shelf | fruit | picture | poster |
| 5 Cairo | Rome | Italy | Madrid |
| 6 Paris | France | Egypt | Australia |
| 7 Indian | Chinese | Swiss | Germany |
| 8 daughter | son | parents | child |
| 9 uncle | grandfather | nephew | sister |
| 10 ladies | women | cities | parties |
| 11 friendly | easy | boring | interesting |
| 12 Saturday | Tuesday | September | Thursday |
| 13 difficult | good | new | cheap |
| 14 have breakfast | go to bed | get up | get dressed |
| 15 sunbathing | swimming | going to work | reading |

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)

1 A Good morning! _____ are you today?

B I'm fine, thanks. _____?

2 A Hi. Can I _____ you?

B No, thank you. We're _____ looking.

3 A Hello. My name's Marta. I'm _____ Madrid.

B Hi, Marta. _____ to meet you.

4 A Excuse me. Do you _____ the time?

B Yes, of course. It's _____ after six.

5 A Excuse me. What _____ does the supermarket close?

B Ten o'clock. You're OK. No need to _____.

6 A Excuse me! Can you _____ me?

B Yes, of course. _____ the problem?

7 A How was _____ day?

B Great, thanks. And _____?

8 A Can I close the window? It's really _____ in here.

B Sure. Good _____.

9 A Bye! _____ a nice day!

B Thanks. _____ to you.

10 A I like your coat. It's _____ nice.

B Thank you. I'm _____ you like it. It's new.

SCORE

| | |
|--|----|
| | 40 |
|--|----|

TOTAL

| | |
|--|----|
| | 65 |
|--|----|

- can/can't
- was/were
- could/couldn't

- Verbs
- Noun + noun
- Polite requests

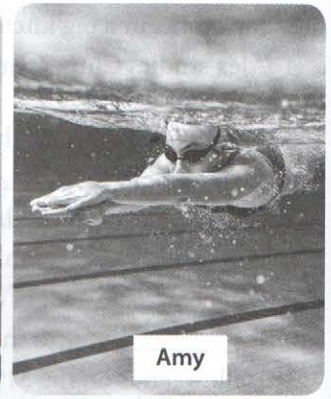
Grammar

can/can't

1 Look at the information. Complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

| | Tim | Amy | Don | Cathy |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| play the guitar | ✓ | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ |
| speak two languages | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ |
| bake cakes | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| do card tricks | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ | ✗ |
| ride a motorbike | ✗ | ✗ | ✓ | ✗ |
| swim | ✗ | ✓ | ✓ | ✗ |

- 1 Tim can play the guitar, but he can't swim.
- 2 Tim _____ a motorbike and he _____ card tricks.
- 3 Don _____ cakes, but he _____ the guitar.
- 4 Amy and Don _____ two languages, but they _____ the guitar.
- 5 Cathy _____ a motorbike, and she _____ swim either.
- 6 Only Don _____.
- 7 Everybody _____.
- 8 Nobody _____.



3 Complete the conversations with *can/can't* and a verb from the box.

cook speak run ride do drive

- 1 'Can you speak French?' 'Yes, I can a little bit! Bonjour!'
- 2 '_____ Peter _____ fast?' 'Yes, he _____. He's a 100-metre champion!'
- 3 '_____ Alice _____ Italian food?' 'Yes, she _____. Really well! Her spaghetti bolognese is amazing!'
- 4 '_____ you _____ a motorbike?' 'No, I _____, but I _____ a car.'
- 5 '_____ you _____ this homework?' 'Of course I _____! It isn't really difficult!'

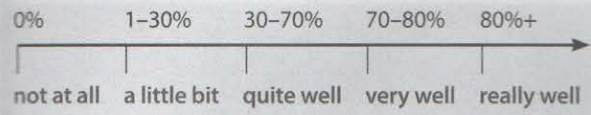
5.2 Listen and check.

Pronunciation

2 5.1 Listen and underline what you hear.

- 1 Superman can / can't fly.
- 2 My brother can / can't play the guitar.
- 3 I can / can't ride a motorbike.
- 4 Can / Can't you drive a car?
- 5 My sister can / can't cook very well.
- 6 Can / Can't you speak Chinese? I don't believe it!
- 7 Dogs can / can't swim, but cats can / can't.
- 8 Penguins can / can't fly.

4 Rewrite the sentences with expressions from the box.



- She can play chess. (90%)
She can play chess really well.
- She can cook. (0%)
She can't cook at all.
- I can speak German. (40%)

- He can speak Russian. (15%)

- We can look after ourselves. (70%)

- I can sing. (85%)

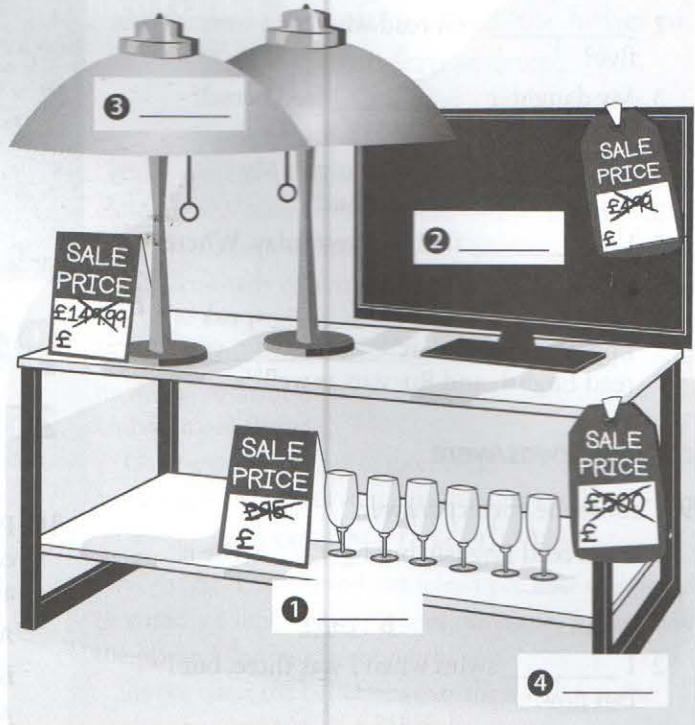
- They can't ski. (0%)

- I can understand Arabic. (10%)

was/were

5 Look at the things in the sale. Label 1-4 with the words from the box.

lamps table glasses TV



6 5.3 Listen. Write the prices on the labels.

7 Complete the conversations with *was* or *were*.

- A How much are those glasses?
B They're only £65 in the sale.
A How much were they before?
B They _____ £95.
A Wow! What a bargain!

- A How much is the TV?
B It's £379.99 now, but it _____ £499, so it's a really good price.
A OK. I'd like one, please!

- A Excuse me. How much are those lamps?
B They're in the sale. They _____ £149.99, but now they're only £99.99!

- A Excuse me. How much is that table?
B It _____ £500, but now it's only £410 because it's in the sale. You save an amazing £90!
A Hmm. I really like it, but it's still too expensive.

5.3 Listen and check.



could/couldn't

8 Complete the sentences with *could* or *couldn't*.

- 1 I could walk when I was one, but I couldn't talk until I was three.
- 2 _____ you read when you were five?
- 3 My daughter _____ feed herself until she was four.
- 4 I _____ sleep last night. My neighbour's TV was so loud!
- 5 I _____ find you yesterday. Where were you?
- 6 'When I was five I _____ speak English and Russian.' '_____ you read English and Russian as well?'

can/can't/was/were

9 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 I can read English, but I _____ write it very well.
a can b can't
- 2 I _____ swim when I was three, but I can now.
a can't b couldn't
- 3 What month _____ it last month?
a was b were
- 4 I couldn't ski when I was three and I still _____.
a can't b couldn't
- 5 Sofia and Adam _____ at the party last night because they're on holiday.
a aren't b weren't
- 6 I _____ do the homework! Could you help me, please?
a can't b couldn't

Picasso the prodigy



Pablo Picasso

25 October 1881–8 April 1973

10 Pablo Picasso was a child prodigy. Read and complete the conversation about him with *was/wasn't*, *were/weren't*, and *could*.

A Hey, look at that painting! It's a Picasso!

B Oh yes! It's amazing!

A Where ¹was Picasso born?

B In Malaga.

A Ah! So he ²_____ Portuguese?

B No, he ³_____. He ⁴_____ Spanish. Malaga is in Spain.

A Of course! ⁵_____ his parents rich?

B Well, they ⁶_____ rich and they ⁷_____ poor. His father, Don José, ⁸_____ a painter and a professor of art. His mother, Dona Maria, ⁹_____ a housewife.

A So, ¹⁰_____ Picasso good at drawing when he ¹¹_____ young?

B Oh, yes. He ¹²_____ a child prodigy. He ¹³_____ draw before he could speak. His first word ¹⁴_____ *lápiz*, which is Spanish for pencil.

A Wow! What a story.

5.4 Listen and check.



Galileo, the father of modern science

11 Read about Galileo. Underline the correct answer.

- Galileo was born in Pisa / Rome.
- His father was a scientist / musician.
- He was a student / professor at the University of Pisa.
- He was the father to three / four children.
- His theory was the sun went round the Earth / the Earth went round the sun.
- He was at home / in prison when he died.
- In his final years, he couldn't see / hear.

12 Read the text again. Answer the questions.

- What nationality was Galileo?

- He was a physicist and a mathematician. What else was he?

- When was he born?

- Where was he a professor of mathematics and astronomy?

- Was he married?

- What could he see with his telescope?

- Why did some people think his ideas were dangerous?

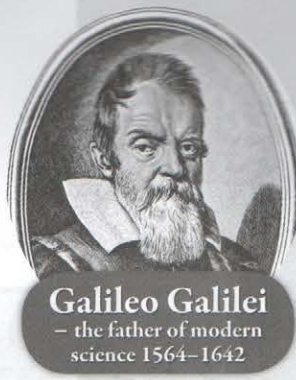
and/but/so/because

13 Look at these words that join sentences.

I like Pete **and** I like his wife.
I like Pete, **but** I don't like his wife.
John's ill, **so** he's in bed.
He's in bed **because** he doesn't feel very well.

Join the sentences with *and*, *but*, *so*, or *because*.

- I can't cook, so my husband does all the cooking.
- Picasso's father was a painter _____ a professor of art.
- Picasso couldn't speak very well when he was little, _____ he could draw well.
- I work hard _____ I need to earn some extra money.
- I wasn't very hungry this morning, _____ I didn't have breakfast.
- Galileo was the father of three children, _____ he wasn't married to their mother.
- I like Rachel _____ she's funny and she makes me laugh.
- Galileo could see the planets Jupiter _____ Venus with his telescope.



Galileo Galilei was an Italian physicist, mathematician, astronomer, and philosopher. He was a brilliant scientist, and is often called 'the father of modern science'.

PERSONAL LIFE

Galileo was born in Pisa, Italy. He was the first of six children of Vincenzo Galilei and Giulia Ammannati. His father was a famous musician.

Galileo's early education was in a monastery. Later, at the University of Pisa, he was first a student of medicine, and then a student of mathematics. From 1592 to 1610 he was a professor of mathematics and astronomy at the University of Padua.

Galileo was the father of three children – two daughters and a son – but he wasn't married to their mother.

SCIENTIFIC LIFE

Galileo could make excellent telescopes, and with them he could see moons going round the planet Jupiter, and the planet Venus going round the sun.

At the time, the belief was that the Earth was the centre of our universe, and that the sun went round the Earth. Galileo's theory was that the sun was the centre, and the Earth moved round it.

THE LAST YEARS

The Roman Catholic Church wasn't happy with Galileo's ideas. They were dangerous, because they were different from the ideas in the Bible.

In the last years of his life, Galileo was completely blind, and couldn't see anything. He died in his home in Florence in 1642. He was 77 years old.

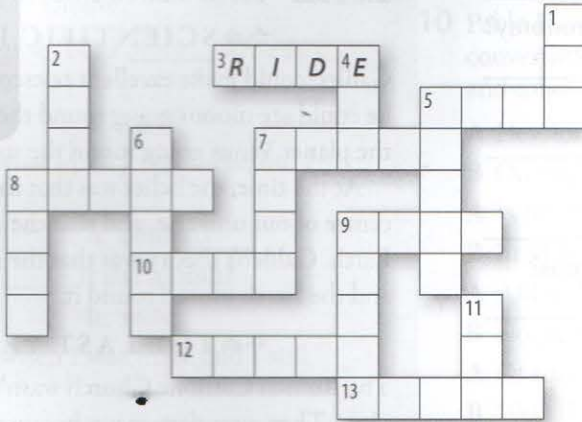


Vocabulary

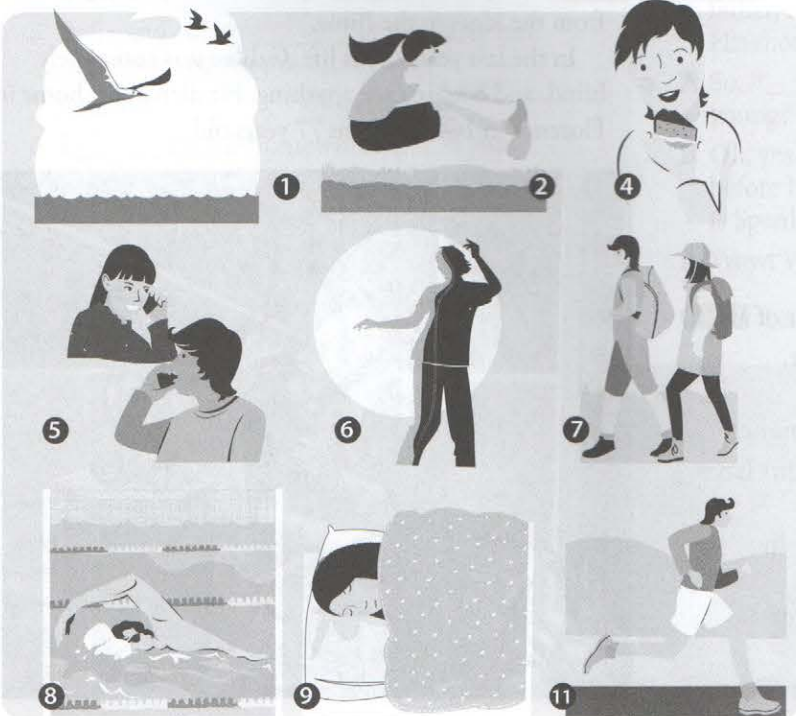
Verbs

1 Do the crossword. All the answers are verbs.

ACROSS



DOWN



2 Complete the sentences with verbs from the crossword in the correct form.

- 1 I can speak three languages.
- 2 I always _____ TV in the evening.
- 3 Julie _____ dinner every night for her family.
- 4 When I'm on holiday I always _____ in the sea.
- 5 Mike _____ his bike to work because he likes the exercise.
- 6 I'm a vegetarian. I _____ meat.
- 7 I usually _____ for eight hours a night.
- 8 Theo can _____ the guitar really well.

Noun + noun

3 Answer the questions with a noun + noun combination from the Student's Book page 56.

- 1 'Where do trains stop?'
'At a railway station.'
- 2 'Where can you buy petrol?'
'At a _____.'
- 3 'What do you wear when it's a sunny day?'
'_____.'
- 4 'Where can you drive fast between one city and another?'
'On a _____.'
- 5 'Where does a woman usually carry her purse, phone, keys ... ?'
'In her _____.'
- 6 'Where do you wait for a bus?'
'At a _____.'
- 7 'Where can you park your car?'
'In a _____.'
- 8 'What do we call a woman who works in business?'
'A _____.'
- 9 'What are the lights in the street that say 'Stop' and 'Go'?'
'_____.'
- 10 'Where can you buy a book?'
'In a _____.'

Everyday English

Polite requests

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words and phrases from the boxes.

1 could you of course ~~can't~~



- A Hi! Can I help you?
 B A coffee, please.
 A Espresso? Cappuccino? Latte?
 B An espresso, please. And _____ give me some hot water as well?
 A _____ . Take a seat.

2 could you of course could I



- C Excuse me! _____ ask you a question?
 D _____. What is it?
 C _____ tell me what 'yellow' means?
 D Yellow is a colour. The sun's yellow. Butter is yellow.
 C Ah, OK! Thanks.

3 the problem could you can I



- E Jamie! _____ ask you a favour?
 F Uh huh. What is it?
 E _____ help me with my computer?
 F What's _____ ?
 E I can't get online.
 F OK. Let's have a look.

4 can you could I can I have



- G Dad, _____ borrow the car tonight?
 H Mm ... all right. But it needs petrol.
 G OK. Er ... Dad, I don't have any money. _____ lend me some?
 H Is that lend or give?
 G I'll pay you back. I promise. _____ twenty pounds?

5.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Underline the correct sentence.

- a I don't can use a computer.
 b I can't use a computer.
- a She can't speak English.
 b She no can speak English.
- a Do you can play chess?
 b Can you play chess?
- a They was on holiday in Spain.
 b They were on holiday in Spain.
- a He can't cook at all.
 b He can cook at all.
- a She can play the piano when she was five.
 b She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

~~a bike~~ a marathon your homework the guitar a text an exam ~~a mile~~ an email dinner the piano a horse a motorbike football a race ~~a letter~~ a cake ~~housework~~ chess ~~a noise~~ cards

| ride | run | send |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| a bike | a mile | a letter |
| make | do | play |
| a noise | housework | cards |

Go online to Check your progress.

- Past Simple (1): regular and irregular verbs
- Past time expressions
- Describing feelings: -ed/-ing adjectives
- What's the date?

Grammar

Past Simple (1) Regular verbs

1 Read about the footballer **Lionel Messi**. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple.

Lionel Messi was born on 24 June 1987. As a child, he ¹ lived in Rosario, Argentina. Messi always ² _____ playing football with his brothers and their friends. He was a brilliant player, and ³ _____ playing for Rosario's youth club in 1995.

start
live
love

Messi ⁴ _____ very small for an 8-year-old boy – too small. He ⁵ _____ medicine to help him grow, but it was very expensive. Messi's father, Jorge, ⁶ _____ in a factory, and couldn't pay for it all himself.

look
work
need

In 2000, the Spanish club FC Barcelona saw Messi play and ⁷ _____ him to join their youth team. The club ⁸ _____ to pay for his medicine, and Messi and all his family ⁹ _____ to Spain.

move
ask
offer

Messi was homesick and ¹⁰ _____ Argentina, but when he joined the Barcelona first team, aged 17, and ¹¹ _____ a lot of goals, he was happy. In 2009 he ¹² _____ his first FIFA award *The Best FIFA Men's Player Award*. He is often called the best player in history.

score
receive
miss

2 Look at the answers about **Lionel Messi**. Complete the questions.

- 1 'Where did Messi live?'
'In Rosario, Argentina.'
- 2 'What _____ doing?' 'Playing football with his brothers and their friends.'
- 3 'When _____ playing for Rosario's youth club?'
'In 1995.'
- 4 'Where _____ his father _____?'
'In a factory.'
- 5 'Why _____ expensive medicine?'
'To help him grow.'
- 6 'When _____ his first award for best men's player?'
'In 2009.'

▶ 6.1 Listen and check.

Negatives

3 Complete the sentences about Messi with a verb from the box.

live stay work look play

- 1 Messi didn't live in Buenos Aires.
- 2 He _____ football with his sisters.
- 3 He _____ very tall.
- 4 His father _____ in a bank.
- 5 All Messi's family moved to Spain. They _____ in Argentina.

Pronunciation of -ed

- 4 **6.2** Listen to the pronunciation of *-ed* for these Past Simple verbs. Write them in the correct column.

| | | | | |
|---------|----------|---------|-----------|--------|
| lived | decided | played | offered | missed |
| started | moved | agreed | looked | needed |
| scored | received | watched | liked | stayed |
| stopped | opened | talked | travelled | died |
| enjoyed | worked | visited | | |

| /t/ | /d/ | /ɪd/ |
|--------|-------|---------|
| missed | lived | decided |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

- 6.3 Listen and check.

- 5 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.

die earn move talk ~~live~~ start want watch

- We lived in a small house when I was a child. /d/
- I _____ a really good programme on TV last night. /t/
- We _____ out of London because it was too busy. /d/
- We all _____ a large pizza because we were so hungry. /ɪd/
- I _____ a new job last Monday. I love it! /ɪd/
- He _____ a lot of money last year, so he has a big tax bill! /d/
- She _____ a lot about her childhood in Australia. /t/
- My grandfather _____ in 2012. /d/

- 6.4 Listen, check and repeat.

Past time expressions

- 6 Underline the correct past time expression.

- I watched TV last night / last evening.
- I played tennis yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
- My sister moved to Australia the last year / last year.
- I worked very hard last week / in last week.
- My parents visited yesterday evening / last evening.
- I travelled round the US last summer / past summer.
- I walked 30 kilometres on last Friday / last Friday.
- I cycled to work yesterday morning / last morning.

- 7 Number the times in order, 1-7, with 1 nearest to now.

- _____ this morning
 _____ last winter
1 two minutes ago
 _____ in 1996
 _____ the day before yesterday
 _____ yesterday evening
 _____ ten years ago

the or no article

- 8 **EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with *the* or - (no article).

- What's the name of this hotel?
- I go to _____ work by _____ bus.
- Can you tell me _____ time?
- I live in _____ city centre.
- What time do you have _____ lunch?
- I went to _____ cinema last night.
- This is _____ best restaurant in _____ world!
- I have a house in _____ country.
- I saw James last _____ month.
- Can you play _____ guitar?
- The Cup Final is on _____ TV this afternoon.
- Their flat is on _____ first floor.

Irregular verbs

9 What is the Past Simple form of the irregular verbs? Find them in the wordsearch.

↔ send spend give become fly lose write pay

✕ see leave have come go catch win begin

↕ cost make meet

10 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of an irregular verb.

- I didn't go to New York, I went to Chicago.
- We didn't meet Tom, we _____ Harry.
- He didn't leave last week, he _____ yesterday.
- We didn't see a film, we _____ a play.
- I didn't buy a TV, I _____ a laptop.
- He didn't send a letter, he _____ an email.
- She didn't make spaghetti, she _____ pizza.
- We didn't have white wine, we _____ red.

11 Read the text. Put the irregular form of the verb in brackets into the Past Simple.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D | C | E | X | M | N | T | Z | L | T | S | O | L |
| B | O | D | Y | L | H | N | J | J | D | D | X | L |
| X | S | A | R | G | L | R | A | Y | Z | X | Z | P |
| W | T | M | U | Q | Q | K | R | G | L | N | R | T |
| D | E | A | S | P | E | N | T | E | E | V | A | G |
| N | C | N | V | T | N | N | F | K | S | B | T | M |
| S | E | N | T | T | S | T | O | A | T | M | M | Z |
| E | M | A | C | E | B | O | W | G | D | E | T | W |
| K | D | K | R | A | T | M | L | A | K | T | O | P |
| E | T | O | R | W | M | Y | H | M | D | N | J | G |
| P | A | I | D | W | W | E | L | F | B | D | G | M |

One of the best wedding proposals!

On 23 May, a few years ago, **Isaac Lamb**, a young man from Oregon, US, ¹ made (*make*) an amazing video of his wedding proposal to his girlfriend. It ² _____ (*go*) viral on the Internet and ³ _____ (*become*) one of YouTube's most popular videos, with over 26 million views!



Lamb, an actor and director, asked more than sixty friends and family to help him make the video. They all ⁴ _____ (*sing*) **Bruno Mars'**, *Marry you*, together as Isaac asked his girlfriend, Amy Frankel, to marry him. Bruno Mars ⁵ _____ (*see*) the video and said it was perfect for his song.

It was Isaac's grandmother who ⁶ _____ (*tell*) him to marry Amy, after she ⁷ _____ (*meet*) her for the first time, but it ⁸ _____ (*take*) Isaac three years to propose. They finally ⁹ _____ (*get*) married two years later. It was a big wedding because they ¹⁰ _____ (*have*) lots of friends and family to invite, including all the people in the video. They ¹¹ _____ (*send*) an invitation to Bruno Mars, but he ¹² _____ (*can not*) come because he was too busy.

6.5 Listen and check.

The life of John Lennon

12 Read about **John Lennon**. Complete the sentences.

- 1 John's father left home when he was five.
- 2 His mother died when _____.
- 3 He started The Beatles with Paul and George in _____.
- 4 The Beatles played more than _____.
- 5 The last album they made was _____.
- 6 The Beatles broke up in _____.
- 7 John and Yoko lived in an apartment near _____.

13 Look at the answers about John and The Beatles. Complete the questions.

- 1 'Who did John live with?'
'He lived with his aunt, Mimi.'
- 2 'How _____ his mother _____?'
'She died in a car accident.'
- 3 'Where _____ John _____ to school?'
'He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool.'
- 4 'When _____ The Beatles _____?'
'They started in 1960.'
- 5 'When _____ they first _____ to the United States?'
'In 1964.'
- 6 'Why _____ they _____ playing live concerts?'
'Because the audience made too much noise.'
- 7 'Who _____ John _____ in 1969?'
'Yoko Ono.'
- 8 'Where _____ they _____ to?'
'New York.'
- 9 'When _____ John and Yoko _____ *Imagine*?'
'In 1971.'
- 10 'Where _____ Mark Chapman _____ John Lennon?'
'Outside John's apartment.'

6.6 Listen and check.



JOHN LENNON 1940–1980



John Lennon was a member of a band called The Beatles. With Paul McCartney, he wrote some of the greatest songs of the 20th century.

John Lennon had an unhappy childhood. His father left home when he was five. His mother couldn't bring him up, so John lived with his aunt

Mimi until he was 19. When he was 17, his mother died in a car crash. He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool. He met George Harrison and Paul McCartney, and in 1960 they started a band called The Beatles.

The Beatles recorded their first single *Love Me Do* in 1962. They became famous in 1963, when they played more than 200 concerts. In 1964, they went to the United States for the first time and played on American television.

No more concerts

The Beatles stopped playing live concerts in 1966 because the audience made so much noise that nobody could hear the music. They continued to record songs, and in 1967 they made the album *Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band*. The last album they recorded together was *Abbey Road*.

John Lennon married the artist, Yoko Ono, in 1969, and in 1970 The Beatles broke up. John and Yoko moved to New York. John wrote and sang his most famous song *Imagine* in 1971. In 1980, he and Yoko recorded a new album, *Double Fantasy*.

He was killed a month later. An American, Mark Chapman, shot him outside John's New York apartment near Central Park. Two days before his murder, John Lennon told an interviewer, 'I feel safe in New York. I can go anywhere. It's my home.'

Vocabulary

Describing feelings

1 Match the feeling with its emoji.

worried excited annoyed tired surprised bored exhausted frightened



1 surprised



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____

2 Match a line in A with a line from B.

| A | B |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 The concert was boring | a _____ because it's his birthday soon. |
| 2 I was very tired | b _____ 'Are you angry with me?' |
| 3 Billy is very excited | c <u>1</u> so I left before the end. |
| 4 I'm interested in modern art | d _____ so I went to bed early. |
| 5 'What's the matter?' | e _____ There's so much to see and do. |
| 6 I'm worried because it's 10 p.m. | f _____ so I loved the exhibition. |
| 7 I was so bored in the lesson. | g _____ and the children aren't home yet. |
| 8 Berlin is a very exciting city. | h _____ I learned a lot. |
| 9 The lecture was very interesting. | i _____ I didn't understand a word. |

3 Continue the conversation with a line from C.

| C |
|--|
| j _____ Did you? I didn't learn anything. |
| k <u>1</u> You left a Justin Bieber concert? You're mad! He's amazing! |
| l _____ Me too! I really hate maths! |
| m _____ Ssh, what's that? I think I can hear them now! |
| n _____ Yes, I can't believe he's nearly 10! |
| o _____ Yes, it's one of my favourite cities, too. |
| p _____ No, of course not. I'm just angry with myself! |
| q _____ Me too. Did you see that famous Picasso picture? |
| r _____ I did, too. Everyone feels better after a good night's sleep. |

6.7 Listen and check.

4 Complete the sentences using each adjective once.

interesting interested

- I like *The Times* because it's an interesting newspaper.
- I don't want to watch the football. I'm not interested.

bored boring

- You look _____. Don't you like opera?
- I hate politicians! They're so _____!

excited exciting

- Hooray! We're on holiday! I'm so _____!
- Our holiday was so _____. I learned how to ski.

annoyed annoying

- She eats with her mouth open. It's very _____.
- I get very _____ when people don't say 'Please' or 'Thank you'.

worried worrying

- The news is very _____. It's all about war.
- I'm _____ about my exams next week.

exhausted exhausting

- I feel _____. I got up at 6 a.m. today!
- We had to walk 10 km today. It was _____.

Everyday English

What's the date?

1 Match the numbers and words.

| | |
|------|--------------|
| 2nd | fifth |
| 25th | tenth |
| 10th | first |
| 1st | third |
| 19th | ninth |
| 30th | second |
| 3rd | twenty-fifth |
| 9th | twelfth |
| 5th | nineteenth |
| 12th | thirtieth |

2 6.8 Listen. Write the dates you hear.

- 2 April 1998 _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

3 Write the dates in a different way.

- the first of January
January the first _____
- the tenth of March

- the fifteenth of May

- the second of June

- July the fourteenth

- August the third

- September the eighth

- November the fifth

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Irregular verbs

1 Complete the chart with the verbs from the box. Write the Past Simple forms.

begin start visit write leave buy do see enjoy go
take paint have travel come stay meet talk ask live
stop play

| Regular verbs | | Irregular verbs | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Infinitive <i>start</i> | Past Simple <i>started</i> | Infinitive <i>begin</i> | Past Simple <i>began</i> |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

do/does/did/didn't/was/were/had

2 Complete the conversation with *do*, *does*, *did*, *didn't*, *was*, *were*, or *had*.

- A Where ¹ were you at school?
 B I ² _____ at school in Manchester.
 A ³ _____ you like it?
 B Not really. I ⁴ _____ enjoy it very much.
 A ⁵ _____ you a good student?
 B Well, I ⁶ _____ everything the teachers asked me to do, but I ⁷ _____ like them.
 A Why not? ⁸ _____ they not very nice?
 B Two of them were OK, but I ⁹ _____ horrible teachers for some subjects.
 A ¹⁰ _____ you enjoy the sixth form?
 B Yes, that was better. I ¹¹ _____ quite a good time in my last two years.
 A What school ¹² _____ your children go to?
 B I only have one child – a daughter. She goes to the local school.
 A ¹³ _____ she like it?
 B Yes, she's very happy there, thank goodness!

Go online to Check your progress.

- Past Simple (2): regular and irregular verbs
- Time expressions: *in, at, on, ago*
- Adverbs: regular and irregular
- Special occasions

Grammar

Past Simple (2) Regular and irregular verbs

- 1 Look at the photos. What is the 'Clipper Race'?
- 2 Read the text. Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple.
- 3 Look at the questions and answers about Robin Knox-Johnston's Clipper Race. Complete the questions with the verbs from the box.

arrive ~~sail~~ start do feel leave take think

- 1 A When did Knox-Johnston first sail solo round the world?
B In 1969.
- 2 A How long _____ the journey _____ him?
B Over ten months.
- 3 A When _____ the Clipper Race _____?
B In 1996.
- 4 A Which town _____ the eight yachts _____ from?
B Plymouth.
- 5 A When _____ the winning yacht _____ back in Plymouth?
B Nearly a year later.
- 6 A How _____ the crew members _____ at the end of the race?
B Very tired.
- 7 A When _____ the lorry driver, Bob Baker _____ the Clipper Race?
B A few years ago.
- 8 A What _____ Bob _____ before he did the race?
B That yachting was a rich man's sport.

7.1 Listen and check.

THE CLIPPER RACE

40,000 miles round the world in a yacht!



It started over 20 years ago and is the world's longest and hardest sailing challenge.

How did it start?

In 1969, the Englishman Sir Robin Knox-Johnston ¹*became* (*become*) the first person to sail solo, non-stop round the world. It ²_____ (*take*) him over 10 months. In the years after this amazing achievement, Sir Robin ³_____ (*want*) more people to learn to sail, so he ⁴_____ (*start*) the famous *Clipper Round the World Yacht Race*.

The first race

The first race ⁵_____ (*be*) in 1996, with eight 60-foot yachts. On 16 October they all ⁶_____ (*leave*) Plymouth, England and ⁷_____ (*begin*) their long journey across the oceans. The route included the Galapagos, Hawaii and the Azores. The winning yacht, called *Arial*, finally ⁸_____ (*arrive*) back in Plymouth nearly one year later, on 14 September 1997. The crew members ⁹_____ (*feel*) completely exhausted. 'We rarely ¹⁰_____ (*sleep*) properly,' said crew member, Elizabeth Bluck. 'It was very cold, very wet, and very exciting.'

The race today

The interest in extreme sports and adventure challenges continues to grow. It's expensive to take part in the Clipper Race, but it's very popular. This is because all kinds of people want a new and special challenge in their lives. Last year nearly 20,000 people ¹¹_____ (*apply*) to do it. Bob Baker, a lorry driver who ¹²_____ (*do*) it a few years ago, said, 'I always ¹³_____ (*think*) that yachting was a rich man's sport, but it's not at all'.

Negatives

4 Read the first line about the race and Knox-Johnston. Correct each line, using the prompts to write two sentences.

1 The Clipper Race started in 1998.

(It / not start / in 1998 / It / start 1996)

It didn't start in 1998. It started in 1996.

2 The first race left from Southampton.

(It / not leave / from Southampton / It / leave from Plymouth)

3 The crew members in the first race were all men.

(They / not be / all men / There / be / women too.)

4 Knox-Johnston sailed to South Africa.

(He / not sail / South Africa / He / not have / enough money)

5 He met his wife when he was eighteen.

(He / not meet his wife / when / he / be / eighteen / He / meet her / when / he / be / eight)

6 He had two children.

(He / not have / two children / He / just have / one daughter)

7 He won £6000 prize money in his first race.

(He / not win £6,000 / He win / £5,000)

8 He won his second solo round the world race in 2007.

(He / not win / his second solo race / He / come / fourth)

Questions

5 Match a question word in A with an answer in B.

| A | B |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| 1 When? | a _____ A sandwich. |
| 2 Why? | b <u>1</u> Last Sunday. |
| 3 Who? | c _____ My uncle David. |
| 4 What sort? | d _____ In Paris. |
| 5 Where? | e _____ 16. |
| 6 How old? | f _____ Because I wanted to. |
| 7 How? | g _____ 30. |
| 8 What time? | h _____ A Mercedes. |
| 9 What?* | i _____ 9.30 a.m. |
| 10 How many? | j _____ 3 hours. |
| 11 How much? | k _____ \$45 |
| 12 How long? | l _____ By plane. |

6 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1 school / did / When / start / you / ?

A When did you start school?

B When I was five.

2 morning / you / time / get / up / What / this / did / ?

A _____

B At seven o'clock.

3 dinner / night / have / What / you / last / for / did / ?

A _____

B Chicken curry.

4 did / today / you / How / travel / here / ?

A _____

B By train.

5 it / long / How / take / did / ?

A _____

B An hour.

6 was / Who / the / yesterday / with / girl / saw / I / you / ?

A _____

B My sister!

7 did / go / home / Why / you / early / ?

A _____

B Because I felt sick.

8 phone / much / How / cost / did / your / ?

A _____

B £300.

7.2 Listen and check.

7 Complete the questions in the conversation.



- 1 A We went out for dinner last night.
 B Lovely! ¹ Where did you go?
 A Tabure. It's a new Turkish restaurant in town.
 B ² How did you like it?
 A Yes, we did. We had a great meal.
 B What ³ did you eat?
 A I had beef koftas with a green salad.
 B ⁴ How much was it?
 A No, not really. £20. That's not too bad, is it?



- 2 A We went to Alison's wedding last week.
 B Where ¹ was it?
 A It was in Scotland.
 B ² How many people were there?
 A A lot! There were about 150.
 B What ³ did the bride wear?
 A She wore a lovely white dress. She looked beautiful!
 B ⁴ Did you have a good time?
 A We had a great time! I danced till three in the morning!

7.3 Listen and check.

Time expressions

in/at/on

8 EXTENSION Complete the time expressions with *in*, *at*, *on*, or no preposition (-).

- 1 on Saturday
 2 _____ summer
 3 _____ last night
 4 _____ the twenty-first century
 5 _____ eight o'clock
 6 _____ yesterday
 7 _____ the 12th March
 8 _____ June
 9 _____ Monday morning
 10 _____ 2018
 11 _____ my birthday
 12 _____ the 1990s
 13 _____ the weekend
 14 _____ last year
 15 _____ the afternoon

ago

9 EXTENSION Look at the *Time then* and the *Time now*. How long ago was it?

| Time then | Time now | How long ago? |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 5 p.m. | 6 p.m. | 1 <u>an hour ago</u> |
| 2 10.10 | 10.15 | 2 _____ |
| 3 Monday | Thursday | 3 _____ |
| 4 May 1 | May 14 | 4 _____ |
| 5 January | June | 5 _____ |
| 6 September 21st | September 28th | 6 _____ |
| 7 2010 | 2020 | 7 _____ |

A History of the Early Cinema

1895–1940s

The first moving picture shows started in theatres in England, France, and the United States at the end of the 19th century.



1895–1910 Silent movies

In 1905, the first cinema, or 'Nickelodeon', opened in Pittsburgh, and by 1907 there were about 4,000 'Nickelodeons' in the US. The films were short (sometimes just one minute long) and silent, but there was usually a pianist to accompany them. Film shows lasted about half an hour.

Later films became longer and were often Bible stories. Until 1910, the actors were not named. With the longer films, their names started to appear on screen. The idea of 'film stars' was born.

1910–1927 'HOLLYWOOD' is born!

In the early years, American films were made in or near New York, but in 1910 many film companies moved to California because of the sunshine and the scenery. Westerns – films about cowboys – became very popular, and California was the perfect place to film.

By 1914 American films were very popular, and Hollywood became a 'movie factory'. In the 1920s studios made about 800 films a year, 82% of the world's films. Hollywood's silent movie stars, such as Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton, became famous throughout the world.

1927–1940s The coming of SOUND!

Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1927. It was called *The Jazz Singer*. By the end of 1929 nearly all films were 'talkies'. Now began what is often called 'The Golden Age of Hollywood', with its rich, famous, glamorous film stars such as Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart, and Judy Garland.

A History of the Early Cinema

10 Read the first part of the text '1895–1910'. Complete the questions with *did*, *was*, or *were*. Then complete the answers.

- 1 'When did the first moving picture shows start?'
'At the end of the 19th century.'
- 2 'Where and when _____ the first cinema open?'
'In _____, in _____.'
- 3 'How many 'Nickelodeons' _____ there in the US by 1907?'
'About _____.'
- 4 'How long _____ the film shows last?'
'About _____.'
- 5 'What kind of stories _____ they often tell?'
'_____ stories.'

7.4 Listen and check.

11 Read the rest of the text. Complete the questions and the answers.

- 1 'Where were the first American films made?' 'In New York.'
- 2 '_____ did the film companies move to California?'
'Because of _____.'
- 3 '_____ kind of film became popular?' '_____.'
- 4 '_____ did Hollywood become a 'movie factory' for the world?'
'By _____.'
- 5 '_____ films did the studios make every year?'
'_____.'
- 6 '_____ two movie stars became famous throughout the world?'
'Buster Keaton and _____.'
- 7 '_____ did Hollywood make its first sound movie?'
'In _____.'
- 8 '_____ were some of the film stars of 'The Golden Age of Hollywood'?'
Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart and _____.

Vocabulary

Adverbs

- 1 Complete the sentences using the adjective once and the adverb once.

quiet quietly

- 1 **Quiet**, please. There is an exam in progress.
2 Amy talks so **quietly**. I can never hear what she's saying!

bad badly

- 3 Morris has really _____ teeth.
4 I failed my piano exam because I played so _____.

careful carefully

- 5 Please listen _____ to what I'm saying. It's very important!
6 Be _____ children when you cross the road.

slow slowly

- 7 Please speak more _____, I don't understand.
8 I am a really _____ runner. I always come last on sports day.

beautiful beautifully

- 9 You have a _____ house. I love your kitchen.
10 The children sang _____ at their Christmas concert.

- 2 Complete the sentences with an irregular adverb from the box.

hard fast well early late

- 1 George worked really **hard** and passed all his exams.
2 Paul gets the six o'clock train every morning. He gets up very _____.
3 Becky is always _____ for school. She needs an alarm clock.
4 The police gave Harry a speeding ticket because he drove too _____.
5 You speak English very _____!

Everyday English

Special occasions

- 7.5 Listen and complete the conversations.

- 1 A That's it! It's January 1st!
B _____ New _____ everyone!
A Happy New Year!
_____ to the old year! Here's
to the _____!
All Cheers!



- 2 A It was my birthday yesterday.
B I know. Did you get my _____?
A Yes, thank you. It was very funny.
B And you were ten years old. Did you have a _____?
A Yes, twenty friends _____ and they brought me lots of _____.
B Great! I have _____ for you, too. _____ you are. Happy _____ for yesterday.
A Oh, wow! Thanks!



- 3 A Anna! Congratulations!
B Thank you very much.
A When's the _____?
B We don't know for sure. Possibly _____ April.
A Can I see your engagement _____?
B Of course. Do you _____?
A Ah! It's beautiful. I can't wait for my _____.
Don't forget to say _____ to Paul from me.



- 4 A Morning, Mummy. Here you are! Breakfast in bed.
B Thank you. What a lovely _____.
A Would you like milk in _____ tea?
B Yes, please. Mmm!
A Here's a big bunch of _____, too.
B I am lucky.
A I'm the lucky one because you're _____ mummy!



Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the negative.

enjoy stay pass ~~buy~~ go have

1 I went shopping, but everything was too expensive.

I didn't buy anything.

2 My wife and I had a quiet weekend at home.

We _____ anywhere.

3 Unfortunately, I only got 35% in my exam.

I _____.

4 Pete went to a party, but it wasn't very good.

He _____ there. He went home.

5 I saw Jenny in town, but I was very busy.

I _____ time to talk to her.

6 My parents' holiday was awful. It rained every day.

They _____ it.

2 Put the words in the correct order in these sentences.

1 we / played / all / afternoon / tennis

We played tennis all afternoon.

2 did / what / get up / morning / this / time / you / ?

3 wrote / I / some / emails / morning / this

4 go / work / to / didn't / I / on / was / I / holiday / week / because / last

5 parents / married / in / got / my / 1983

6 you / did / where / school / to / go / ?

7 didn't / to / go / Tim's / we / party / were / because / too / we / tired

8 went / university / to / I / 1990s / the / in

9 did / why / go / you / shops / the / to / ?

10 didn't / big / we / live / house / I / a / young / was / when / in

3 Underline the correct answer.

1 Did you like/liked the film?

2 I not go/didn't go to university.

3 We lost the match because we played really bad/badly.

4 It was my birthday in/on June 15.

5 What did/do you do last weekend?

6 There was/were about 150 people at the wedding.

7 I'm a very slowly/slow reader. It takes me months to finish a book.


8 Sarah failed her exam because she didn't work/worked hard.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

bad slowly on Saturday cinema actor at six o'clock beautiful early last year fast birthday glamorous carefully rich in 2019 American movie on 20th May quietly Hollywood exciting

| Adjectives | Adverbs |
|------------|------------------|
| bad | slowly |
| Nouns | Time expressions |
| cinema | on Saturday |

 Go online to Check your progress.

- Food and drink
- Countable and uncountable nouns
- I like/I'd like ...

- some and any, much and many
- Shopping in the High Street

Vocabulary

Food and drink

1 Write the words from the box in the correct column.

| | | | |
|-----------|--------|------------|---------|
| chicken | milk | potato | apple |
| beef | banana | cheese | onion |
| peas | orange | broccoli | bacon |
| tomato | ham | strawberry | carrot |
| raspberry | butter | yoghurt | sausage |

| Vegetables | Meat | Fruit | Dairy products |
|------------|---------|-------|----------------|
| potato | chicken | apple | milk |

2 8.1 Listen to the stress on these words. Write them in the correct column.

chicken yoghurt potato broccoli tomato
strawberry raspberry banana sausage pasta

| ●● | ●●● | ●●●● |
|---------|-----|------|
| chicken | | |

Countable and uncountable nouns

3 Are these usually countable or uncountable nouns? Write C or U.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 <u>U</u> cheese | 9 ___ fruit |
| 2 ___ apple | 10 ___ pasta |
| 3 ___ food | 11 ___ banana |
| 4 ___ biscuit | 12 ___ tea |
| 5 ___ bread | 13 ___ egg |
| 6 ___ milk | 14 ___ water |
| 7 ___ chip | 15 ___ strawberry |
| 8 ___ tomato | 16 ___ butter |

a, an, or some?

4 Complete the sentences with a, an, or some.

- Children! There's some food on the table. Come and get it!
- I usually have _____ apple for breakfast.
- Can you buy _____ bread at the shops?
- We have _____ cup of coffee and _____ biscuit at 11.00.
- There's some cheese in the fridge and _____ tomato.
- Do you want _____ drink? Tea? Coffee?
- Give me _____ water! Quick!
- I have _____ fruit every day.
- Do you want _____ orange or _____ banana?
- You need _____ eggs to make _____ omelette.



Grammar like ... and would like ...

What do they like doing?

1 Look at the information about Bridget and Simon. Complete the sentences about them.



Bridget, 28, a journalist



Simon, 33, an architect

| | Bridget, 28, a journalist | Simon, 33, an architect |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Weekend activities | going to the cinema eating in restaurants | going to the cinema and the theatre cooking dinner for friends |
| Holiday activities | swimming sunbathing reading books | sightseeing visiting museums reading books |

- Bridget and Simon both **like going** to the cinema.
- Simon also _____ to the theatre.
- Bridget _____ in restaurants, but Simon _____ for friends.
- Bridget _____ and sunbathing, but Simon _____ and visiting museums.
- They both _____ books.

I'd like + noun or infinitive

2 Match a line in A with a line in B.

| A | B |
|---------------------------|---|
| 1 I'm hungry. | a _____ I'd like a holiday. |
| 2 I'm thirsty. | b <u>1</u> I'd like something to eat. |
| 3 I have too much work. | c _____ I'd like a cold shower. |
| 4 I'm hot. | d _____ I'd like a drink. |
| 5 I'm tired. | e _____ I'd like to win a million pounds. |
| 6 It's my birthday. | f _____ I'd like to go to bed. |
| 7 I don't have any money. | g _____ I'd like to have a party. |
| 8 I'm bored. | h _____ I'd like to go to the cinema. |

3 Complete the questions using *would like*.

- 'I'm hungry.' 'What **would you like to eat** ?'
- 'I'm thirsty.' 'What _____?'
- 'I need a holiday.' 'Where _____?'
- 'I want to have a party.' 'Who _____ invite?'
- 'Can we go to the cinema?' 'What _____?'
- 'I want an ice cream.' 'What flavour _____?'

like or would like

4 Choose the correct answer, a or b.

- What do you like doing at the weekend?
 - I like going out with my friends.
 - I'd like to go out with my friends.
- It's your birthday! What do you want to do?
 - I'd like to go out with my friends.
 - I like going out with my friends.
- What's your favourite colour?
 - I'd like blue.
 - I like blue.
- Which shirt do you want?
 - I'd like the blue one, please.
 - I like the blue one, please.
- We're having a party at our house next Saturday.
 - Do you like to come?
 - Would you like to come?
- We have a new teacher.
 - Do you like her?
 - Would you like her?

8.2 Listen and check.

5 Complete the sentences using the correct form of *like* or *would like*.

- Jane has hundreds of cookbooks.
She likes cooking.
- It's Helen's birthday next week.
She _____ to go to an Indian restaurant.
- My car is 20 years old!
_____ a new one!
- There's a good film on TV tonight.
_____ you _____ to watch it?
- We go to the French Alps every year.
_____ skiing.
- Sarah thinks her house is too small.
_____ a bigger one.
- Tom is doing a website for his friend.
_____ designing.

some and any

6 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- I don't have any apple juice. But I have some orange juice.
- Are there _____ messages for me this morning?
- I never have _____ breakfast.
- You have _____ lovely friends. You're very lucky.
- Don't buy _____ bread. We have lots.
- Do you have _____ brothers or sisters?
- There aren't _____ shops in my village.
- I'd like _____ milk in my tea. Is there _____ in the fridge?
- There was _____ rain last night – the road is wet this morning.
- She doesn't have _____ children.

7 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any* and a word from the box.

petrol music food ice stamps friends chips eggs

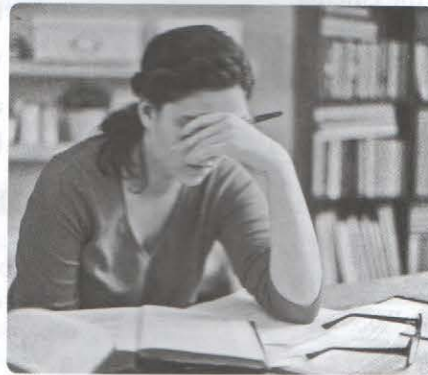
- Can you turn the radio on? I'd like to listen to some music.
- I'd like _____ in my water, please.
- I need to put _____ in the car. It's nearly empty.
- Do you have _____? I have some letters to post.
- Do we have _____? I could make an omelette.
- Can I have _____ with my steak?
- I met _____ from school last night.
- There isn't _____ in the fridge. Sorry.

much and many

8 Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.



- A 'How many students are there in your class?'
B 'Twenty.'



- A 'How much homework do you get?'
B 'Too much.'



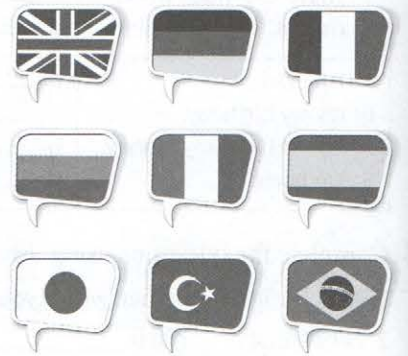
- A 'How much is a cup of coffee and a piece of cake?'
B 'Ten euros.'



- A 'How many people live in your house?'
B 'Five. Me, my brother and sister, and my parents.'



- A 'How much tea do you drink a day?'
B 'Two or three cups.'



- A 'How many languages can you speak?'
B 'Two. French and German.'

8.3 Listen and check.

Two chefs in the family

9 Read the introduction about the chef **Gordon Ramsay** and his daughter, **Tilly**. What is the problem with Gordon?

10 Complete the text with the words from the box.

likes (x3) like doesn't like 'd like loved a lot of (x2) some any many

Father and daughter – CELEBRITY CHEFS

Gordon Ramsay is a world famous chef. He has '**a lot of** Michelin stars – 16 in fact! His TV programmes, *Hell's Kitchen* and *Ramsay's Kitchen Nightmares*, are very popular. But there is sometimes a problem because Gordon uses so ² _____ bad words!

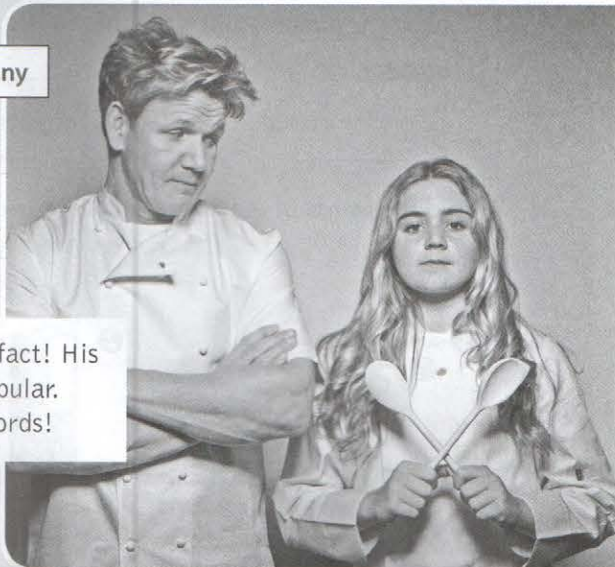
Now, Gordon's teenage daughter, Tilly, is a successful chef, too. She has her own cookery programme, *Matilda and the Ramsay Bunch*, on BBC TV, and a new cookbook called *Tilly's Kitchen Takeover*. Tilly doesn't use ³ _____ bad words when she's on TV!

Tilly's food is very different from the food at her dad's expensive restaurants. She ⁴ _____ cooking simple meals that are easy to make. She also likes helping people her age to learn to cook. Tilly ⁵ _____ preparing meals for her family and friends, too. She has some very famous friends! David and Victoria Beckham's children know the Ramsay family very well, and they often eat with them.

When Tilly was small she ⁶ _____ watching her dad cook, and she also met a lot of famous chefs – they often visited the busy Ramsay home. Tilly started cooking, and finally decided that she ⁷ _____ to be a chef, too.

Tilly is a big fan of social media. She has about 194,000 followers on Instagram. ⁸ _____ people, young and old, ⁹ _____ her recipes. Most of the time she ¹⁰ _____ chatting to them, but she ¹¹ _____ everything they say because ¹² _____ comments aren't very kind.

Her family love her recipes, too. They are very pleased with her success – especially her dad. He's very proud indeed.



11 Complete the questions and answers.

1 '**How many** Michelin stars does Gordon Ramsay have?'

'He has 16.'

2 'Why is there a problem on his TV programmes?'

'Because he uses so _____ bad words.'

3 'What sort of food _____ Tilly _____ cooking?'

'Simple _____ that are easy to make.'

4 'Who _____ Tilly meet when she was small?'

'_____ famous chefs.'

5 'How _____ Instagram followers does she have?'

'A lot – _____ 194,000.'

6 'Why doesn't she like all the comments on Instagram?'

'Because _____ of them aren't very kind.'

7 'Do just young people use Tilly's _____?'

'No, _____ people, young and old, use them.'

8.4 Listen and check.

Vocabulary

Daily needs

1 Look at the pictures and write the word.

1 adaptor

4 m

7 p

10 c

2 b

5 n

8 a

11 s

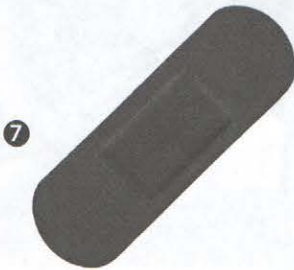
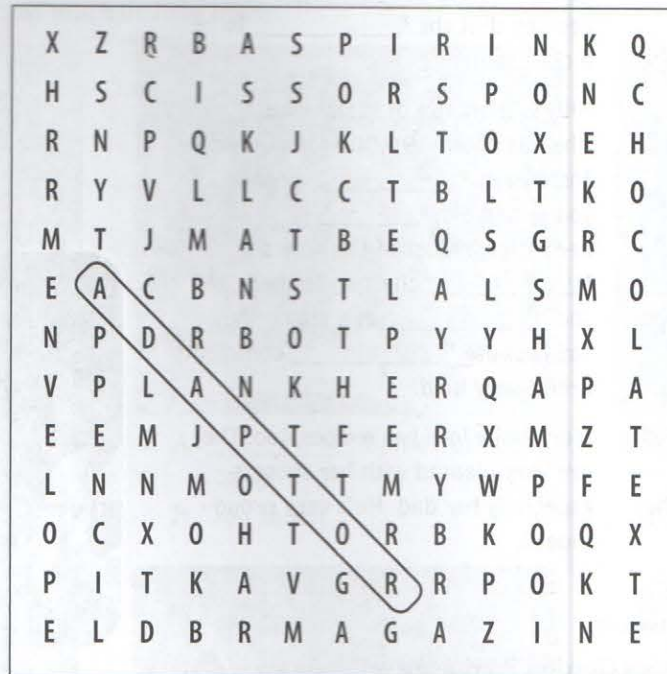
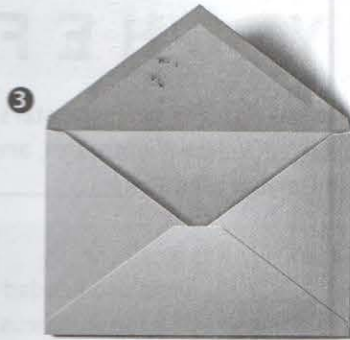
3 e

6 s

9 t

12 p

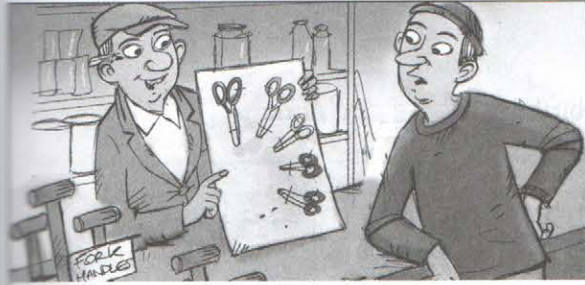
2 Find the words in the wordsearch.



Everyday English

Shopping in the High Street

Complete the conversations with the words from the box.



1 mean much ~~sort~~ understand

- A I'd like a pair of scissors, please.
 B What sort do you want?
 A Sorry. What do you _____?
 B Well, what do you want them for?
 A Ah! Now I _____. They're for my children.
 B OK. We have children's scissors in a lot of colours.
 A Great! How _____ are they?



2 too large many enough

- A Can I have some aspirin, please?
 B Do you want a _____ bottle or a small one?
 A How _____ are there in the large bottle?
 B Twenty-four.
 A No, that's _____ many.
 B There are twelve in the small one.
 A Twelve is _____, thanks. I'll have that one.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *-* (nothing).

- I like _____ vegetables.
- I'd like some vegetables, please.
- I like _____ bananas.
- I'd like _____ bananas, please.
- _____ coffee is my favourite drink.
- Would you like _____ coffee?
- I love _____ ice cream.
- Can I have _____ ice cream, please?

2 Complete the sentences below using the groups of words in the chart.

| | | |
|----------|------------|-------------------|
| Potatoes | is | chickens |
| Cheese | are | vegetables |
| Fruit | come from | Scotland |
| Eggs | comes from | made from milk. |
| Whisky | | full of vitamins. |

- Potatoes are vegetables.
- Cheese _____.
- Fruit _____.
- Eggs _____.
- Whisky _____.

3 Complete the questions with *How much ... ?* or *How many ... ?*

- How much _____ homework do you get?
- _____ English books do you have?
- _____ does a small cappuccino cost?
- _____ languages do you speak?
- _____ students are there in your class?
- _____ coffee do you drink a day?
- _____ children do you have?

4 Make sentences with *like* or *'d like*.

- I have all of Taylor Swift's songs on my playlist.
I like Taylor Swift.
- Holly thinks her house is too small.
She 'd like a big house.
- Barney has more than twenty cookbooks.
He _____.
- There's a good film on tonight.
I _____ watch it.
- We have four cats, two dogs, and five fish.
We _____ animals a lot.
- It's Jemima's birthday next week.
She _____ some new clothes for her birthday.

85 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

Go online to Check your progress.

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer. (30 marks)

- 1 Can you speak Spanish? No, _____.
a quite well b not at all c a little
- 2 Can Susan play the guitar? No, she _____.
a can't b couldn't c can
- 3 'Who _____ at the party last night?' 'Lots of people.'
a were b is c was
- 4 What _____ the capital of Thailand? Bangkok.
a 's b 're c was
- 5 The children _____ really tired today.
a was b is c are
- 6 'Where _____ you last night?' 'I was out with friends.'
a was b were c are
- 7 I _____ walk when I was one.
a can b could c can't
- 8 When she was three she could use an iPad, but she _____ read!
a could b can c couldn't
- 9 'What time did you _____ the party?' 'Midnight!'
a left b leaved c leave
- 10 I _____ Pete yesterday.
a see b seen c saw
- 11 We _____ a lot when I was young.
a travelled b did travel c travel
- 12 I _____ get up early this morning because it was Saturday.
a don't b didn't c not
- 13 I _____ the lesson. It was boring!
a not enjoy b didn't enjoy c enjoyed
- 14 'What's _____ name of this hotel?' 'The Dorchester.'
a the b - c a
- 15 I live in _____ London.
a - b the c a
- 16 My birthday is _____ 3rd April.
a at b in c on
- 17 My wedding anniversary is _____ June.
a at b in c on
- 18 What did you do _____ the weekend?
a at b in c on
- 19 There were no smartphones _____.
a last winter b thirty years ago
c two minutes ago
- 20 Can I speak to you _____ my homework?
a for b of c about
- 21 Is there football _____ TV tonight?
a on b at c in
- 22 I took Karen _____ flowers when she was in hospital.
a any b a little c some
- 23 There aren't _____ biscuits left!
a any b a little c some
- 24 I _____ an espresso and a croissant, please.
a like b love c 'd like
- 25 I'm not old _____ to get married.
a nearly b enough c quite
- 26 I hate maths. It's really _____.
a worrying b exhausting c interesting
- 27 Beth has an important exam today. She's so _____.
a interesting b worried c interested
- 28 Children get very _____ at Christmas time.
a excited b worried c exciting
- 29 Running a marathon is _____.
a worried b exhausted c exhausting
- 30 I like *The Times* because it's an _____ newspaper.
a exhausting b interested c interesting

Vocabulary

2 Match a verb in A with a noun or adverb in B. (20 marks)

| A | B |
|---------|-------------------|
| 1 ride | a _____ tennis |
| 2 play | b _____ a bike |
| 3 eat | c _____ healthily |
| 4 fly | d _____ a friend |
| 5 phone | e _____ a plane |

| A | B |
|----------|-------------------|
| 6 drive | f _____ a picture |
| 7 paint | g _____ a cake |
| 8 make | h _____ well |
| 9 get up | i _____ early |
| 10 feel | j _____ a car |

| A | B |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| 11 play | k _____ hard |
| 12 speak French | l _____ a cake |
| 13 sing | m _____ fluently |
| 14 work | n _____ the guitar |
| 15 eat | o _____ beautifully |

| A | B |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 16 have | p _____ chess |
| 17 ride | q _____ late |
| 18 watch | r _____ a horse |
| 19 play | s _____ breakfast |
| 20 get up | t _____ TV |

3 Underline the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

- | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1 ride | fly | drive | eat |
| 2 a bike | a plane | a car | a TV |
| 3 fruit | sugar | flour | egg |
| 4 milk | cheese | water | biscuit |
| 5 a slice of bread | a glass of water | a cup of tea | chocolate |
| 6 aspirin | shampoo | toothpaste | stamps |
| 7 magazine | newspaper | sausages | bar of chocolate |
| 8 sausages | stamps | chicken | steak |
| 9 shampoo | parcel boxes | stamps | foreign money |
| 10 post office | traffic lights | newsagent's | chemist's |
| 11 petrol station | park | post office | bank |
| 12 living room | dining room | garden | kitchen |
| 13 handbag | purse | phone | pen |
| 14 June | month | week | year |
| 15 later | nearly | again | some |

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)

1 A Can I help you?
B _____ I have an espresso, please?
A Of _____. Take a seat.

2 A Excuse me! _____ ask you something?
B What is it?
A _____ tell me what 'classroom' is in German?
B It's *Klassenzimmer*.

3 A _____ another chocolate biscuit, please?
B That's your third! OK. One more.
A _____ pass the plate?

4 A Is it your birthday _____ week?
B Yes. I can't wait!
A Is your birthday on the first of April?
B Yes, I know April the _____ is April Fools' Day!

5 A We went to the cinema last night.
B _____ see?
A The new James Bond film.
B _____ like it?
A Yes, it was great!

6 A Bye! Have a great _____!
B Thank you. And you. _____ on Monday.

7 A Did you have a _____ birthday party?
B Yes, thank you. It was brilliant!
A Did you invite _____ friends?
B Yes. I invited 15.

8 A Can I have a box of chocolates, please?
B _____ want a small box or a _____ box?
A How _____ are there in the small box?
B Twelve.
A Twelve is _____, thank you.

9 A I _____ a small ice cream, please.
B What flavour? I have chocolate, strawberry, vanilla, orange ...
A Orange ice cream? That's a bit different. Can I have _____ orange one please?

SCORE

| | |
|--|----|
| | 55 |
|--|----|

TOTAL

| | |
|--|----|
| | 85 |
|--|----|

- Comparative and superlative adjectives
- *have got*
- Compound nouns

- Prepositions
- Directions

Grammar

Comparative adjectives

1 Write the comparative adjectives.

| Adjective | Comparative |
|-----------|--------------|
| old | <u>older</u> |
| tall | _____ |
| hot | _____ |
| nice | _____ |
| polite | _____ |
| easy | _____ |
| pretty | _____ |
| exciting | _____ |
| beautiful | _____ |
| important | _____ |

2 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in **bold**.

- 1 It isn't very **warm** today. It was warmer yesterday.
- 2 Dave isn't very **funny**. His brother is much _____.
- 3 Cats are quite **friendly**, but dogs are a lot _____.
- 4 Your homework is **good**, but I think you can do _____.
- 5 The news is **bad**, but it could be _____.

3 Complete the sentences with a comparative adjective.

- 1 This flat is too old for me. I want somewhere more modern.
- 2 This TV programme is boring. Is there something _____ on another channel?
- 3 This jumper is too small. I need a _____ one.
- 4 My coffee is cold. Can I have a _____ one?
- 5 This lesson is so difficult. Yesterday, it was much _____.

4 Write four sentences about Pete and Anna using the comparative form of the adjectives from the box.

~~cheap~~ expensive new ~~old~~ near modern big

| Pete | Anna |
|---|--|
|  <p>Car £2000</p> |  <p>Car £25,000</p> |
|  <p>Flat £100,000 Town centre 5 minutes</p> |  <p>House £300,000 Town centre 45 minutes</p> |
| <p>1 <u>Pete's car is cheaper than Anna's car.</u></p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> | <p>1 <u>Anna's house is older than Pete's flat.</u></p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> |

have or have got

5 Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of *have got*.

1 I have a nice flat.

I've got a nice flat.

2 Does Paul have a motorbike?

Has Paul got a motorbike?

3 We have two children.

4 Do you have a dictionary?

5 My parents don't have a lot of money.

6 What colour hair does she have?

7 I don't have an English lesson today.

8 You're lucky. You have a good job.

do/does/have/has

6 Complete the conversations with *do*, *does*, *have*, or *has*.

1 'Have you got satellite TV?'

'Yes, I can get hundreds of channels.'

2 '_____ he have any children?'

'Yes, one daughter.'

3 'How much milk _____ we got?'

'We haven't got any.'

4 '_____ they have a nice house?'

'Yes, much nicer than ours.'

5 'What sort of car _____ she got?'

'I'm not sure. A Mini, I think.'

6 'What _____ you got on your head?'

'Oh! My glasses! There they are!'

7 'What _____ you have for breakfast?'

'Tea and toast, usually.'

8 '_____ you have a shower every morning?'

'Of course! Don't you?'

9.1 Listen and check.

Comparing two people

7 Use the information in 1–8 to complete the sentences about Anna and Pete.



| | Anna | | Pete |
|---|------------|------------------------------|------|
| 1 | 35 | age | 28 |
| 2 | 1.60 | height | 1.80 |
| 3 | no | bike | yes |
| 4 | a daughter | children | no |
| 5 | house | house/flat | flat |
| 6 | yes | good job | yes |
| 7 | 8 | work – number of hours a day | 10 |
| 8 | very | interesting job | OK |

1 Anna's **older than** Pete.

2 _____ taller _____.

3 _____ has got a bike, but _____ hasn't.

4 _____ a daughter, but _____ any children.

5 Pete's _____ a flat. Anna's _____ a house.

6 They've both got _____.

7 Pete _____ longer hours _____ Anna.

8 Anna's _____ a more interesting _____ Pete.

Comparative and superlative adjectives

8 Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

| | Adjective | Comparative | Superlative |
|----|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | cheap | <u>cheaper</u> | <u>the cheapest</u> |
| 2 | expensive | <u>more expensive</u> | <u>the most expensive</u> |
| 3 | young | _____ | _____ |
| 4 | happy | _____ | _____ |
| 5 | beautiful | _____ | _____ |
| 6 | big | _____ | _____ |
| 7 | busy | _____ | _____ |
| 8 | intelligent | _____ | _____ |
| 9 | bad | _____ | _____ |
| 10 | far | _____ | _____ |
| 11 | new | _____ | _____ |
| 12 | dangerous | _____ | _____ |

9 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.

1 family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest
I am the oldest in my family.

2 sister / me / my / than / younger / is

3 class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is / ?

4 passenger plane / was / Concorde / world / fastest / the / in / the

5 book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book

6 bought / expensive / shop / the / in / TV / most / Peter / the

7 cheapest / buy / you / shop / in / the / the / did / watch / ?

8 difficult / German spelling / English spelling / is / than / more / much

9 weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

10 Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them, then look at the key on page 63.



1 What is the longest (long) river in the world?
The Nile.



2 What is _____ (high) mountain in the world?



3 What is _____ (big) city in Australia?



4 What is _____ (popular) sport in the world?



5 What is _____ (small) country in the world?



6 Where is _____ (old) university in Europe?

Big cities, tiny homes

- 11 Read about some of the world's smallest apartments. Write the superlative of the adjective in brackets.

The world's smallest apartments



New York, Paris, and London are famous for having some of the world's ¹ most expensive (*expensive*) homes. However, the world's ² _____ (*large*) and ³ _____ (*rich*) cities also have some of the ⁴ _____ (*small*) apartments in the world.

New York has some of the ⁵ _____ (*luxurious*) apartments in the world. One of the largest is a 767 m² penthouse apartment. It's got one of the ⁶ _____ (*good*) views of Central Park in the city.

Only one block away is one of New York's smallest apartments. It's only 8.4 m², and is home to Felice Cohen. She likes her apartment because she pays the ⁷ _____ (*low*) rent for one of the ⁸ _____ (*nice*) locations in the city. Felice says she gets the 'full New York City experience for only \$700 a month', and she's near Central Park, the gym, and subways. She hasn't got a kitchen, but there is a fridge and a small oven. She says the bathroom is 'pretty big', and she's got space to do yoga!



Paris is one of the ⁹ _____ (*beautiful*) and romantic cities in the world because of its lovely old buildings. It also has one of the world's smallest apartments – but small can also be beautiful. At 8 m² it is 'petite', but pretty. It's also got one of the ¹⁰ _____ (*spectacular*) views in the city, overlooking the rooftops of Paris.

One of London's ¹¹ _____ (*tiny*) apartments was once a cupboard, and is only 5.6 m². It's got a tiny kitchen, a sofa bed and a shower that is also a wardrobe. It's small, but it isn't cheap. It is worth about £250,000. That's £44,600 a square metre – and there's no window!



- 12 Complete the questions about the apartments with the correct question words.

- '**Where** are some of the most expensive apartments in the world?'
'In New York, Paris, and London.'
- _____ lives in one of New York's smallest apartments?'
'Felice Cohen.'
- '_____ square metres is her apartment?'
'8.4 m²'
- '_____ does the apartment in Paris overlook?'
'The rooftops.'
- '_____ is the London apartment worth?'
'£250,000.'
- '_____ hasn't the London apartment got a nice view?'
'Because it hasn't got a window!'

9.2 Listen and check.

- 13 Complete the sentences with *has got*, *hasn't got*, *have got*, or *haven't got*.
- New York, Paris, and London _____ some of the world's most expensive apartments.
 - The penthouse in New York _____ an amazing view of Central Park.
 - Felice _____ a kitchen.
 - The three apartments in the text _____ much space.

Vocabulary

Compound nouns

1 Match a noun in A with a noun in B to make a compound noun.

town centre

| A | B |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1 town | a park |
| 2 railway | b agent |
| 3 traffic | c centre |
| 4 super | d office |
| 5 car | e station |
| 6 travel | f port |
| 7 post | g market |
| 8 air | h lights |

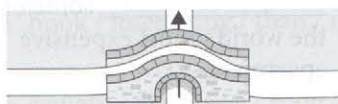
2 Complete the sentences with the correct compound noun from exercise 1.

- Can you buy some milk and bread when you go to the _____?
- I'm late for my train! Could you drive me to the _____?
- London's Heathrow is one of the biggest _____ in the world.
- We took the bus to the _____ to meet our friends at the shops.
- Happy Holidays is a great _____.

Prepositions

3 Look at the pictures. Write a preposition from the box.

over along past round up down through under



1 under the bridge



2 _____ the river



3 _____ the wood



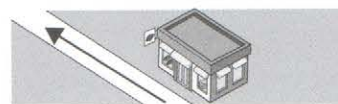
4 _____ the hill



5 _____ the hill



6 _____ the bridge



7 _____ the shop



8 _____ the bend

Everyday English

Directions

1 Find these things on the map. Write a number.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 3 car park | _____ farm |
| _____ bridge | _____ lake |
| _____ church | _____ wood |
| _____ park | _____ swimming pool |
| _____ railway station | |



2 Read the directions. Where are you?

Drive along Farm Road, past the farm and the pub, and turn left. Go down the hill and under the railway bridge. Turn left at the park, and go up the hill to the church. Turn right before the church, and go along the road until you come to the traffic lights. Go straight on at the traffic lights, and it's on the left.

9.3 Listen and check.

3 Now write the directions from the pool to the pub.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Write the opposites of the comparative and superlative adjectives.

| Adjective | Opposite |
|----------------|---------------|
| smaller | bigger |
| the cheapest | _____ |
| safer | _____ |
| faster | _____ |
| the dirtiest | _____ |
| most difficult | _____ |
| quieter | _____ |
| more boring | _____ |
| the best | _____ |
| more modern | _____ |

2 Correct the mistake in each sentence.

1 Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is gooder.

Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is better.

2 Jenny is prettiest girl in the class.

3 Who is intelligent student in your class?

4 Sally is older from Cathy.

5 Liam's a really expensive new car.

6 'Does they have a big house?' 'Yes, it's huge!'

7 'How many children do you have?'

'I haven't got.'

8 'Are we nearly there yet?'

'Don't worry. The hotel's just on the bend.'

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

in on at in front of

- The school is on the left.
- Turn right _____ the traffic lights.
- There's a statue _____ the main square.
- There are three people _____ the bus stop.
- The bus stop is _____ the chemist's.
- The river is _____ the bottom of the hill.
- The wood is _____ the top of the hill.
- The Millbank Hotel is _____ the right.
- _____ the end of the street, turn left.
- The mayor's office is _____ the town hall.

2 Which one is different?

1 airport railway station bus stop bank

2 mountain river church woods

3 where when what does

4 flat house kitchen penthouse

5 older taller smaller worse

6 funniest fastest easiest prettiest

7 in many on at


8 lovely disgusting beautiful pretty

9 big huge small enormous

10 chemist's post office newsagent's traffic lights

Answer key for exercise 10 page 60

| | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 the highest (Everest) | 5 the smallest (Vatican City) |
| 3 the biggest (Sydney) | 6 the oldest (Bologna) |
| 4 the most popular (football) | |

 Go online to Check your progress.

- Present Continuous and Present Simple
- -ing form
- Whose/Who's
- Possessive pronouns
- Describing people
- Social expressions (2)

Grammar Present Continuous

1 Complete the sentences about what the people are doing.



1 She's learning German.



2 He's _____ tennis.



3 I'm _____ a film.



4 He _____ an email.



5 She _____ spaghetti.



6 They _____ coffee.

2 Complete the questions about the people in exercise 1.

- 1 'What's she learning?' 'German.'
- 2 '_____?' 'Tennis.'
- 3 '_____?' 'A film.'
- 4 '_____?' 'An email.'
- 5 '_____?' 'Spaghetti.'
- 6 '_____?' 'Coffee.'

3 Complete the negative sentences about the people in exercise 1.

- 1 She isn't learning Greek.
- 2 _____ golf.
- 3 _____ the news.
- 4 _____ a letter.
- 5 _____ ice cream.
- 6 _____ orange juice.

4 Match a line in A with a line in B.

| A | | B |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 I'm working hard | because | a she's hungry. |
| 2 Jane's learning French. | | b we're going on holiday. |
| 3 The baby's crying | | c I need the money. |
| 4 Tom's studying hard | | d friends are coming for dinner. |
| 5 You're making a lot of mistakes | | e she's got a job in Paris. |
| 6 Ken and Sally are cooking | | f he has an exam soon. |
| 7 We're packing | | g you aren't listening. |

Spelling

5 Look at the spellings of these verbs + -ing and write the -ing forms below.

| | | | | | |
|-----|--------|-------|---------|------|----------|
| eat | eating | write | writing | swim | swimming |
|-----|--------|-------|---------|------|----------|

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1 make _____ | 6 sit _____ |
| 2 go _____ | 7 buy _____ |
| 3 drink _____ | 8 smile _____ |
| 4 do _____ | 9 run _____ |
| 5 drive _____ | |

Present Simple or Present Continuous?

6 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb once in the Present Simple and once in the Present Continuous.

speak

- Listen to Fiona! What language is she speaking?
- How many languages does she speak?

read

- I _____ a good book at the moment.
- I _____ in bed every night.

have

- Saira and Danny _____ a beautiful house.
- This party is great! I _____ a really good time.

not eat

- Clare _____ with us tonight. She isn't hungry.
- Vegetarians _____ meat.

get

- Brigitte is so spoilt. She always _____ everything she wants.
- Karen's not here at the moment. She _____ the children from school.

rain

- Oh no! It _____. We can't play tennis.
- It always _____ a lot in April.

think

- What _____ you _____ of the latest Bond film?
- You look worried. What _____ you _____ about?

7 Look at the pictures and answer the questions.

- What does **Pete** do?
He's a pilot.
- Does he fly passenger planes?
Yes, he does.
- Is he flying now?
No, he isn't.
- What's he doing?
He's going for a walk.



I'm a teacher.



5 What does **Alice** do?

- Does she teach maths?
Yes, _____.
- Is she teaching now?
_____.
- What's she doing?
_____ the cello.

9 What does **Nancy** do?

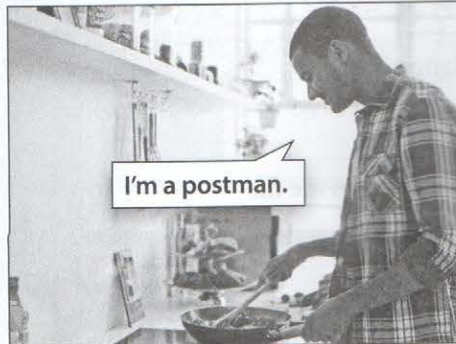
- Does she design buildings?
Yes, _____.
- Is she designing buildings now?
Yes, _____ a shopping centre.



12 What does **Mike** do?

- Does he deliver letters?
Yes, _____.
- Is he delivering letters now?
No, _____.
- What's he doing?
_____.

I'm a postman.



10.1 Listen and check.

8 Underline the correct verb form.

- 'Would you like some tea?' 'No, thanks. I don't like / I'm not liking tea.'
- 'Do you like Pete?' 'I'm thinking / I think he's a really nice guy.'
- 'Why don't you come out with us?' 'Sorry, I'm working / I work.'
- 'Sprechen Sie Deutsch?' 'Sorry, I don't understand / I'm not understanding.'
- 'Can I speak to Jo?' 'I'm afraid she has / she's having a shower.'

be or do?

- 9 Complete the sentence with *am/is/are* or *do/does/don't/doesn't*.
- 'Why is he always late?'
'Because he doesn't have a watch.'
 - 'Where _____ you going?'
'I _____ going to the bank.'
 - 'What time _____ she have lunch?'
'At 1.00, usually.'
 - 'I _____ looking for a pair of shoes.'
'What size _____ you take?'
 - 'Why _____ John eat meat?'
'Because he _____ a vegetarian.'
 - 'Comment vas-tu?'
'Sorry! I _____ speak French.'
 - 'What _____ you doing tonight?'
'We _____ going to the cinema.'
 - 'Why _____ Hans studying Chinese?'
'Because he _____ going to work in China.'

10.2 Listen and check.

-ing form as a noun

- 10 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with the *-ing* form of a verb from the box.

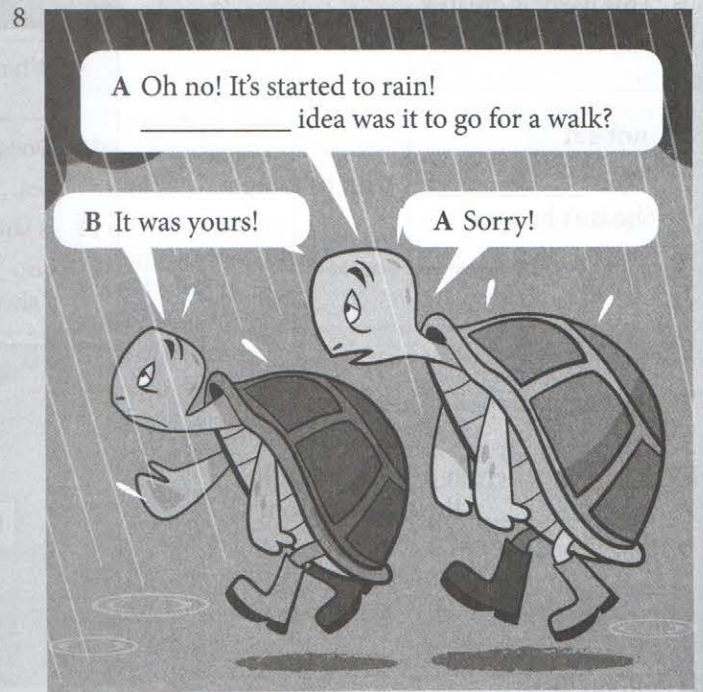
ski eyele live (x2) say run
cook learn drive

- Cycling in London can be dangerous.
- _____ a foreign language isn't easy.
- My favourite winter sport is _____.
- _____ three times a week keeps me fit.
- I prefer _____ in the town to _____ in the country.
- I hate _____ goodbye.
- _____ too fast is really dangerous.
- Your _____ is delicious.

Whose or Who's? / Possessive pronouns

- 11 Complete the sentences with *whose* or *who's*.

- A Who's coming shopping with me?
B I am.
- A _____ pink bag is this?
B It's mine.
- A _____ sitting next to Tom?
B Julia.
- A _____ the owner of the red car, registration MK17 DFH?
B Oops! Sorry! That's me.
- A _____ father comes from Canada?
B Bill's.
- A _____ is the car outside?
B It's theirs.
- A _____ sitting here?
B I think Grace is. She's gone outside for a minute.



10.3 Listen and check.

- 12 Rewrite the sentences with a possessive pronoun.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 It's my bike. | It's <u>mine</u> _____. |
| 2 That's your drink. | That's _____. |
| 3 It's Tom's cat. | It's _____. |
| 4 This is Anna's phone. | It's _____. |
| 5 It's our dog. | It's _____. |
| 6 It's Sue and Pete's house. | It's _____. |

Moments in time

13 It is 13.00 in London on June 1. Write the correct city, LA or Tokyo, for the times below.

a _____ 21.00

b _____ 05.00

14 Read the text. Underline the correct form of the verb.



Time zones

It's strange to think that when you are waking up in the morning, someone else in another part of the world is going to bed! The differences in time zones around the world can be just one hour, or twelve. We're all living the same moments, but at different times of the day!

It's 5.00 p.m. GMT on a Friday afternoon. So who is doing what, where, right now?



Darren ¹*lives / is living* and ²*works / is working* in London. He's a bus driver for London Transport, and ³*drives / is driving* double decker buses from Monday to Friday.

It's a cold, grey afternoon in London, and Darren's bus ⁴*gets / is getting* quite full because people ⁵*leave / are leaving* work for the day and it ⁶*rains / 's raining*. He ⁷*drives / 's driving* past the Houses of Parliament, and Big Ben is chiming five o'clock.

Darren usually ⁸*finishes / is finishing* work at 6.00 p.m. He ⁹*has / is having* a dog called Molly, and he always ¹⁰*takes / is taking* her for a walk when he gets home.



Carrie is an actress and a waitress. She ¹¹*has / is having* a small apartment in Los Angeles (LA). She ¹²*wants / 's wanting* to be a full-time actor, but it's difficult to find work. Today, she ¹³*works / 's working* as a waitress and she ¹⁴*serves / 's serving* customers at the Hollywood Diner in LA.

LA is eight hours behind London, so people ¹⁵*don't finish / aren't finishing* work, they ¹⁶*just start / are just starting*. It's nine o'clock in the morning and Carrie ¹⁷*serves / is serving* breakfast. She ¹⁸*also tries / 's also trying* to learn her lines for an audition in the afternoon. It's for a big part in a film. She really ¹⁹*wants / is wanting* this part. She ²⁰*doesn't like / isn't liking* her job at the diner.



Keiko is an English teacher. She ²¹*teaches / is teaching* at a junior high school in Tokyo. Japan is 8 hours ahead of London, so in Tokyo it's one o'clock on Saturday morning.

Keiko ²²*works / is working* very hard and she's very tired, but she can't sleep because there's a huge storm outside and it ²³*rains / 's raining*. At the moment, she ²⁴*reads / 's reading* a book and ²⁵*listens / is listening* to music. She ²⁶*waits / 's waiting* for the storm to finish so she can go to sleep. At least it's Saturday today and there's no school.

15 Complete the questions.

1 'What _____ Darren _____?' 'He's a bus driver.'

2 'Why _____ the bus _____ full?'

'Because people are leaving work.'

3 'Where _____ Darren _____?'

'He lives in London.'

4 'What time _____ he usually _____ work?'

'At 6.00 p.m.'

5 '_____ Carrie _____ in a big house?'

'No, she doesn't. She lives in a small apartment.'

6 'What _____ Carrie _____ now?'

'She's serving breakfast.'

7 '_____ she _____ her job at the diner?'

'No, she doesn't. She wants to be an actress.'

8 '_____ Keiko teach?'

'She teaches at a junior high school.'

9 '_____ she _____ hard?'

'Yes, she does. That's why she's tired.'

10 '_____ Keiko _____?'

'She's reading and listening to music.'

10.4 Listen and check.

Vocabulary

Describing people

Read and complete the descriptions using a word from the boxes.



Gareth

suit coat
curly boots
scarf shoes
short shirt
hat socks



Val

- Gareth is wearing a grey ¹ _____ with a white ² _____ and a tie. He's also wearing black ³ _____ and white ⁴ _____. He's got dark ⁵ _____ hair. He's very handsome.
- Val is wearing a long grey ¹ _____ with black ² _____. She's also wearing a ³ _____ and a ⁴ _____. She's got big eyes and ⁵ _____ fair hair. She's quite young.



Susie

leggings jeans
fair tall
jumper white
black T-shirt
trainers beard



Richard

- Susie is wearing grey ¹ _____ and ² _____ shoes with a stripy ³ _____. She's got long ⁴ _____ hair. She isn't very ⁵ _____. She's quite pretty.
- Richard is wearing ¹ _____ and a ² _____ ³ _____. He's also wearing ⁴ _____ with black socks. He's very tall. He's got a ⁵ _____ and short dark hair.

Everyday English

Social expressions (2)

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A

- I forgot to call you last night! Sorry!
- Dave and I are getting married!
- Can I speak to Jenny, please?
- Can I help you?
- I can't go out tonight. Sorry.
- Would you like to go to the cinema?
- The printer isn't working.
- Have a safe journey home!
- We're going out to a restaurant.
- Diego told me that I'm 'guapa'.
- I failed my driving test.
- My goldfish died.

B

- _____ No thanks, I'm just looking.
- 1 _____ Don't worry. It doesn't matter.
- _____ Never mind. Maybe another time.
- _____ What does that mean? I hope it's good!
- _____ Congratulations! That's great news!
- _____ Thanks! It was great seeing you!
- _____ Sorry, she's having a shower right now.
- _____ It's because there isn't any paper in it.
- _____ Have a good meal!
- _____ Oh dear! How sad.
- _____ Not again! That's the fourth time!
- _____ I'd love to!

10.5 Listen and check.

2 Now continue the conversations using a line in C.

C

- 1 _____ I didn't get home until quite late anyway.
- _____ I'm free on Friday if that's any good.
- _____ Oh, I think there's some in the cupboard.
- _____ Yes, I think it means 'beautiful'.
- _____ Could you give her a message?
- _____ Well, it means I'm getting lots of practice!
- _____ Lovely to see you too.
- _____ Well, let me know if you need anything.
- _____ Yes, it is. I'm going to get another one.
- _____ Yes, we're planning it for next summer.
- _____ It starts at 7.30 so we could meet up at 7?
- _____ We will.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

- going to – future plans and predictions
- Infinitive of purpose
- going to – future intentions
- The weather
- Making suggestions

Grammar

going to – future plans

1 Write a sentence about what these people are going to be, using the words from the box.

chef accountant ~~teacher~~ athletes in a band

- Sally is great with children.
She's going to be a teacher.
- Simon loves cooking.

- Alice is very good with numbers.

- Janet and Mel can run really fast.

- Matt is a good guitarist, and Sue has a good voice.



Questions and negatives

- Write questions using the correct form of *going to* and the prompts in brackets.
 - I'm going to a party next week. (What / you / wear?)
What are you going to wear?
 - Some friends are coming to dinner. (What / you / cook?)

 - We're going to the cinema tonight. (What / you / see?)

 - Pete and Val are going to Paris. (Where / they / stay?)

 - Alex got As in all his exams. (What / he / study / next year?)

 - They're buying a new car. (What make / buy?)

11.1 Listen and check.

- Answer the questions in exercise 2 with a negative sentence and a positive sentence, using the prompts.
 - not a skirt / a dress
I'm not going to wear a skirt. I'm going to wear a dress.
 - not meat / fish

 - a spy film / not a comedy

 - Spain / not Greece

 - maths / not history

 - not Volkswagen / Toyota

going to and the Present Continuous

With the verbs *go* and *come*, we usually use the Present Continuous.

We're **going to** Paris next week.

Joe and Tim **are coming** for lunch tomorrow.

NOT ~~We're going to go ...~~ ~~They're going to come ...~~

4 Gabby is going on holiday. Look at the chart. Make questions and answers about her holiday plans using *going to*.

1 Where's she going?

She **'s going to the Greek islands** .

2 How _____ ?

She _____ .

3 Where's _____ ?

She _____ .

4 How long _____ ?

She _____ .

5 What _____ ?

She _____ .

5 Claire and Bill are going to Zagreb next month. Look at the chart in 4 and complete the conversation. Use *going to* or the Present Continuous.

A Hi guys! Where are you going on holiday this year?

B **'We're going** to Zagreb, the capital of Croatia.

A Wow! Sounds interesting! How ² _____ to travel there?

B By plane. There are lots of really cheap flights.

A Where ³ _____ to stay?

C We're ⁴ _____ at the Jadran Hotel. It's only ten minutes from Zagreb Cathedral.

A That's nice. How long ⁵ _____ for?

C For a week.

A And what ⁶ _____ to do when you're there?

B Bill ⁷ _____ visit all the museums and churches and I _____ the local beer!

C We ⁸ _____ both _____ to a big music festival. There are lots of good bands playing.

11.2 Listen and compare.

5 Complete the negative sentences.

1 Claire and Bill **aren't going to** Russia. They're going to Croatia.

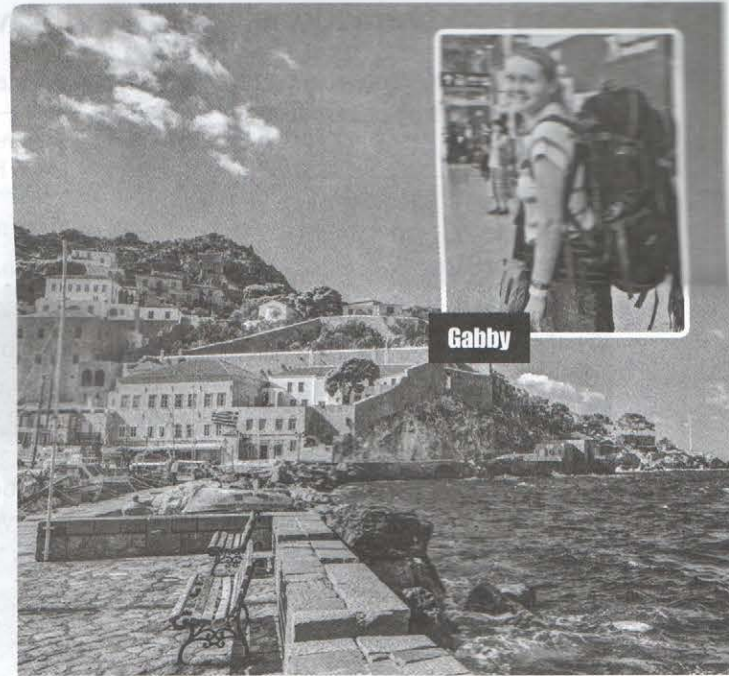
2 They _____ by train. They're going by plane.

3 They _____ with a family. They're going to stay in a hotel.

4 Gabby _____ to Spain. She's going to Greece.

5 She _____ by train. She's going by plane and ferry.

6 She _____ visit old churches. She's going to relax.



Gabby

| | Gabby | Claire and Bill |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1 Where/go | Greek islands | Zagreb, Croatia |
| 2 How/travel | plane and ferry | plane |
| 3 Where/stay | in a tent | Jadran Hotel |
| 4 How long/stay | two weeks | one week |
| 5 What/do | relax, swim, and read | visit St Mark's Church, go to a music festival |



Claire and Bill

going to – predictions

7 Complete the sentences with *going to* and a verb or phrase from the box.

late win a lovely day miss
a difficult week happen
have a baby

- 'What time is it?'
'It's 8.00! Get out of bed! You ***'re going to be late!***'
- 'What's the football score?'
'Liverpool 5, Arsenal 1. And there's only another ten minutes to play. Liverpool _____.'
- 'Why are you working on a Sunday?'
'I have exams on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. It _____.'
- 'Did you see the weather forecast?'
'Yes. It _____. Let's go for a picnic.'
- 'Oh dear! The traffic is really bad, and it's 20 miles to the airport.'
'Oh, no! We _____ the plane!'
- 'Are you reading a book at the moment?'
'Yes. It's a thriller. It's great – I have no idea what _____ in the end.'
- 'Did you see Silvia last weekend? She looks really well, doesn't she?'
'Yes, and she _____ in a few months!'

11.3 Listen and check.

Infinitive of purpose

8 Complete the sentences with *to* and an action from the box.

~~watch the news~~ open the door make an appointment
learn how to drive study English buy some bread and milk

- I turned on the TV ***to watch the news*** _____.
- I phoned the dentist _____.
- Jose came to England _____.
- I went to the supermarket _____.
- You need this key _____.
- I'm going to a driving school _____.

9 Read about Bob's busy day, and complete the sentences below, using an infinitive of purpose.



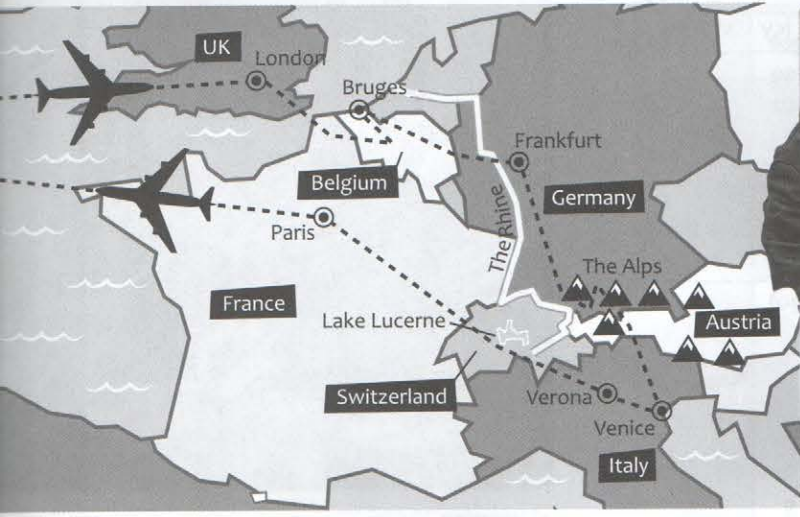
Bob's business trip

Last Tuesday, Bob was busy getting ready to go on a business trip to Geneva. He got up early to start his packing, and then he went online and he downloaded his boarding pass. Next, he spoke to his neighbour to ask her to feed the cat. Then he went to the bank to collect Swiss francs for his trip. When he got home, he rang for a taxi to take him to the airport. Then he went to his desk to get his passport and his laptop. At eleven o'clock, he left to go to the airport. In the taxi he read his emails to check the time of the meeting the next day. When he read his emails, he realized that the meeting was at eleven o'clock that day!

- He got up early ***to start his packing*** _____.
- He went online _____.
- He asked his neighbour _____.
- He went to the bank _____.
- He rang a taxi _____.
- He went to his desk _____.
- He read his emails _____.

going to – future intentions

Jim and Edna Biggs are from the US. They are planning a trip to Europe. Complete the text using the correct form of *going to*, and a verb from the boxes.



Seven countries in seven days!

start buy order look spend take have fly

1 THE USA TO THE UK

They ¹ *'re flying* to London where they ² _____ their European trip. They're ³ _____ the first night at the Ritz Hotel where they stayed on their honeymoon, all those years ago.

'I remember the Ritz was so romantic,' says Edna, 'There were red roses in our bedroom.'

'This time, I'm ⁴ _____ a bottle of Moët et Chandon champagne,' says Jim. 'Only the best for Edna.'

2 UK TO BELGIUM

From London, they ⁵ _____ the Eurostar train to Bruges. 'I remember Bruges was like Disneyland,' says Edna, 'so pretty, with its churches and market squares. I ⁶ _____ lots of Belgian chocolate to take home. Mmm!'

3 BELGIUM TO GERMANY

Then they're travelling by coach to Frankfurt and going on an evening cruise on the River Rhine. 'We ⁷ _____ a romantic dinner on the cruise' says Edna, 'I ⁸ _____ at the stars and remember our honeymoon forty years ago.'

need practise drive go have visit

4 GERMANY TO AUSTRIA

After that, they're hiring a car and they ⁹ _____ along Germany's famous 'Romantic Road' through the Alps to Austria. 'I'm a bit nervous about driving in the mountains,' says Jim.

5 AUSTRIA TO ITALY AND SWITZERLAND

From Austria, they're going to Venice, where they ¹⁰ _____ coffee in the famous Piazza San Marco. Next, Verona, where they ¹¹ _____ Romeo and Juliet's balcony. Then they're going to drive to Switzerland and spend the night by the beautiful Lake Lucerne.

6 SWITZERLAND TO FRANCE

The next day, they're taking the autoroute to Paris. 'I ¹² _____ my French in Paris,' says Edna. 'I'm having French lessons at home.'

7 FRANCE TO THE USA

After a night in Paris it's time to go home. They ¹³ _____ sightseeing in the morning, before going to the airport for their flight back to Iowa.

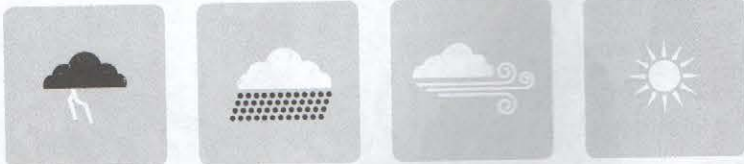
'I think we ¹⁴ _____ a holiday when we get home!,' says Edna.

Vocabulary

The weather

1 Write an adjective from the box under a picture.

sunny rainy windy snowy cloudy foggy icy stormy



1 stormy 2 _____ 3 _____ 4 _____



5 _____ 6 _____ 7 _____ 8 _____

2 Write an adjective from the box next to a picture.

hot warm cold cool wet dry



1 hot 2 _____ 3 _____



4 _____ 5 _____ 6 _____

3 **11.4** Listen and complete the conversations.

- A What's the weather like today?
B It's warm and sunny.
- A What's the weather _____ where you are?
B It _____.
- A What _____ the weather like yesterday?
B It _____.
- A What's the weather forecast for tomorrow?
B It's _____ to be _____.

Everyday English

Making suggestions



1 **11.5** Lara and Tim are on holiday. Listen and tick (✓) what they decide to do today.

- go into town
- go sailing
- go sightseeing
- go to the beach
- go to the swimming pool
- go shopping
- have lunch in the old town
- go swimming

2 **11.5** Listen again. Complete the lines from the conversation.

A What shall we do today?

B Why _____ to the beach again? I _____ to go swimming.

A _____ something different today!

A Well, we _____ into town. Why _____ a bus after breakfast? And I _____ at some shops.

B And then in the afternoon _____ to the beach!

A Perfect! _____ straight after breakfast.

Go online for more skills and language practice

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences prepositions from the box.

than from into in of (x2)
at for (x2) with (x2)

- I'm looking for Peter. Do you know where he is?
- France is much bigger _____ England.
- Our hotel is 50 metres _____ the sea.
- What's the longest river _____ the world?
- Let's go out _____ dinner! I feel like some Italian food.
- Look _____ this photo _____ me on holiday!
- Let's go _____ town and go shopping.
- Thank you for the present. It was very kind _____ you.
- I have a problem _____ my neighbours.
- Can you help me _____ this exercise?

2 Complete the sentences with the correct answer.

- I'm going to get my hair cut tomorrow.
a get b to get
- I need a dictionary _____ me with new words.
a for help b to help
- My daughter _____ live in Australia.
a is going to b are going to
- 'How are you going to _____ to the airport?' 'By taxi.'
a got b get
- I went into town _____ my friends.
a for to meet b to meet
- I _____ the party. I'm too tired.
a not go to b 'm not going to
- Polly went shopping _____ some new clothes.
a bought b to buy
- I _____ chocolate for a month because I'm on a diet.
a not eating b 'm not going to eat
- I lived in France for six months _____ French.
a and learn b to learn
- I go to work _____ money.
a for to earn b to earn

Vocabulary


1 Put the words and phrases in the correct column.

foggy ferry ~~visiting museums~~ taxi sightseeing
eating in restaurants cloudy icy windy
sunbathing stormy Eurostar bus evening cruise
swimming in the sea rainy plane

| Weather | Things you do on holiday | Types of transport |
|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| foggy | visiting museums | ferry |

2 Include one of the words or phrases from exercise 1 to complete the sentences.

- The quickest way to travel is usually by plane.
- It's going to be a _____ day. Make sure you take an umbrella.
- We took the _____ from London to Paris. It's great because it takes you right into the centre of Paris.
- On city breaks, my husband loves _____. He's very interested in national history. I prefer _____. I love trying different food.
- Have you got your headlights on? It's so _____, I can't see a thing!
- We love an _____ down the River Seine in Paris. It's so romantic looking at the stars.
- A I'll never get to the station in time. I'm going to miss my train!
B Don't worry - I'll phone for a _____.

 Go online to Check your progress.

- Present Perfect and Past Simple
- *ever, never, yet, and just*
- *been or gone?*

- *get and take*
- Transport and travel

Grammar

Present Perfect and Past Simple

- 1 Read about **Graham Clark**, a man who loves wine. Underline the correct verb form.

The man who bought a vineyard!

Nine years ago, Graham Clark, a bank manager from New York, ¹*went / has gone* on a two-week holiday to Mendoza, Argentina's main wine region. He ²*didn't return / hasn't returned* at the end of his holiday, and ³*lived / has lived* in Mendoza for nine years!

So what happened to make Graham move from New York to Mendoza?

'Well, ⁴*I really enjoyed / have enjoyed working* in a vineyard when I was a student, but I ⁵*thought / 've thought* other people owned vineyards, not someone like me', says Graham.

'On my first day in Mendoza, I ⁶*met / have met* Pablo and Lucia Perez. They ⁷*owned / have owned* vineyards in Mendoza for over thirty years! They ⁸*bought / have bought* a small vineyard when they got married and they told me it was the best thing they've ever done! They now have one of the largest vineyards in Argentina.'

So Graham ⁹*decided / has decided* to leave his life in New York. He ¹⁰*bought / has bought* 250 acres of land,



and, helped by Pablo, he ¹¹*opened / has opened* 'Vines of Mendoza' in 2010. Since then, he ¹²*bought / has bought* even more land and now owns three vineyards. Graham produces some of the best wine in Argentina and he ¹³*won / has won* lots of awards.

'I ¹⁴*didn't have / haven't had* any regrets. Owning a vineyard ¹⁵*was / has been* a wonderful experience,' says Graham. 'I was so lucky to meet Pablo and Lucia all those years ago. They ¹⁶*told / have told* me to go for it – and I did!

- 2 Complete the sentences about the text with the Present Perfect or Past Simple form of the verb in brackets.

- Graham first _____ to spend two weeks in Mendoza. (*plan*)
- He _____ back to his life in New York. (*never go*)
- Pablo and Lucia Perez _____ in Mendoza for a long time. (*live*)

- They _____ married over thirty years ago. (*get*)
- Pablo and Lucia _____ buying a vineyard. (*never regret*)
- Graham _____ three vineyards since 2010. (*buy*)
- Graham _____ working in vineyards. (*always enjoy*)



Belle from Canada

3 Read the answers from Belle, who is from Canada. Then write questions using the prompts.

- 1 ever / go to London?
'Have you ever been to London?'
'Yes, I have. Many times.'
- 2 ever / travel on underground?
'Have you ever travelled on the underground?'
'No, I haven't! I usually take a bus or a taxi.'
- 3 ever / see a play in a West End theatre?
'Yes, I have. I love going to the theatre.'
- 4 ever / have / toad in the hole?
'No, I haven't. Is it good?'
- 5 ever / go to Paris?
'Yes, I have. I love going there because I speak French.'
- 6 ever / visit Notre Dame Cathedral?
'No, I haven't, but I want to.'
- 7 ever / live in Europe?
'Yes. When I was a student, I lived in Berlin for six months.'

12.1 Listen and check.

4 Complete the sentences about Belle using the Present Perfect.

- 1 Belle's been to London.
- 2 She's never been on the underground.
- 3 _____ a play in the West End.
- 4 _____ never _____ toad in the hole.
- 5 _____ to Paris.
- 6 _____ never _____ Notre Dame.
- 7 _____ in Europe.

Time expressions

5 Complete the sentences using the Past Simple and the time expression in brackets.

- 1 I've seen the film. (*yesterday*)
I saw the film yesterday.
- 2 I've met Daniel Craig. (*two years ago*)
I _____ him in a restaurant _____.
- 3 I've read the Harry Potter books. (*last year*)
I _____ them all _____.
- 4 I've been to China. (*in 2004*)
I _____ there _____.
- 5 I've had dinner. (*before I came to class*)
I _____ a pizza _____.
- 6 I've booked a holiday in Spain. (*last night*)
I _____ it online _____.
- 7 I've lived in Paris. (*when I was 20*)
I _____ there _____.
- 8 I've done my homework. (*after I got home*)
I _____ it _____.
- 9 I've run the London Marathon (*last month*)
I _____ it _____.
- 10 I've written six job applications (*three weeks ago*)
I _____ them _____.

Pronunciation

6 12.2 Listen and circle the past participle that sounds different.

- 1 seen been sent eaten
- 2 told got cost lost
- 3 brought caught taught known
- 4 left dreamt felt heard
- 5 written driven hidden drawn
- 6 won shut put swum
- 7 grown flown lost chosen
- 8 stood put looked built

yet + question

7 Freddy is always late in the morning. Write his mother's questions using the prompts.



1 **get out of bed**

Mum Freddy! Have you got out of bed yet?
Freddy Yes, Mum!

2 **get dressed**

Mum _____?
Freddy Err ... No, Mum.

3 **brush your teeth**

Mum _____?
Freddy No, Mum.

4 **make your bed**

Mum _____?
Freddy Yes, Mum!

5 **have a shower**

Mum _____?
Freddy No, Mum.

6 **pack your school bag**

Mum _____?
Freddy No, Mum.
Mum Well, hurry up! You're going to be very late for school!

12.3 Listen and check.

yet + negative

8 Complete the sentences about what Freddy hasn't done yet.

- 1 He hasn't got dressed yet.
- 2 _____ teeth _____.
- 3 _____ breakfast _____.
- 4 _____ shower _____.
- 5 _____ school bag _____.

just

9 Write the words in the answers in the correct order.

- 1 'Are Pat and Peter here yet?'
just / arrived / Yes / They've
'Yes. They've just arrived.'
- 2 'Why are you so tired?'
I've / Because / just / work / finished / only
'_____.'
- 3 'Have you finished that book yet?'
only / I've / just / No / reading / started / it
'_____.'
- 4 'Can I speak to Zoe?'
afraid / just / out / gone / she's / I'm
'_____.'
- 5 'Am I too late for dinner?'
sit down! / Come / No / and / just / We've / started
'_____.'
- 6 'Your hair's very nice!'
just / I've / Thanks / had / cut / it
'_____.'

12.4 Listen and check.

been or gone?

10 Complete the sentences with *been* or *gone*.

- 1 Anna's not here. She's gone to work.
- 2 I've _____ to this restaurant lots of times.
- 3 Sorry, Diego isn't in. He's _____ to the shop.
- 4 The office is empty. Everybody has _____ home.
- 5 It's good to see you again! Where have you _____?
- 6 Do you like my hair? I've just _____ to the hairdresser's.
- 7 Sue's _____ to Paris for three weeks. She'll be back soon.

11 Read about Josie Dew, and underline the correct form of the verb.

Josie Dew – A cycling legend

When Josie Dew was young, she fell out of a car! Although she learned to drive when she was 17, she didn't have her own car until she was 41, because she preferred to cycle everywhere. She ¹rode / has ridden more miles than most of us will ever drive!



The beginning

Josie was still at primary school when she decided she ²wanted / has wanted to travel. So when she was 11, she ³started / she has started to go for long bike rides, and began cycling 40 to 50 miles every day.

Josie ⁴now cycled / has now cycled hundreds of thousands of miles. She ⁵visited / 's visited over 50 countries and she ⁶wrote / 's written seven books about her cycling experiences. She ⁷also had / 's also had three children, Molly, Daisy, and Jack – Josie ⁸was / has been a very busy woman!

Her seven books

Josie's first book, *The Wind in my Wheels*, ⁹came out / has come out in 1992. In this book, Josie ¹⁰wrote / has written stories about her travels across four continents and thirty-six countries, when she ¹¹rode / has ridden an amazing 80,000 miles! Josie ¹²wrote / has written another five books between 1992 and 2003.

In 2004, she ¹³spent / has spent nine months travelling around New Zealand. In 2006, after she ¹⁴had / has had her first child, Molly, she wrote her seventh book, *Long Cloud Ride*, about her incredible adventures in New Zealand.

Cycling with a family

Having three children hasn't stopped Josie from cycling – she ¹⁵was / has been busier than ever!

When Molly ¹⁶was / has been a tiny baby, Josie cycled 3,000 miles with Molly strapped to her bike. When Daisy was born in 2010, she still ¹⁷managed / has managed to cycle 6,500 miles! Her third child, Jack, was born in 2013, a few hours after she ¹⁸finished / has finished a cycle ride!

The future

Josie ¹⁹had / has had her own official website for many years now, and writes blogs for it. People are interested in how cycling, and not driving everywhere, works with family life. This year, they ²⁰spent / have spent the summer holidays in the Netherlands. And what about next year? Who knows? Josie is now in her fifties, but she has lots of cycling adventures still to come.



Vocabulary

get

1 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

married better wet ~~dressed~~ bored ready

- I'm still in my pyjamas. I haven't got dressed yet.
- My mother was quite ill, but she's getting _____ now.
- Martin and I are engaged. We're getting _____ next spring.
- I hate listening to conversations about politics. I get so _____.
- It rained yesterday. On my way home I got very _____.
- 'It's time to go!' 'I'm still getting _____.'

2 Complete the sentences with *get* in the correct form.

- Last night I left work at 7.00 and got home at 8.00.
- How long does it take to _____ to the airport?
- My train leaves at 11.00 and _____ to London at 2.30.
- Have a great holiday! Give me a ring when you _____ back.
- How many presents did you _____ for your birthday?

3 What does *get* mean in these sentences? Write *receive*, *buy*, *find*, *fetch*, or *catch*.

- Where did you get those jeans? *get* = buy
- What did you get for your birthday? *get* = _____
- I have no money, but I can't get a job! *get* = _____
- Sally's ill! Quick! Get a doctor! *get* = _____
- 'Did you walk here?' 'No, I got the bus.' *get* = _____

take

4 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

easy ~~place~~ test time off photo taxi

- The wedding took place in an old church.
- The quickest way home is to take a _____.
- 'It's very hot in here.' 'Take _____ your jumper.'
- We took an English _____ yesterday.
- I took this _____ of my kids on holiday last year. Aren't they cute?
- It takes a long _____ to build a business – years and years.
- When I'm on holiday, I like to relax and take it _____.

Everyday English

Transport and travel



Match a line in A with a line in B.

A

- Is our plane boarding yet?
- Do you need to check in?
- How many bags are you checking in?
- Passengers in rows 11–20 please board now.
- Does this bus go to the British Museum?
- A return ticket to Brighton, please.
- Can I get a day's travel card?
- Which platform does it go from?

B

- That's us. We're in row 12.
- 1 Yes, they've just announced it. Gate 17. Come on!
- Are you coming back today?
- No, you need the next bus coming, the 36.
- Platform 7. It's on the other side.
- Yes. You can use it on the train, the underground, and on buses.
- Just this one.
- No, I've already done it online.

12.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart with the Past Simple and Past Participle forms.

| Infinitive | Past Simple | Past Participle |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| be | <i>was/were</i> | <i>been</i> |
| travel | | |
| have | | |
| live | | |
| see | | |
| had | | |
| been | | |
| had | | |
| make | | |
| meet | | |
| take | | |
| buy | | |
| do | | |
| go | | |

2 Choose the correct answer.

- I _____ in Rome for two years when I was a student.
a lived b 've lived
- We _____ married for twenty years, and we're still in love!
a were b 've been
- 'Have you _____ been to New York?' 'No, never.'
a once b ever
- I _____ the Chicago marathon two years ago.
a 've run b ran
- 'Have you had lunch _____?' 'No, I'm really hungry.'
a yet b ever
- 'Is Jill here?' 'No, she's _____ to the shops.'
a gone b been
- I've just _____ a text from Tim. He's going to be five minutes late.
a taken b got
- Maisie _____ really good results in her exams.
a got b took
- 'Simon _____ his driving test yesterday.' 'Did he pass?'
a got b took
- '_____ your time, there's no need to rush. The film doesn't start till 8.00.'
a Take b Get

3 **EXTENSION** Write *the* or - (nothing) before the places.


- the United States.
- France
- _____ South America
- _____ United Kingdom
- _____ Russia
- _____ European Union
- _____ National Gallery
- _____ Buckingham Palace
- _____ Mississippi River
- _____ Europe
- _____ Alps
- _____ Mediterranean

Vocabulary

Complete the sentences with a phrasal verb from the box.

| | | | |
|----------|----------|------------|--------|
| turn on | put on | get up | try on |
| turn off | take off | look after | |
| take off | look for | come on | |

- What time do you get up _____ in the morning?
- Can you _____ the baby for a second?
- Could you _____ the TV? I want to watch the news.
- Your clothes are wet. _____ them _____!
- It's time to go! _____!
- I'd like to _____ this dress, please.
- I can't find my keys anywhere. Can you help me _____ them?
- It's time for bed. Can you _____ the lights?
- We are just driving to the airport. The plane doesn't _____ until 4 pm.
- Please could you _____ the books _____ the table?

 Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 9–12

Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer. (30 marks)

- 1 Rick's car is _____ mine.
a more fast than b the fastest c faster than
- 2 Pippa's house is _____ Anna's.
a moderner than
b more modern than
c the most modern
- 3 _____ you got a dog?
a Do b Are c Have
- 4 _____ they have any children?
a Do b Does c Have
- 5 Who is _____ person in your family?
a the taller b the most tallest c the tallest
- 6 Arabic is one of _____ languages to learn.
a more difficult than
b the difficultest
c the most difficult
- 7 The bank is _____ the right.
a in b at c on
- 8 The bus stop is _____ the end of the High Street.
a at b in c on
- 9 Go _____ the bend and the station is opposite you.
a through b down c round
- 10 'Where's Lara?' '_____ a meeting.'
a In b At c On
- 11 My son is _____ university.
a in b at c on
- 12 It _____ outside. Take your umbrella.
a 's raining b rains c does rain
- 13 Be quiet, please! I _____ to watch TV.
a try b tried c 'm trying
- 14 Sara _____ today because she's not feeling very well.
a not playing tennis
b doesn't play tennis
c isn't playing tennis
- 15 Jack _____ meat because he's a vegetarian.
a not eats b doesn't eat c isn't eating
- 16 I _____ I'll go to bed. I'm really tired.
a 'm thinking b think c I'm not thinking
- 17 'Why _____ Misa look so sad?' 'Because she failed her exam.'
a is b has c does
- 18 '_____ blue coat is this?' 'It's mine.'
a Whose b Who's c Who
- 19 'I'm really thirsty!' 'I _____ you a glass of water.'
a 'll get b do get c get
- 20 'What are Chris and Lisa doing at the weekend?'
'They _____ a 21st birthday party.'
a go to b 're going c 're going to
- 21 Sharon went shopping _____ some bread and milk.
a to buy b for to buy c for buy
- 22 The children really like _____ new teacher.
a there b their c they're
- 23 I think it's Ian and Sheila's cat. It looks like _____.
a their b theirs c ours
- 24 My mum helped me _____ my homework.
a about b for c with
- 25 They _____ in London for five years, now. They love it!
a 've lived b lived c are living
- 26 I _____ to bed at ten o'clock last night.
a went b 've gone c gone
- 27 I'm really hungry. I _____ for hours.
a didn't eat b I'm not eating c haven't eaten
- 28 Have you ever _____ to Australia?
a gone b went c been
- 29 Have you had dinner at that new restaurant _____?
a just b yet c ever
- 30 Julian _____ for a walk. He'll be back in 5 minutes.
a has been b is gone c has gone

SCORE

| | |
|--|----|
| | 30 |
|--|----|

Vocabulary

2 Match the comparative adjective with its opposite. (10 marks)

| comparative | opposite |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1 cheaper | a _____ dirtier |
| 2 newer | b _____ easier |
| 3 faster | c _____ worse |
| 4 safer | d _____ more expensive |
| 5 more difficult | e _____ slower |
| 6 better | f _____ more boring |
| 7 cleaner | g _____ older |
| 8 more interesting | h _____ further |
| 9 colder | i _____ warmer |
| 10 nearer | j _____ more dangerous |

3 Underline the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 1 big | expensive | more modern | clever |
| 2 in | on | at | through |
| 3 block of flats | house | church | mountain |
| 4 roundabout | traffic lights | pedestrian crossing | statue |
| 5 airport | bus stop | railway station | university |
| 6 pilot | actor | postman | sister |
| 7 Tokyo | London | France | Los Angeles |
| 8 dress | shoes | trainers | boots |
| 9 scarf | gloves | coat | shorts |
| 10 curly | fair | tall | long |
| 11 good looking | handsome | pretty | old |
| 12 ferry | plane | train | car park |
| 13 warm | icy | sunny | hot |
| 14 wet | snowy | rainy | dry |
| 15 get up | have a shower | get dressed | get ready |

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (15 marks)

1 A Excuse me, is there a chemist's near here?

B Turn right _____ the traffic lights and it's _____ the right, opposite the bank.

2 A Where's the petrol station?

B Go _____ the bend, _____ the hill, and it's at the bottom.

3 A Can I _____ you?

B No thanks. I'm just _____.

4 A I'm _____ married!

B _____! That's fantastic news!

5 A What's the weather _____ today?

B It's cold and wet.

6 A What's the weather forecast _____ tomorrow?

B It _____ to be hot and sunny.

7 A Have you _____ been to New York?

B Yes, I have. It's an amazing city.

8 A Is George here _____?

B Yes, he's just arrived.

9 A How many bags are you _____?

B Just the one.

10 A A _____ ticket to Manchester, please.

B Are you coming back today?

SCORE

| | |
|--|----|
| | 40 |
|--|----|

TOTAL

| | |
|--|----|
| | 70 |
|--|----|

Answer key

Unit 1 Nice to meet you!

Vocabulary

- 2 We're Chinese
- 3 She's Italian
- 4 They're Egyptian
- 5 I'm Spanish
- 6 He's Brazilian
- 7 They're French

Grammar

- 1 1 A Hello. My name's Lisa. What's your name?
B Gabriel.
A Where are you from, Gabriel?
B I'm from Brazil.
A Oh! Where in Brazil are you from?
B From Rio de Janeiro.
A Rio de Janeiro's amazing! Well, nice to meet you, Gabriel.
B Thank you. And you.
- 2 A Hello. What's your first name?
B My name's Carla.
A And what's your surname?
B Perkins.
A How do you spell that?
B P-E-R-K-I-N-S.
A And where are you from, Carla?
B I'm from Oxford.
A Thank you very much.

- 2 1 **Carla**
A What's her surname?
B Perkins.
A What's her first name?
B Carla.
A Where's she from?
B She's from Oxford, England.
A How old is she?
B She's 25.
A What's her phone number?
B 01764 293880.
A What's her email address?
B cperkins@mailsnet.com
A Is she married?
B No, she isn't.
- 2 **Gabriel**
A What's his surname?
B Santos.
A What's his first name?
B Gabriel.
A Where's he from?
B He's from Brazil.
A How old is he?
B He's 19.
A What's his phone number?
B 934 298 701.
A What's his email address?
B gsantos@mails.com
A Is he married?
B No, he isn't.
- 3 3 I'm
4 I'm not
5 They're
6 They aren't
7 It's
8 It isn't

- 4 2 mother's
3 sister's
4 brother's
5 cat's

- 5 3 is
4 P
5 is

- 6 3 go
4 live
5 live
6 go
7 have
8 like

Vocabulary

- 1 Across
3 brother
8 sister
9 wife
10 son
11 nephew
15 children

- 2 2 cold
3 old
4 good
5 young
6 easy
7 small
8 nice

- 3 1 sunny
2 difficult
3 friendly
4 beautiful
5 interesting
6 lovely

- 4 2 houses
3 Ellie
4 76
5 children
6 Marganne
7 go
8 like

- 5 2 Joe
3 George
4 Sandra

Everyday English

- 1 2 school
3 Can
4 day
5 help
6 this
7 on
8 Sleep

- 2 2 4
3 5
4 8
5 3

- 6 is
7 P
8 P

- Down
- 1 mother
 - 2 aunt
 - 4 husband
 - 5 grandmother
 - 6 niece
 - 7 grandfather
 - 12 parents
 - 13 father
 - 14 uncle

REVIEW

Grammar

| | Short form | Negative | Question |
|-----------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1 I am | I'm | I'm not | Am I ... ? |
| You are | You're | You aren't | Are you ... ? |
| He/She is | He's/She's | He isn't/She isn't | Is he/she ... ? |
| We are | We're | We aren't | Are we ... ? |
| They are | They're | They aren't | Are they ... ? |

- 2 2 my
3 Her
4 their
5 Their
6 His
7 your
8 our

Vocabulary

- 1 A day
E tea
I Hi!
O no
U you
R car
G me
J day
Q you
Y my
Z bed
- 2 1 ALICE
2 BISHOP
3 KELLY
4 LIZ JONES
5 pnash@tmail.com
6 jennyblack@bz.com
- 3 2 a French name
3 an English university
4 an international language
5 an Italian city
6 a Japanese TV

Unit 2 Work and family life

Grammar

- 1 1 He travels a lot.
2 She works in a hospital. She wears a uniform.
3 He interviews people. He writes news stories.
4 She works in a kitchen. She cooks Italian food.
5 She studies history. She goes to classes every day.
6 He works outside. He lives in the country.
- 2 2 lives

- 3 works
- 4 writes
- 5 earns
- 6 has
- 7 goes
- 8 does
- 9 studies
- 10 plays
- 11 watches
- 12 finishes

- 3 1 plays
- 2 teaches, writes
- 3 works, finishes
- 4 does, lives
- 5 has, watches
- 6 goes, studies

| /s/ | /z/ | /ɪz/ |
|--------|--|---------------------|
| writes | earns goes does has lives studies | watches finishes |

- 5 2 What time
- 3 What
- 4 Who
- 5 How
- 6 How many
- 7 How old
- 8 Why

- 6 2 has a shower
- 3 gets dressed
- 4 has breakfast
- 5 goes to work
- 6 starts work
- 7 has lunch
- 8 finishes work
- 9 gets home
- 10 has dinner
- 11 watches TV
- 12 goes to bed

- 7 2 does she have
- 3 does she work
- 4 does she start
- 5 does she have
- 6 does she do

- 8 2 She doesn't have coffee for breakfast. She has tea.
- 3 She doesn't start work at 10.00. She starts work at 9.00.
- 4 She doesn't have lunch with her sister. She has lunch with her friend.
- 5 She doesn't watch sport on TV. She watches Netflix.
- 6 She doesn't go to bed at 10.30. She goes to bed at 11.00.

- 9 2 stop
- 3 Eat
- 4 drink
- 5 watch

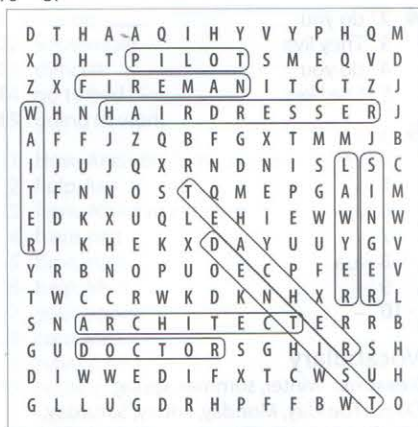
- 10 3 starts
- 4 takes
- 5 don't go
- 6 earns
- 7 works
- 8 don't go

- 11 2 do, they do
- 3 What time
- 4 How many, does
- 5 Does, doesn't
- 6 How long
- 7 Where do
- 8 Does, speak, doesn't, speaks
- 9 How much
- 10 What, go

Vocabulary

- 1 1 fireman
- 2 singer
- 3 hairdresser
- 4 doctor
- 5 teacher
- 6 pilot
- 7 dentist
- 8 architect
- 9 lawyer
- 10 waiter

- 2 2 -er
- 3 -or
- 4 -er
- 5 -or
- 6 -or
- 7 -er
- 8 -er
- 9 -er
- 10 -or



- 3 2 speak
- 3 wash
- 4 wear
- 5 play
- 6 drive
- 7 have
- 8 write
- 9 earn
- 10 tell
- 11 do
- 12 walk

Everyday English

- 1 2 2.15
- 3 ten o'clock
- 4 quarter past three
- 5 half past eight
- 6 twenty to two
- 7 six thirty
- 8 ten past twelve

- 2 1 about
- 2 just after
- 3 nearly

- 3 2 10.10
- 3 9.20
- 4 4.45
- 5 5.05
- 6 11.25

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 has
- 3 does
- 4 's/is
- 5 does
- 6 does
- 7 is
- 8 's/is
- 9 Does
- 10 has

- 2 2 doctor
- 3 finishes
- 4 earn
- 5 an
- 6 Where
- 7 on
- 8 studies

Vocabulary

- 3 verbs: goes, has, finishes, writes
- nouns: office, breakfast, ferry, weekend
- adjectives: beautiful, delicious, clever, interesting

Unit 3 Time off!

Vocabulary

- Across**
- Thursday
 - Wednesday
 - Friday
 - Monday

- Down**
- Sunday
 - Saturday
 - Tuesday

Grammar

- 1 1 comes
- 2 works
- 3 flies
- 4 earns
- 5 doesn't have
- 6 go
- 7 watch
- 8 have
- 9 don't take
- 10 collects
- 11 has
- 12 love

- 2 2 do, work
- 3 do
- 4 do, fly
- 5 do, earn
- 6 do, go
- 7 does, do
- 8 do, have

- 3 2 doesn't
- 3 don't
- 4 aren't
- 5 don't
- 6 doesn't
- 7 don't
- 8 doesn't

- 4 2 mean
3 want
4 come
5 understand
6 live
7 know
8 love, love
9 prefer
10 like

- 5 2 I sometimes go to the cinema.
3 We often go on holiday to France.
4 I never drink coffee in the morning.
5 I usually start work at 9.00.
6 Liz is often late for school.
7 My dogs are always hungry.

- 6 2 He usually goes to work by bus.
3 He sometimes has
4 He never works
5 He often goes

Vocabulary

- 1 2 d 4 a
3 e 5 b

- 2 3 go
4 go
5 play
6 play
7 play
8 go
9 play
10 go

- 3 **Seasons:** summer, autumn, winter

- 4 Donna: summer
Bjorn: spring
Aroon: winter

- 5 1 to the beach.
2 with her dad.
3 on the beach.
4 Norway.
5 December, January and February.
6 skiing.
7 3.
8 February.
9 They sing and dance.

- 6 2 delicious
3 thirsty
4 interesting
5 happy
6 hungry
7 busy
8 bored

- 7 2 to/by
3 with/in
4 for/in
5 of/on/in
6 to
7 for
8 on
9 at/on
10 in

Everyday English

- 2 d m
3 a j
4 e l
5 f p

- 6 g n
7 c k
8 h o

REVIEW

Grammar

1

| | Positive | Negative | Questions |
|--------|----------|--------------|-------------------|
| I | live | don't live | Do I live? |
| You | live | don't live | Do you live? |
| He/She | lives | doesn't live | Does he/she live? |
| We | live | don't live | Do we live? |
| They | live | don't live | Do they live? |

- 2 2 is/s
3 are
4 am/m
5 does
6 is/s

- 3 2 He never goes to bed early.
3 She sometimes works late. / Sometimes she works late.
4 I'm always hungry in the morning.
5 I usually get up at seven o'clock.

- 4 2 do you
3 They live
4 do you
5 She likes

- 5 3 -
4 an
5 a
6 a, -
7 -
8 a, a
9 -
10 -

Vocabulary

- Seasons:** winter, summer, spring
Days: Tuesday, Monday, Friday, Saturday, Wednesday
Months: June, August, October, March, September
Activities: running, cycling, skiing, playing tennis, surfing
Adverbs: sometimes, often, never, usually

Unit 4 Somewhere to live

Vocabulary

- 1 1 bathroom
2 bedroom
3 kitchen
4 living room

- 2 2 p 12 h
3 i 13 g
4 c 14 j
5 r 15 o
6 a 16 f
7 n 17 t
8 s 18 d
9 m 19 q
10 e 20 l
11 k

Grammar

- 1 3 There's
4 There's
5 There aren't
6 There's
7 There's
8 There isn't

- 2 2 Are there
3 There are
4 Is there
5 there's
6 Are there
7 there aren't
8 there are
9 Is there
10 there is
11 Is there
12 there isn't
13 there's

- 3 2 outside
3 in
4 below
5 on
6 next to
7 opposite
8 above
9 near

- 4 2 any, any, some
3 any, a lot of
4 any, some
5 any, some
6 any, some

- 5 2 that
3 This
4 those
5 These
6 those

- 7 1 Washington DC
2 200
3 The President and his family live
4 is

- 8 2 ✓
3 X The Oval Office has three windows.
4 X The desk isn't a gift from Queen Elizabeth. It was a gift from Queen Victoria.
5 X There aren't more kitchens than bathrooms. There are five kitchens and 35 bathrooms.
6 ✓

- 9 3 Yes, there is.
4 No, there isn't.
5 Yes, there are.
6 No, there isn't.
7 Yes, there are.
8 No, there isn't.

Everyday English

- 1 b 70
c 68
d 20
e 260
f 810
g 2,000
h 15,000

- 2** a one
b thirteen
c seventy-three
d eighty-nine
e a hundred and fifty
f One thousand, five hundred and twelve

- 3** a 308
b 51
c 28
d 670
e 1,500
f two and a half

- 4** b £10
c £6.50
d 80p
e €100
f €58
g \$450
h \$12

- 5** 2 The book is £7.99.
3 The TV is \$499.
4 The shoes are €145.
5 The sunglasses are £39.
6 The magazine is £1.75.

REVIEW

- 1** 2 are
3 isn't
4 is
2 2 any, aren't
3 those
4 that
5 These
6 a lot of

- 3** 4 at
5 at
6 in
7 in
8 at
9 on
10 in

- 4** 2 sofa
3 fruit
4 diary
5 lipstick
6 lamp
7 key
8 garden
9 tea pot
10 clothes

- 5** 3 lovely
4 horrible
5 bad
6 fantastic
7 fabulous
8 terrible
9 really bad
10 wonderful

Stop and check Units 1-4

- | | |
|--------------|------|
| 1 1 b | 9 b |
| 2 c | 10 c |
| 3 b | 11 b |
| 4 c | 12 b |
| 5 a | 13 a |
| 6 b | 14 c |
| 7 c | 15 c |
| 8 a | 16 a |

- | | |
|------|------|
| 17 b | 22 b |
| 18 c | 23 a |
| 19 a | 24 c |
| 20 b | 25 c |
| 21 c | |

- 2** 1 autumn
2 December
3 chef
4 student
5 summer
6 winter
7 January
8 play
9 flight attendant
10 go
11 October
12 walk
13 farmer
14 do
15 teacher

- 3** 1 bedroom
2 bath
3 bed
4 fruit
5 Italy
6 Paris
7 Germany
8 parents
9 sister
10 women
11 boring
12 September
13 difficult
14 go to bed
15 going to work

- 4** 1 How, And you /How are you
2 help, just
3 from, Nice/I'm pleased
4 have, just
5 time, rush
6 help, What's
7 your, yours
8 cold, idea
9 Have, Same
10 really, pleased

Unit 5 Super U!

- 1** 2 can't ride, can't do
3 can bake, can't play
4 can speak, can't play
5 can't ride, can't
6 can ride a motorbike
7 can bake cakes
8 can do card tricks

- 2** 2 can
3 can't
4 Can
5 can't
6 Can
7 can, can't
8 can't

- 3** 2 Can Peter run, he can
3 Can Alice cook, she can
4 Can you ride, can't, can drive
5 Can you do, can

- 4** 3 I can speak German quite well.
4 He can speak Russian a little bit.

- 5 We can look after ourselves very well.
6 I can sing really well.
7 They can't ski at all.
8 I can understand Arabic a little bit.

- 5** 1 lamps
2 TV
3 glasses
4 table

- 6** 1 £99.99
2 £379.99
3 £65
4 £410

- 7** 1 were
2 was
3 were
4 was

- 8** 2 Could
3 couldn't
4 couldn't
5 couldn't
6 could, Could

- 9** 2 couldn't
3 was
4 can't
5 weren't
6 can't

- 10** 2 wasn't
3 wasn't
4 was
5 Were
6 weren't
7 weren't
8 was
9 was
10 was
11 was
12 was
13 could
14 was

- 11** 2 musician
3 student
4 three
5 the earth went round the sun
6 at home
7 see

- 12** 1 Italian.
2 An astronomer and philosopher.
3 1564.
4 The University of Padua.
5 No, he wasn't.
6 Moons going round the planet Jupiter and the planet Venus going round the sun.
7 Because they were different from the ideas in the Bible.

- 13** 2 and
3 but
4 because
5 so
6 but
7 because
8 and

Vocabulary

1 Across

- 3 ride
- 5 play
- 7 watch
- 8 speak
- 9 sing
- 10 cook
- 12 drive
- 13 paint

Down

- 1 fly
- 2 jump
- 4 eat
- 5 phone
- 6 dance
- 7 walk
- 8 swim
- 9 sleep
- 11 run

2

- 2 watch
- 3 cooks
- 4 swim
- 5 rides
- 6 don't eat
- 7 sleep
- 8 play

3

- 2 petrol station
- 3 sun glasses
- 4 motorway
- 5 handbag
- 6 bus stop
- 7 car park
- 8 business woman
- 9 traffic lights
- 10 book shop / book store

Everyday English

- 1 could you, Of course
- 2 Could I, Of course, Could you
- 3 Can I, Could you, the problem
- 4 could I, Can you, Can I have

REVIEW

Grammar

- 2 She can't speak English.
- 3 Can you play chess?
- 4 They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 He can't cook at all.
- 6 She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

- ride: a horse, a motorbike
 run: a marathon, a race
 send: a text, an email
 make: dinner, a cake
 do: your homework, an exam
 play: chess, football, the piano, the guitar

Unit 6 Lessons in life

- 1 2 loved
- 3 started
- 4 looked
- 5 needed
- 6 worked
- 7 asked
- 8 offered
- 9 moved
- 10 missed
- 11 scored
- 12 received

- 2 did he love
- 3 did he start
- 4 did his father work

- 5 did he need
- 6 did he receive

- 3 2 didn't play
- 3 didn't look
- 4 didn't work
- 5 didn't stay

4

| /t/ | /d/ | /ɪd/ |
|---------|-----------|---------|
| looked | offered | started |
| watched | played | needed |
| talked | received | visited |
| stopped | moved | |
| liked | agreed | |
| worked | scored | |
| | opened | |
| | stayed | |
| | enjoyed | |
| | travelled | |
| | died | |

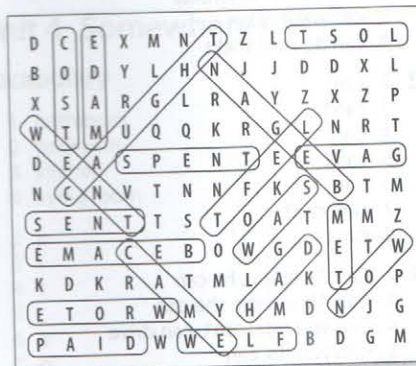
- 5 2 watched
- 3 moved
- 4 wanted
- 5 started
- 6 earned
- 7 talked
- 8 died

- 6 2 yesterday afternoon
- 3 last year
- 4 last week
- 5 yesterday evening
- 6 last September
- 7 last Friday
- 8 yesterday morning

- 7 1 two minutes ago
- 2 this morning
- 3 yesterday evening
- 4 the day before yesterday
- 5 last winter
- 6 ten years ago
- 7 in 1996

- 8 3 the
- 4 the
- 5 -
- 6 the
- 7 the, the
- 8 the
- 9 -
- 10 the
- 11 -
- 12 the

9



- 10 2 met
- 3 left
- 4 saw
- 5 bought
- 6 sent
- 7 made
- 8 had

- 11 2 went
- 3 became
- 4 sang
- 5 saw
- 6 told
- 7 met
- 8 took
- 9 got
- 10 had
- 11 sent
- 12 couldn't/could not

- 12 2 he was 17
- 3 1960
- 4 200 concerts
- 5 *Abbey Road*
- 6 1970
- 7 Central Park

- 13 2 did his mother die
- 3 did John go
- 4 did The Beatles start
- 5 did they first go
- 6 did they stop
- 7 did John marry
- 8 did they move
- 9 did John and Yoko write
- 10 did Mark Chapman shoot

Vocabulary

- 1 2 annoyed
- 3 excited
- 4 bored
- 5 tired
- 6 worried
- 7 frightened
- 8 exhausted

- 2, 3 2 dr
- 3 an
- 4 fq
- 5 bp
- 6 gm
- 7 il
- 8 eo
- 9 hj

- 4 3 bored
- 4 boring
- 5 excited
- 6 exciting
- 7 annoying
- 8 annoyed
- 9 worried
- 10 worrying
- 11 exhausted
- 12 exhausting

Everyday English

- 1 25th twenty-fifth
- 10th tenth
- 1st first
- 19th nineteenth
- 30th thirtieth

- 3rd third
9th ninth
5th fifth
12th twelfth

- 2 2 5 June 2010
3 23 February 1968
4 12 October 2018
5 19 May 2000
6 27 November 1980
7 4 August 1975
8 15 March 2015

- 3 2 March the tenth
3 May the fifteenth
4 June the second
5 the fourteenth of July
6 the third of August
7 the eighth of September
8 the fifth of November

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Regular: visit / visited, enjoy / enjoyed,
paint / painted, travel / travelled,
stay stayed

Irregular: write / wrote, leave / left,
buy / bought, do / did, see / saw,
go / went, take / took, have / had,
come / came, meet / met

- 2 2 was
3 Did
4 didn't
5 Were
6 did
7 didn't
8 Were
9 had
10 Did
11 had
12 do
13 Does

Unit 7 Remember when ...

- 1 The Clipper Race is a sailing boat (yacht) race
round the world.

- 2 2 took
3 wanted
4 started
5 was
6 left
7 began
8 arrived
9 felt
10 slept
11 applied
12 did
13 thought

- 3 2 did ... take
3 did ... start
4 did ... leave
5 did ... arrive
6 did ... feel
7 did ... do
8 did ... think

- 4 2 It didn't leave from Southampton. It left
from Plymouth.
3 They weren't all men. There were women
too.

- 4 He didn't sail to South Africa. He didn't
have enough money.
5 He didn't meet his wife when he was
eighteen. He met her when he was eight.
6 He didn't have two children. He just had
one daughter.
7 He didn't win £6,000. He won £5,000.
8 He didn't win his second solo race. He
came fourth.

- 5 2 f 8 i
3 c 9 a
4 h 10 g/e
5 d 11 k
6 e/g 12 j
7 l

- 6 2 What time did you get up this morning?
3 What did you have for dinner last night?
4 How did you travel here today?
5 How long did it take?
6 Who was the girl I saw you with/with you
yesterday
7 Why did you go home early?
8 How much did your phone cost?

- 7 1 2 Did you
3 did you have
4 Was it
2 1 was it
2 How many
3 did Alison wear
4 Did you have

- 8 2 in
3 -
4 in
5 at
6 -
7 on
8 in
9 on
10 in
11 on
12 in
13 at
14 -
15 in

- 9 2 5 minutes ago
3 3 days ago
4 13 days ago
5 5 months ago
6 a/one week ago
7 10 years ago

- 10 2 did, Pittsburgh, 1905
3 were, 4,000
4 did, half an hour
5 did, Bible

- 11 2 Why, the sunshine and scenery
3 What, Westerns
4 When, 1914
5 How many, About 800
6 Which, Charlie Chaplin
7 When, 1927
8 Who, Judy Garland

Vocabulary

- 1 3 bad
4 badly
5 carefully

- 6 careful
7 slowly
8 slow
9 beautiful
10 beautifully

- 2 2 early
3 late
4 fast
5 well

Everyday English

- 1 B Happy, Year
A Goodbye, new

- 2 B card
B party
A came, presents
B a present, Here, birthday

- 3 A big day
B in
A ring
B like it
A invitation, hello

- 4 B surprise
A your
A flowers
A my

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 didn't go
3 didn't pass
4 didn't stay
5 didn't have
6 didn't enjoy

- 2 2 What time did you get up this morning?
3 I wrote some emails this morning.
4 I didn't go to work last week because I
was on holiday.
5 My parents got married in 1983.
6 Where did you go to school?
7 We didn't go to Tim's party because we
were too tired.
8 I went to university in the 1990s.
9 Why did you go to the shops?
10 We didn't live in a big house when I was
young.

- 3 2 didn't go
3 badly
4 on
5 did
6 were
7 slow
8 didn't work

Vocabulary

Adjectives: bad, beautiful, fast, glamorous, rich,
American, exciting

Adverbs: slowly, early, fast, carefully, quietly

Nouns: cinema, actor, birthday, movie,
Hollywood

Time expressions: on Saturday, at six o'clock, last
year, in 2019, on 20th May

Unit 8 Love it or hate it!

Vocabulary

1 Vegetables: onion, peas, broccoli, carrot
Meat: beef, bacon, ham, sausage
Fruit: banana, orange, tomato, strawberry, raspberry
Dairy products: cheese, butter, yoghurt

2 ●● chicken, yoghurt, sausage, pasta
●●● broccoli, strawberry, raspberry
●●● potato, tomato, banana

3 2 C 10 U
3 U 11 C
4 C 12 U
5 U 13 C
6 U 14 U
7 C 15 C
8 C 16 U
9 U

4 2 an
3 some
4 a, a
5 some, a
6 a
7 some
8 some
9 an, a
10 some, an

Grammar

1 2 likes going
3 eating, likes cooking dinner
4 likes swimming, likes sightseeing
5 like reading

2 2 d
3 a
4 c
5 f
6 g
7 e
8 h

3 2 would you like to drink
3 would you like to go
4 would you like to
5 would you like to see
6 would you like

4 1 a
2 a
3 b
4 a
5 b
6 a

5 2 'd like
3 I'd like
4 Would ... like
5 We like
6 She'd like
7 He likes

6 2 any
3 any
4 some
5 any
6 any
7 any
8 some, any

9 some
10 any

7 2 some ice
3 some petrol
4 any stamps
5 any eggs
6 some chips
7 some friends
8 any food

8 2 How much
3 How much
4 How many
5 How much
6 How many

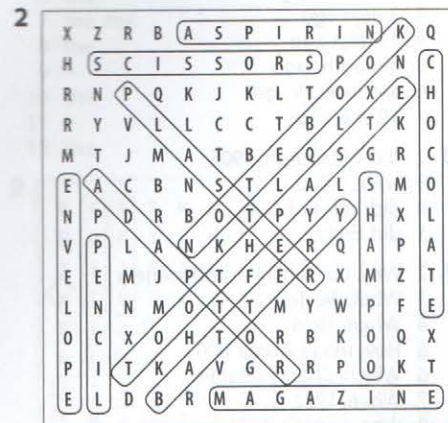
9 He uses so many bad words.

10 3 any
4 likes
5 likes
6 loved
7 'd like
8 A lot of
9 like
10 likes
11 doesn't like
12 some

11 2 many
3 does, like, meals
4 did, A lot of
5 many, about
6 some
7 recipes, a lot of

Vocabulary

1 2 battery
3 envelope
4 magazine
5 notebook
6 shampoo
7 plaster
8 aspirin
9 toothpaste
10 chocolate
11 scissors
12 pencil



Everyday English

1 mean, understand, much
2 large, many, too, enough

Review

Grammar

1 3 -
4 some
5 -
6 a/some
7 -
8 an/some

2 2 is made from milk.
3 is full of vitamins.
4 come from chickens.
5 comes from Scotland.

3 2 How many
3 How much
4 How many
5 How many
6 How much
7 How many

4 3 likes cooking
4 'd like to
5 like
6 'd like

Stop and check Units 5-8

1 1 b 16 c
2 a 17 b
3 c 18 a
4 a 19 b
5 a 20 c
6 b 21 a
7 b 22 c
8 c 23 a
9 c 24 c
10 c 25 b
11 a 26 b
12 b 27 b
13 b 28 a
14 a 29 c
15 a 30 c

2 1 b 11 n
2 a 12 m
3 c 13 o
4 e 14 k
5 d 15 l
6 j 16 s
7 f 17 r
8 g 18 t
9 i 19 p
10 h 20 q

3 1 eat
2 a TV
3 fruit
4 biscuit
5 chocolate
6 stamps
7 sausages
8 chicken
9 shampoo
10 traffic lights
11 school
12 garden
13 handbag
14 June
15 some

- 4 1 Can, course
2 May I/Could I/Can I, Could you
3 Could I have, Could you
4 this/next, first
5 What did you, Did you
6 time, See you
7 good, many
8 Do you, large, many, enough
9 'd like, an

Unit 9 Life in the city

Grammar

- 1 taller
hotter
nicer
more polite
easier
prettier
more exciting
more beautiful
more important
- 2 2 funnier
3 friendlier
4 better
5 worse
- 3 2 more interesting
3 bigger
4 hotter/warmer
5 easier
- 4 Possible answers:
Pete's flat is more modern than Anna's house.
Pete lives nearer the town centre than Anna.
Pete's flat is nearer the town centre than Anna's house.
Pete's car is older than Anna's car.
Pete's flat is cheaper than Anna's house.
Anna's car is more expensive than Pete's car.
Anna's car is newer than Pete's car.
Anna's house is bigger than Pete's flat.
Anna's house is more expensive than Pete's flat.
Anna lives further from the town centre than Pete.
Anna's house is further from the town centre than Pete's flat.
- 5 3 We've got two children.
4 Have you got a dictionary?
5 My parents haven't got a lot of money.
6 What colour hair has she got?
7 I haven't got an English lesson today
8 You're lucky. You've got a good job.
- 6 2 Does
3 have
4 Do
5 has
6 have
7 do
8 Do
- 7 2 Pete's taller than Anna
3 Pete has got a bike, but Anna hasn't.
4 Anna's got a daughter, but Pete hasn't got any children.
5 Pete's got a flat. Anna's got a house.
6 They've both got good jobs.
7 Pete works longer hours than Anna.
8 Anna's got a more interesting job than Pete.

- 8 3 younger, the youngest
4 happier, the happiest
5 more beautiful, the most beautiful
6 bigger, the biggest
7 busier, the busiest
8 more intelligent, the most intelligent
9 worse, the worst
10 further, the furthest
11 newer, the newest
12 more dangerous, the most dangerous

- 9 2 My sister is younger than me.
3 Who is the oldest in the class?
4 Concorde was the fastest passenger plane in the world.
5 Your book is more interesting than my book. / My book is more interesting than your book.
6 Peter bought the most expensive TV in the shop.
7 Did you buy the cheapest watch in the shop?
8 English spelling/German spelling is much more difficult than German spelling / English spelling.
9 The weather today is much better than yesterday.

- 10 2 the highest (Everest)
3 the biggest (Sydney)
4 the most popular (football)
5 the smallest (Vatican City)
6 the oldest (Bologna)

- 11 2 largest
3 richest
4 smallest
5 most luxurious
6 best
7 lowest
8 nicest
9 most beautiful
10 most spectacular
11 tiniest

- 12 2 Who
3 How many
4 What
5 How much
6 Why

- 13 1 have got
2 has got
3 hasn't got
4 haven't got

Vocabulary

- 1 2 railway station
3 traffic lights
4 supermarket
5 car park
6 travel agent
7 post office
8 airport

- 2 1 supermarket
2 railway station
3 airports
4 town centre
5 travel agent

- 3 2 along
3 through
4 up

- 5 down
6 over
7 past
8 round

Everyday English

- 1 1 swimming pool
2 church
3 car park
4 park
5 railway station
6 bridge
7 wood
8 lake
9 farm

2 You are at the swimming pool.

3 Go out of the swimming pool. Turn right. Drive along until you get to the traffic lights. Go straight on past the park and turn left. Go past the school and under the bridge. Turn right. It's on the right.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 the cheapest – the most expensive
safer – more dangerous
faster – slower
the dirtiest – the cleanest
the most difficult – the easiest
quieter – louder/more noisy
more boring – more interesting
the best – the worst
more modern – older
- 2 2 Jenny is **the** prettiest girl in the class.
3 Who is **the most** intelligent student in your class?
4 Sally is older **than** Cathy.
5 Liam's **got** a really expensive new car.
6 **Do** they have a big house?' 'Yes, it's huge!'
7 'How many children do you have?'
'I haven't got **any**.'
8 'Are we nearly there yet?'
'Don't worry. The hotel's just round the bend.'

Vocabulary

- 1 2 at
3 in
4 at
5 in front of
6 at
7 at
8 on
9 At
- 2 1 bank
2 church
3 does
4 kitchen
5 worse
6 fastest
7 many
8 disgusting
9 small
10 traffic lights

Unit 10 What are you up to?

Grammar

- 1** 2 's playing
3 'm watching
4 's writing
5 's eating
6 're drinking
- 2** 2 What's he playing
3 What are you watching
4 What's he writing
5 What's she eating
6 What are they drinking
- 3** 2 He isn't playing
3 I'm not watching
4 He isn't writing
5 She isn't eating
6 They aren't drinking
- 4** 2 e
3 a
4 f
5 g
6 d
7 b
- 5** 1 making
2 going
3 drinking
4 doing
5 driving
6 sitting
7 buying
8 smiling
9 running
- 6** 3 'm reading
4 read
5 have
6 'm having
7 isn't eating
8 don't eat
9 gets
10 's getting
11 's raining
12 rains
13 do you think
14 are you thinking
- 7** 5 She's a teacher
6 she does
7 No, she isn't
8 She's playing
9 She's an architect
10 she does
11 she's designing
12 He's a postman
13 he does
14 he isn't
15 He's cooking
- 8** 2 I think
3 I'm working
4 I don't understand
5 she's having
- 9** 2 are, 'm
3 does
4 'm, do
5 doesn't, is/'s
6 don't
7 are, 're
8 is/'s, 's/is
- 10** 2 Learning
3 skiing
4 Running
5 living, living
6 saying
7 Driving
8 cooking
- 11** 2 Whose
3 Who's
4 Who's
5 Whose
6 Whose
7 Who's
8 Whose
- 12** 2 yours
3 his
4 hers
5 ours
6 theirs
- 13** a Tokyo 21.00
b LA 05.00
- 14** Darren:
1 lives
2 works
3 drives
4 is getting
5 are leaving
6 's raining
7 's driving
8 finishes
9 has
10 takes
Carrie:
11 has
12 wants
13 's working
14 's serving
15 aren't finishing
16 are just starting
17 is serving
18 's also trying
19 wants
20 doesn't like
Keiko:
21 teaches
22 works
23 's raining
24 's reading
25 is listening
26 's waiting
- 15** 1 does, do
2 is, getting
3 does, live
4 does, finish
5 Does, live
6 's, doing
7 Does, like
8 Where does
9 Does, work
10 What's, doing now

Vocabulary

- 1 Gareth:**
1 suit
2 shirt
3 shoes
4 socks
5 curly

2 Val:

- 1 coat
2 boots
3 hat
4 scarf
5 short

3 Susie:

- 1 leggings
2 black
3 jumper
4 fair
5 tall

4 Richard:

- 1 jeans
2 white
3 T-shirt
4 trainers
5 beard

Everyday English

- 2 e
3 g
4 a
5 c
6 l
7 h
- 8 f
9 i
10 d
11 k
12 j

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1** 2 sometimes
3 now, later
4 never
5 at the moment
6 sometimes
7 every day
8 today
- 2** 2 Playing tennis is fun.
3 Studying for your exams is important.
4 Going to different countries is interesting.
5 Speaking English is useful.

3

| Subject | Possessive adjective | Possessive pronoun |
|---------|----------------------|--------------------|
| I | my | mine |
| you | your | yours |
| he | his | his |
| she | her | hers |
| we | our | ours |
| they | their | theirs |

4

- 2 on
3 on
4 at
5 at
6 in
7 at
8 in
9 at
10 on
11 in
12 at

Vocabulary

Clothes: trousers, socks, coat, jacket, boots, shorts, a top
Appearance: fair, tall, curly hair, young, beard, short, green eyes, long hair

- 5 No. Come and sit down! We've just started.
6 Thanks. I've just had it cut.

- 10** 2 been
3 gone
4 gone
5 been
6 been
7 gone
- 11** 2 wanted
3 started
4 has now cycled
5 's visited
6 's written
7 's also had
8 has been
9 came out
10 wrote
11 rode
12 wrote
13 spent
14 had
15 has been
16 was
17 managed
18 finished
19 has had
20 spent

Vocabulary

- 1** 2 better
3 married
4 bored
5 wet
6 ready
- 2** 2 get
3 gets
4 get
5 get
- 3** 2 receive
3 find
4 fetch
5 catch
- 4** 2 taxi
3 off
4 test
5 photo
6 time
7 easy

Everyday English

- 2 h 6 c
3 g 7 f
4 a 8 e
5 d

REVIEW

Grammar

| Infinitive | Past Simple | Past Participle |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|
| be | was/were | been |
| travel | travelled | travelled |
| have | had | had |
| live | lived | lived |
| see | saw | seen |
| make | made | made |
| meet | met | met |
| take | took | taken |
| buy | bought | bought |
| do | did | done |
| go | went | been |

- 2** 1 a 6 a
2 b 7 b
3 b 8 a
4 b 9 b
5 a 10 a
- 3** 3 -
4 the
5 -
6 the
7 the
8 -
9 the
10 -
11 the
12 the

Vocabulary

- 2 look after
3 turn on
4 Take them off
5 Come on
6 try on
7 look for
8 turn off

Stop and Check Units 9-12

- 1** 1 c 16 b
2 b 17 c
3 c 18 a
4 a 19 a
5 c 20 c
6 c 21 a
7 c 22 b
8 a 23 b
9 c 24 c
10 b 25 a
11 b 26 a
12 a 27 c
13 c 28 c
14 c 29 b
15 b 30 c

- 2** 1 d 6 c
2 g 7 a
3 e 8 f
4 j 9 i
5 b 10 h

- 3** 1 clever
2 through
3 mountain
4 statue
5 university
6 sister
7 France
8 dress
9 shorts
10 tall
11 old
12 car park
13 icy
14 dry
15 have a shower

- 4** 1 at, on
2 round, down
3 help, looking
4 getting, Congratulations
5 like
6 for, 's going
7 ever
8 yet
9 checking in
10 return

Irregular verbs

| Base form | Past Simple | Past participle | Base form | Past Simple | Past participle |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|
| be | was/were | been | hurt | hurt | hurt |
| become | became | become | know | knew | known |
| begin | began | begun | learn | learned/learnt | learned/learnt |
| bite | bit | bitten | leave | left | left |
| break | broke | broken | lie | lay | lain |
| bring | brought | brought | lose | lost | lost |
| buy | bought | bought | make | made | made |
| can | could | been able | meet | met | met |
| catch | caught | caught | pay | paid | paid |
| choose | chose | chosen | put | put | put |
| come | came | come | read /ri:d/ | read /red/ | read /red/ |
| cost | cost | cost | ride | rode | ridden |
| cut | cut | cut | ring | rang | rung |
| do | did | done | run | ran | run |
| drink | drank | drunk | say | said | said |
| drive | drove | driven | see | saw | seen |
| eat | ate | eaten | sell | sold | sold |
| fall | fell | fallen | send | sent | sent |
| feed | fed | fed | shut | shut | shut |
| feel | felt | felt | sing | sang | sung |
| fight | fought | fought | sit | sat | sat |
| find | found | found | sleep | slept | slept |
| fly | flew | flown | speak | spoke | spoken |
| forget | forgot | forgotten | spend | spent | spent |
| forgive | forgave | forgiven | steal | stole | stolen |
| get | got | got | swim | swam | swum |
| give | gave | given | take | took | taken |
| go | went | been/gone | teach | taught | taught |
| grow | grew | grown | tell | told | told |
| have | had | had | think | thought | thought |
| hear | heard | heard | understand | understood | understood |
| hide | hid | hidden | wear | wore | worn |
| hit | hit | hit | win | won | won |
| hold | held | held | write | wrote | written |

Phonetic symbols

Consonants

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 /p/ as in pen /pen/ | 9 /s/ as in son /sʌn/ | 17 /w/ as in want /wɒnt/ |
| 2 /b/ as in big /bɪg/ | 10 /z/ as in zoo /zu:/ | 18 /θ/ as in thanks /θæŋks/ |
| 3 /t/ as in tea /ti:/ | 11 /l/ as in live /lɪv/ | 19 /ð/ as in the /ðə/ |
| 4 /d/ as in do /du:/ | 12 /m/ as in my /maɪ/ | 20 /ʃ/ as in she /ʃi:/ |
| 5 /k/ as in cat /kæt/ | 13 /n/ as in near /nɪə/ | 21 /ʒ/ as in television /ˈteləvɪʒn/ |
| 6 /g/ as in go /gəʊ/ | 14 /h/ as in happy /ˈhæpi/ | 22 /tʃ/ as in child /tʃaɪld/ |
| 7 /f/ as in four /fɔ:/ | 15 /r/ as in red /red/ | 23 /dʒ/ as in German /ˈdʒɜ:mən/ |
| 8 /v/ as in very /ˈveri/ | 16 /j/ as in yes /jes/ | 24 /ŋ/ as in English /ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/ |

Vowels

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 25 /i:/ as in see /si:/ | 32 /ɔ:/ as in morning /ˈmɔ:nɪŋ/ |
| 26 /ɪ/ as in his /hɪz/ | 33 /ʊ/ as in football /ˈfʊtbɔ:l/ |
| 27 /i/ as in twenty /ˈtwenti/ | 34 /u:/ as in you /ju:/ |
| 28 /e/ as in ten /ten/ | 35 /ʌ/ as in sun /sʌn/ |
| 29 /æ/ as in stamp /stæmp/ | 36 /ɜ:/ as in learn /lɜ:n/ |
| 30 /ɑ:/ as in father /ˈfɑ:ðə/ | 37 /ə/ as in letter /ˈletə/ |
| 31 /ɒ/ as in hot /hɒt/ | |

Diphthongs (two vowels together)

| |
|----------------------------------|
| 38 /eɪ/ as in name /neɪm/ |
| 39 /əʊ/ as in no /nəʊ/ |
| 40 /aɪ/ as in my /maɪ/ |
| 41 /aʊ/ as in how /haʊ/ |
| 42 /ɔɪ/ as in boy /bɔɪ/ |
| 43 /ɪə/ as in hear /hɪə/ |
| 44 /eə/ as in where /weə/ |
| 45 /ʊə/ as in tour /tʊə/ |

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